



# BASIC PYTHON SYNTAX

## 1. Print to Console

```
In [5]: print("Hello, World !")
```

```
Hello, World !
```

## 2. Variable Assignment:

```
In [5]: print("Hello, World !")
```

```
Hello, World !
```

```
In [7]: a = "Pushkar sonkar "  
a
```

```
Out[7]: 'Pushkar sonkar '
```

## 3. Commenting:

```
In [10]: # This is single line comment
```

## 4. Multiline Comment:

```
In [20]: ''' This is a multi-line comment! '''
```

```
Out[20]: ' This is a multi-line comment! '
```

## 5. Input from User:

```
In [25]: name = input('enter your name:')
```

## 6. Check Data Types:

```
In [28]: type(a)
```

```
Out[28]: str
```

## 7. Type Casting:

```
In [31]: int("10"),float("10.5"),str(100)
```

```
Out[31]: (10, 10.5, '100')
```

# DATA STRUCTURES

## 1. List (Array):

```
In [37]: my_list = [1,2,3,4,5]  
my_list
```

```
Out[37]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

## 2. Access List item:

```
In [43]: my_list[3]
```

```
Out[43]: 4
```

## 3. List Slicing:

```
In [46]: my_list[1:4]
```

```
Out[46]: [2, 3, 4]
```

## 4. Add Item to List:

```
In [64]: my_list.append(6)  
my_list.append(3)  
my_list.append(2)
```

## 5. Remove item from List:

```
In [66]: my_list.remove(2)  
my_list
```

```
Out[66]: [1, 4, 5, 6, 6, 3, 6, 3]
```

## 6. Tuple:

```
In [70]: my_Tuple = (1,2,3,4)
my_Tuple
```

```
Out[70]: (1, 2, 3, 4)
```

## 7. Set:

```
In [73]: my_Set = {1,2,3,4}
my_Set
```

```
Out[73]: {1, 2, 3, 4}
```

## 8. Dictionary:

```
In [78]: dict = {'key1': 'val1', 'key2': 'val2'}
dict
```

```
Out[78]: {'key1': 'val1', 'key2': 'val2'}
```

## 9. Access Dictionary Value:

```
In [81]: dict['key1']
```

```
Out[81]: 'val1'
```

## 10. Add Key-Value Pair:

```
In [84]: dict['key3'] = 'val3'
dict
```

```
Out[84]: {'key1': 'val1', 'key2': 'val2', 'key3': 'val3'}
```

# CONTROL FLOW

## 1. If Statement:

```
In [90]: x=11
if x>10: print('x is greater than 10')
```

```
x is greater than 10
```

## 2. If-Else Statement:

```
In [111... y=6
if y>10 : print('y is high')
else : print('y is low ')
```

y is low

## 3. Elif Statement:

```
In [114... y=6
if y>10 : print('y is high')
elif y>5 : print('y is avg')
else : print('y is low ')
```

y is avg

## 4. For Loop:

```
In [154... for i in range (5):
    print(i)
```

0  
1  
2  
3  
4

## 5. While Loop:

```
In [142... x = 0
while x < 10 :
    x+=1
    print(x)
```

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10

## 6. Break:

```
In [151... for i in range (5):  
            if i==3:  
                break  
            print(i)
```

```
0  
1  
2
```

## 7. Continue:

```
In [159... for i in range (5):  
            if i==3:  
                continue  
            print(i)
```

```
0  
1  
2  
4
```

# FUNCTIONS

## 1. Define Functions:

```
In [172... def my_function (x):  
            print('hello from function!',x)  
  
            my_function(10)
```

```
hello from function! 10
```

## 2. Functions with Parameters:

```
In [175... def greet(name):  
            print("Hello,", name)  
  
            greet("Pushkar")
```

```
Hello, Pushkar
```

## 3. Return Value From Function:

```
In [179... def add(a, b):
```

```
    return a + b

result = add(5, 3)
print("Sum is:", result)
```

Sum is: 8

## 4. Lambda Function:

A lambda function is a small, anonymous function in Python (doesn't need a name). It can have any number of arguments but only one expression.

```
In [183... # lambda arguments: expression
square = lambda x: x**2
print(square(5))
```

25

# String Manipulation

## 1. Find Substring

```
In [189... "Hello, World!".find("World")
```

Out[189... 7

## 2. Replace Substring

```
In [192... "Hello, World!".replace("World", "Python")
```

Out[192... 'Hello, Python!'

## 3. Split String

```
In [195... "Hello, World!".split(",")
```

Out[195... ['Hello', ' World!']

# FILE HANDLING

## 1. Open a File

```
In [ ]: file = open("example.txt", "r")
```

## 2. Read File

```
In [ ]: content = file.read()
```

## 3. Read Line by Line

```
In [ ]: lines = file.readlines()
```

## 4. Write to a File

```
In [209... file = open("example.txt", "w")  
file.write("Hello, World!")
```

```
Out[209... 13
```

## 5. Close a File

```
In [216... file.close()
```

# LIST COMPREHENSION

## 1. Basic List Comprehension

```
In [223... squares = [x**2 for x in range(5)]  
squares
```

```
Out[223... [0, 1, 4, 9, 16]
```

## 2. List Comprehension with Condition

```
In [228... evens = [x for x in range(10) if x % 2 == 0]  
evens
```

Out[228... [0, 2, 4, 6, 8]

# ERROR HANDLING

## 1. Try-Except Block

```
In [234... try:
    with open("example.txt", "r") as file:
        content = file.read()
        print(content)
except FileNotFoundError:
    print("File not found")
```

Hello, World!

## 2. Finally Block

```
In [238... try:
    x = 10 / 0
except ZeroDivisionError:
    print("Error: Division by zero")
finally:
    print("This runs always")
```

Error: Division by zero  
This runs always

# WORKING WITH LIBRARIES

## 1. Importing a Library

```
In [242... import math
```

## 2. Using a library function

```
In [245... print(math.sqrt(16))
```

4.0

### 3. Install a Library (run in terminal, not inside Python)

In [248... `pip install pandas`

```
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/site-packages (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.26.0 in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas) (1.26.4)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas) (2024.1)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas) (2023.3)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas) (1.16.0)
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

### 4. Import Specific Function

In [253... `from math import sqrt`  
`print(sqrt(25))`

5.0

## NUMPY FOR NUMERICAL OPERATIONS

In [256... `import numpy as np`

### 1. Create NumPy Array

In [273... `arr = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])`  
`arr`

Out[273... `array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])`

### 2. Array Reshaping

In [276... `reshaped = arr.reshape(5, 1)`  
`print(reshaped)`

```
[[1]
 [2]
 [3]
 [4]
 [5]]
```

### 3. Array Operations

```
In [279... arr2 = np.array([10, 20, 30, 40, 50])
           print(arr + arr2)
```

```
[11 22 33 44 55]
```

### 4. Array Slicing

```
In [282... print(arr[1:4])
```

```
[2 3 4]
```

### 5. Array Statistics

```
In [285... print("Mean:", np.mean(arr))
           print("Median:", np.median(arr))
           print("Std Dev:", np.std(arr))
```

```
Mean: 3.0
```

```
Median: 3.0
```

```
Std Dev: 1.4142135623730951
```

## PANDAS FOR DATA HANDLING

```
In [288... import pandas as pd
```

### 1. Create DataFrame

```
In [291... df = pd.DataFrame({"Name": ["Alice", "Bob"], "Age": [25, 30]})
           print(df)
```

```
   Name  Age
0  Alice   25
1   Bob   30
```

### 2. Read CSV File

```
In [298... df = pd.read_csv('IPL.csv')
```

df

Out[298...

	match_id	date	venue	team1	team2	stage	toss_winner	to
0	1	March 26,2022	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai	Chennai	Kolkata	Group	Kolkata	
1	2	March 27,2022	Brabourne Stadium, Mumbai	Delhi	Mumbai	Group	Delhi	
2	3	March 27,2022	Dr DY Patil Sports Academy, Mumbai	Banglore	Punjab	Group	Punjab	
3	4	March 28,2022	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai	Gujarat	Lucknow	Group	Gujarat	
4	5	March 29,2022	Maharashtra Cricket Association Stadium,Pune	Hyderabad	Rajasthan	Group	Hyderabad	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
69	70	May 22,2022	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai	Hyderabad	Punjab	Group	Hyderabad	
70	71	May 24,2022	Eden Gardens, Kolkata	Gujarat	Rajasthan	Playoff	Gujarat	
71	72	May 25,2022	Eden Gardens, Kolkata	Banglore	Lucknow	Playoff	Lucknow	
72	73	May 27,2022	Narendra Modi Stadium, Ahmedabad	Banglore	Rajasthan	Playoff	Rajasthan	
73	74	May 29,2022	Narendra Modi Stadium, Ahmedabad	Gujarat	Rajasthan	Final	Rajasthan	

74 rows × 20 columns

### 3. View Data

In [303...

```
df.head()
```

Out[303...

	match_id	date	venue	team1	team2	stage	toss_winner	tos
<b>0</b>	1	March 26,2022	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai	Chennai	Kolkata	Group	Kolkata	
<b>1</b>	2	March 27,2022	Brabourne Stadium, Mumbai	Delhi	Mumbai	Group	Delhi	
<b>2</b>	3	March 27,2022	Dr DY Patil Sports Academy, Mumbai	Banglore	Punjab	Group	Punjab	
<b>3</b>	4	March 28,2022	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai	Gujarat	Lucknow	Group	Gujarat	
<b>4</b>	5	March 29,2022	Maharashtra Cricket Association Stadium,Pune	Hyderabad	Rajasthan	Group	Hyderabad	

## 4. Basic Statistics

In [306... `df.describe()`

Out[306...

	match_id	first_ings_score	first_ings_wkts	second_ings_score	second_ings_wkts
<b>count</b>	74.000000	74.000000	74.000000	74.000000	74.000000
<b>mean</b>	37.500000	171.121622	6.135135	158.540541	6.135135
<b>std</b>	21.505813	29.048355	2.222699	29.299207	2.222699
<b>min</b>	1.000000	68.000000	0.000000	72.000000	1.000000
<b>25%</b>	19.250000	154.250000	5.000000	142.750000	4.000000
<b>50%</b>	37.500000	169.500000	6.000000	160.000000	6.000000
<b>75%</b>	55.750000	192.750000	8.000000	176.000000	8.000000
<b>max</b>	74.000000	222.000000	10.000000	211.000000	10.000000

## 5. Filter Data

In [311... `print(df[df["first_ings_score"] > 25])`

	match_id	date	venue	\
0	1	March 26,2022	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai	
1	2	March 27,2022	Brabourne Stadium, Mumbai	
2	3	March 27,2022	Dr DY Patil Sports Academy, Mumbai	
3	4	March 28,2022	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai	
4	5	March 29,2022	Maharashtra Cricket Association Stadium,Pune	
..	...	...	...	
69	70	May 22,2022	Wankhede Stadium, Mumbai	
70	71	May 24,2022	Eden Gardens, Kolkata	
71	72	May 25,2022	Eden Gardens, Kolkata	
72	73	May 27,2022	Narendra Modi Stadium, Ahmedabad	
73	74	May 29,2022	Narendra Modi Stadium, Ahmedabad	

	team1	team2	stage	toss_winner	toss_decision	first_ings_score	\
0	Chennai	Kolkata	Group	Kolkata	Field	131	
1	Delhi	Mumbai	Group	Delhi	Field	177	
2	Banglore	Punjab	Group	Punjab	Field	205	
3	Gujarat	Lucknow	Group	Gujarat	Field	158	
4	Hyderabad	Rajasthan	Group	Hyderabad	Field	210	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
69	Hyderabad	Punjab	Group	Hyderabad	Bat	157	
70	Gujarat	Rajasthan	Playoff	Gujarat	Field	188	
71	Banglore	Lucknow	Playoff	Lucknow	Field	207	
72	Banglore	Rajasthan	Playoff	Rajasthan	Field	157	
73	Gujarat	Rajasthan	Final	Rajasthan	Bat	130	

	first_ings_wkts	second_ings_score	second_ings_wkts	match_winner	\
0	5	133	4	Kolkata	
1	5	179	6	Delhi	
2	2	208	5	Punjab	
3	6	161	5	Gujarat	
4	6	149	7	Rajasthan	
..	...	...	...	...	
69	8	160	5	Punjab	
70	6	191	3	Gujarat	
71	4	193	6	Banglore	
72	8	161	3	Rajasthan	
73	9	133	3	Gujarat	

	won_by	margin	player_of_the_match	top_scorer	highscore	\
0	Wickets	6	Umesh Yadav	MS Dhoni	50	
1	Wickets	4	Kuldeep Yadav	Ishan Kishan	81	
2	Wickets	5	Odean Smith	Faf du Plessis	88	
3	Wickets	5	Mohammed Shami	Deepak Hooda	55	
4	Runs	61	Sanju Samson	Aiden Markram	57	
..	...	...	...	...	...	
69	Wickets	5	Harpreet Brar	Liam Livingstone	49	
70	Wickets	7	David Miller	Jos Buttler	89	
71	Runs	14	Rajat Patidar	Rajat Patidar	112	
72	Wickets	7	Jos Buttler	Jos Buttler	106	
73	Wickets	7	Hardik Pandya	Shubman Gill	45	

best\_bowling best\_bowling\_figure

0	Dwayne Bravo	3--20
1	Kuldeep Yadav	3--18
2	Mohammed Siraj	2--59
3	Mohammed Shami	3--25
4	Yuzvendra Chahal	3--22
..	...	...
69	Harpreet Brar	3--26
70	Hardik Pandya	1--14
71	Josh Hazlewood	3--43
72	Prasidh Krishna	3--22
73	Hardik Pandya	3--17

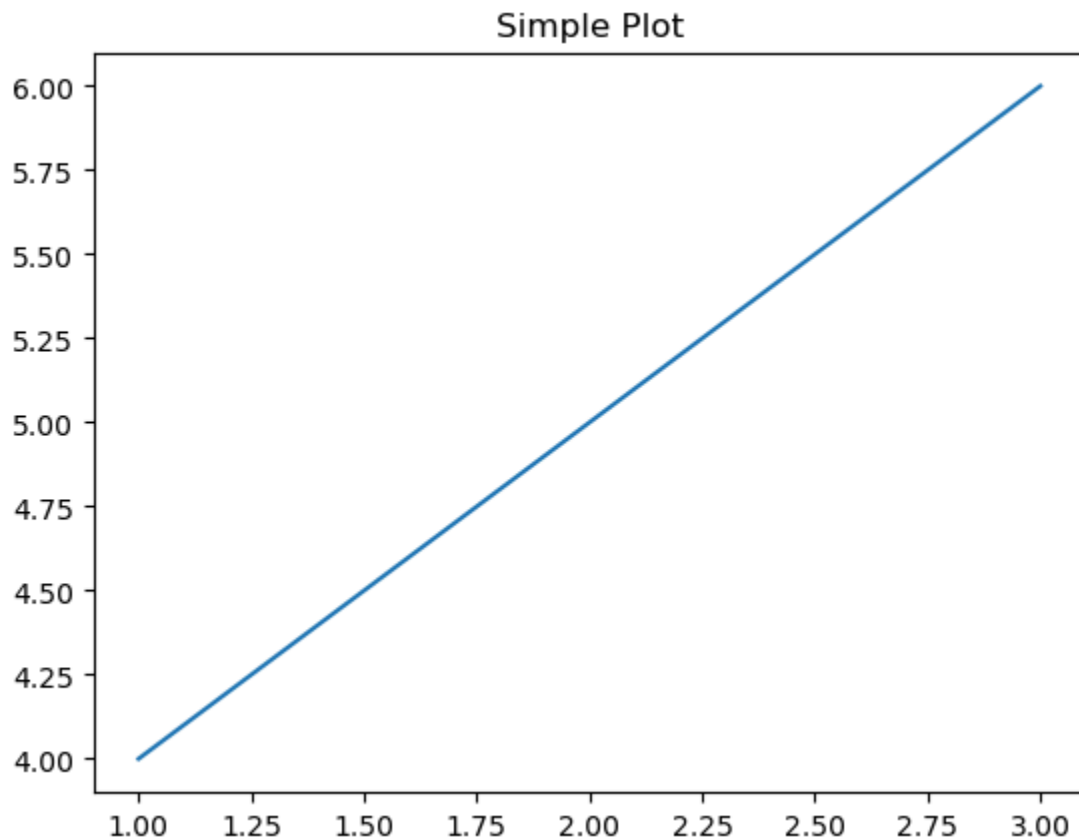
[74 rows x 20 columns]

# MATPLOTLIB FOR PLOTTING

In [314... `import matplotlib.pyplot as plt`

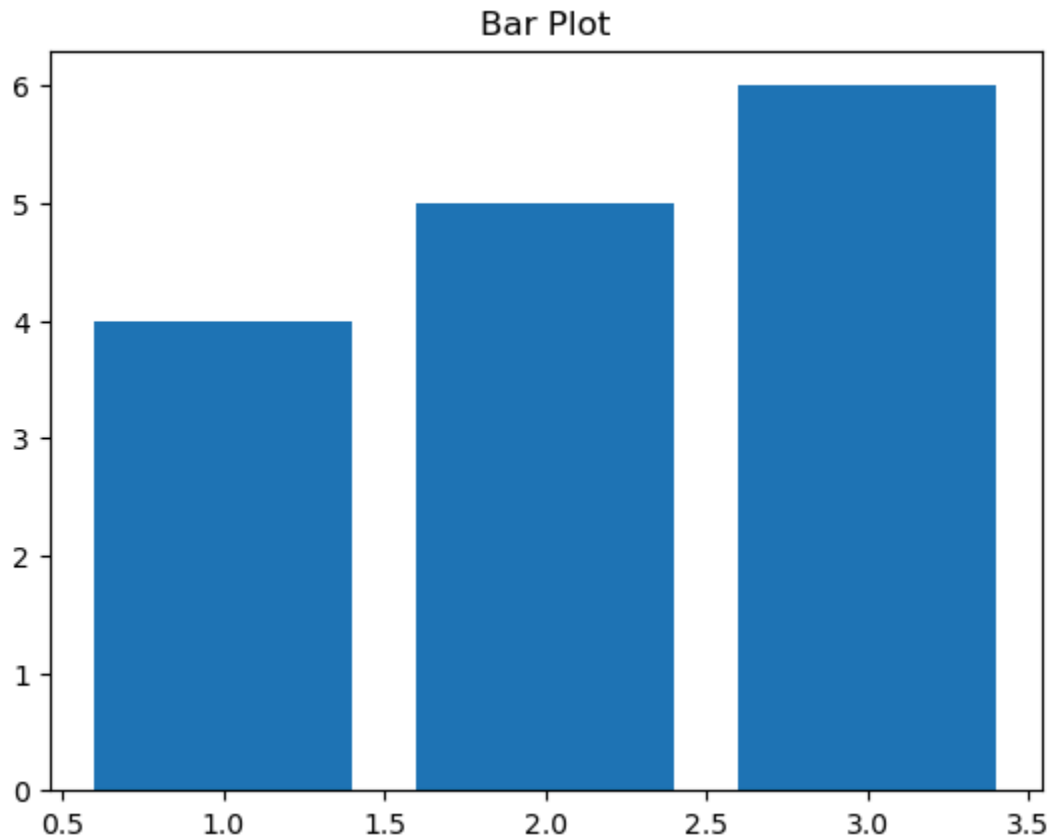
## 1. Simple Plot

In [317... `plt.plot([1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6])`  
`plt.title("Simple Plot")`  
`plt.show()`



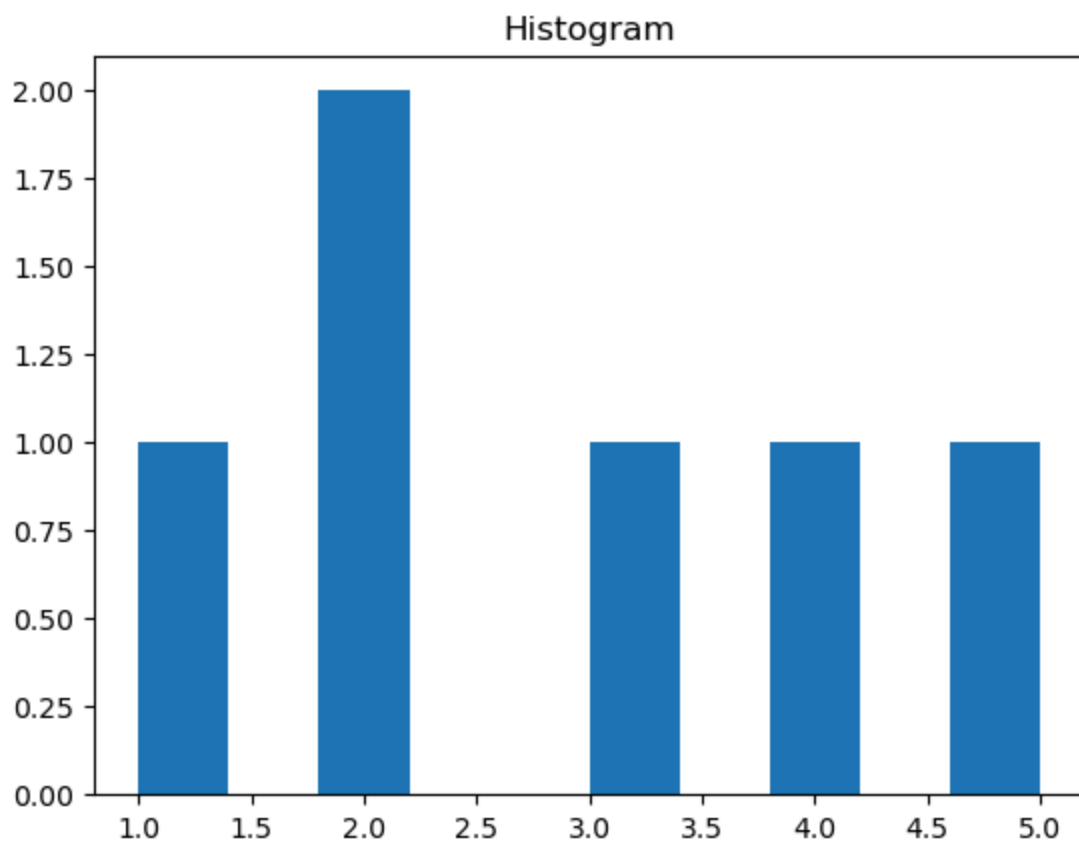
## 2.Bar Plot

```
In [320... plt.bar([1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6])  
plt.title("Bar Plot")  
plt.show()
```



## 3. Histogram

```
In [323... plt.hist([1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5])  
plt.title("Histogram")  
plt.show()
```



## 4. Scatter Plot

```
In [326... plt.scatter([1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6])  
plt.title("Scatter Plot")  
plt.show()
```

Scatter Plot

