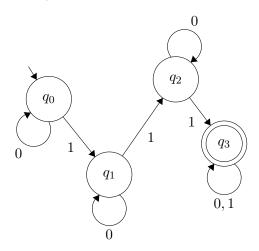
Homework 1

COMS W3261, Summer B 2021

This homework is due **Tuesday**, 7/6/2021, at 11:59PM EST. (Monday is off: happy university holiday.) Submit to GradeScope (course code: X3JEX4).

Grading policy reminder: LATEX is preferred, but neatly typed or handwritten solutions are acceptable. Your TAs may dock points for indecipherable writing. Proofs should be complete; that is, include enough information that a reader can clearly tell that the argument is rigorous.

1 Problem 1 (12 points)



- 1. (4 points.) The state diagram above is defined on the alphabet $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Write out its formal definition (as a 5-tuple) and describe the language that it recognizes in one sentence.
- 2. (4 points.) Consider the DFA $M=(Q,\Sigma,\delta,q_0,F)$, where $Q=\{q_0,q_1,q_2\}$, $\Sigma=\{a,b\}$, $F=\{q_1\}$, and δ is defined as in the following table. Draw the state diagram and describe the language that it recognizes in one sentence. (To draw state diagrams, you may wish to use the tool http://madebyevan.com/fsm/.)

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} & a & b \\ \hline q0 & q1 & q2 \\ q1 & q0 & q2 \\ q2 & q2 & q2 \end{array}$$

3. (4 points.) Draw a state diagram for a DFA with at most 5 states that recognizes the following language over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{o, _\}$:

2

 $L := \{ w \mid \text{consists of one } o, \text{ followed by one or more } _ \text{ symbols, and a final } o. \}.$

Explain in words why your DFA recognizes the language specified.

2 Problem 2 (4 points)

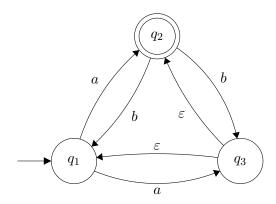
1. (0 points). Draw a state diagram for an NFA with at most 3 states that recognizes the regular expression

$$((1 \circ 10) \cup 11)^*$$
.

Explain in words why your NFA recognizes the language specified.

Please skip this problem - we didn't cover regular expressions in week 1. If you've already completed the problem, save your answer - the same problem will appear on PS 2.

2. (4 points). Draw the state diagram of a DFA (alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$) with at most 3 states that recognizes the same language as the NFA whose state diagram is pictured below. Explain in words why your DFA captures the same language as the original NFA.



3 Problem 3 (9 points)

1. (9 points.) Given languages A and B, define the XOR operation \oplus as follows:

$$A \oplus B := \{x \mid x \in A \text{ or } x \in B, \text{ but } x \not \in A \cap B\}.$$

Prove that the class of regular languages is closed under \oplus .

4 Problem 4 (10 points)

1. (10 points). Consider the language L on the alphabet $\{x,o\}$ defined as follows:

 $L := \{ w \mid w \text{ contains the same number of '}xo' \text{ and '}ox' \text{ substrings} \}.$

For example, the string 'xoxxo' contains two 'xo' substrings and one 'ox' substring. Prove that L is regular. (To prove this, you may draw one or more state diagrams and/or use previously proven facts about the closure of regular languages under regular operations.)

5 Problem 5 (1 point)

- 1. What in-class topic or problem did you find most confusing this week?
- 2. What in-class topic or problem did you find most interesting this week?
- 3. (Optional) Any other thoughts? Thank you!