

Algorithm: Adding a New Product in the Database

1. Create a class named Hibernate Util. Declare a private static variable session Factory of type Session Factory. Create a static block.
 - Inside the static block, initialize session Factory as follows:
 - a. Create a Standard Service Registry using Standard Service Registry Builder and configure it with "hibernate.cfg.xml".
 - b. Build the Metadata using Meta data Sources and the standard Registry.
 - c. Build the session Factory using the meta-Data.
 - If any exception occurs, throw an Exception In Initializer Error. Create a public static method named get Session Factory that returns session Factory.
2. Create a class named E Product. Declare private instance variables: ID of type long, name of type String, price of type Big Decimal, and model of type String. Create a default constructor. Create a parameterized constructor that initializes the instance variables. Create getter and setter methods for all the instance variables.
3. Create a class named add Product which extends Http Servlet. Override the doGet method.
 - Inside the doGet method, do the following:
 - a. Get the Session Factory instance using Hibernate Util.get Session Factory().
 - b. Open a new Session using the Session Factory.
 - c. Get the request parameters for "product Name", "price", and "model".
 - d. Parse the "price" parameter to a Double and convert it to a Big Decimal.
 - e. Create a new instance of E Product and set its properties using the request parameters.
 - f. Begin a new transaction using the Session.
 - g. Save the E Product instance using the Session.
 - h. Commit the transaction.
 - i. Query all the E Product objects using the Session and store them in a list.
 - j. Close the Session.
 - k. Get the Print Writer from the response and write the HTML output.
 - Write the product listing by iterating over the list of products. Override the doPost method and call the doGet method with the same parameters.
4. Create a JSP file named "index.jsp". Define the HTML markup for the form to add a new product. Use the "temp" URL as the form action.
5. Create an XML file named "web.xml". Define the web-app element with the necessary attributes and namespaces. Define a servlet element for the add Product servlet. Define a servlet-mapping element to map the servlet to the "/temp" URL.

6. Create an XML file named "hibernate.cfg.xml". Define the hibernate-configuration element. Inside the session-factory element, set the necessary properties for the database connection. Include the mapping resource for the E Product class.
7. Create an XML file named "Eproduct.hbm.xml". Define the hibernate-mapping element. Inside the class element, define the ID property, name property, price property, and model property.