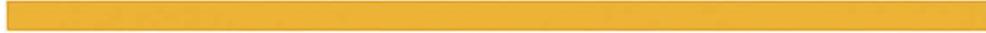


# S.A.G.E.



Smart Assistant for  
Guided Enablement



Business

TEAM 3 – Section 80

# Meet The Team



Mason Levitt



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# Agenda

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- 1. Executive Summary
- 2. Business Need
- 3. Solution Overview
- 4. Data & Technical Process
- 5. Live Demo
- 6. Value Add for Businesses
- 7. Next Steps
- 8. Appendix

# AI-enabled project onboarding transforms lost time into billable value and faster client readiness.

## Overview

- **Situation**
  - Onboarding is a critical but often overlooked driver of project quality, early momentum, and client trust.
  - Consulting teams rely on rapid project onboarding for client delivery.
  - Key knowledge dispersed across docs, drives, emails, and internal tools.
- **Complication**
  - Consultants spend weeks coming up-to speed on new/existing projects.
  - Manager dependence and information dispersion slows productivity and consistency.

## Our Impact

- **Key Question**
  - How can AI cut onboarding time and standardize knowledge transfer?
- **Solution**
  - An expert and interactable knowledge source trained specifically on project data across formats and sources.
  - Delivers short answers, context narratives, and visual outputs, calibrated across multiple data repositories.
  - Operated using a B2B SaaS model

# Inefficient project onboarding delays mobilization, consumes leadership bandwidth, and erodes institutional knowledge across teams.

## Operational loss from redundant ramp-up<sup>1</sup>

- Teams spend **~127 hours per year** just recovering focus after interruptions, rather than diving straight into project value.<sup>4</sup>
- Constant switching between tasks/tools (context switching) can cost up to **40% of productivity**, delaying ramp-up.<sup>5</sup>

## Managerial loss via bandwidth drain and oversight loss

- Managers spend **10–20% of weekly time** re-explaining project context instead of leading delivery.<sup>2</sup>
- Early attrition from poor onboarding and team connectedness can cost firms up to **200% of an employee's annual salary.**<sup>6</sup>

## Financial impact of inefficient onboarding<sup>3</sup>

Cost Drivers	Annual Impact
Ramp-Up Inefficiency	\$99K
Consultant Productivity Loss	\$312K
Managerial Time Loss	\$180K
<b>Total Estimated Loss</b>	<b>\$591K</b>

*All estimates are based on assumptions of a firm with 50 consultants (\$65/hr), 10 managers (\$90/hr), and teams of 5 consultants + 1 manager completing 6 projects per year. We recognize these are low-end estimates, but we want to be inclusive of usage from all firms. More details of cost estimation in appendix.*

<sup>1</sup> Boston Consulting Group (2023); <sup>2</sup> Harvard Business Review (2025); <sup>3</sup> Society for Human Resource Management (SHRM) (2023);

<sup>4</sup> Dropbox (2023); <sup>5</sup> Drag App (2025); <sup>6</sup> SHRM (2025)

# By simulating synthetic data for an education consulting project for GW, we can replicate onboarding onto to a real consulting engagement.

Our Approach	Data Produced	Desired Outputs										
<p>Our approach required us to have rich and in-depth data regarding:</p> <p><b>1) Our Principal Client: Kestrel Education</b></p> <p><b>2) Our Secondary Client: GWU (Kestrel's Project)</b></p> <p>The performance of the onboarding assistant is directly tied to how it can sift through complex and vast data sources to find the most relevant and effective answer to the user's query.</p>	<p><b>To train and test our agent, we produced the following data:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Foundational Documents</li> <li>• Cadence Documents</li> <li>• Client Deliverables</li> <li>• Governance and Controls</li> <li>• Quantitative Datasets</li> </ul>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Situation</th><th>Expected Output</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Basic Administrative Facts</td><td>Short-form text and basic information on retrieval</td></tr> <tr> <td>Context-Driven Narratives</td><td>A detailed visualization with enriched graphics</td></tr> <tr> <td>High-level Analytics</td><td>A combination of text and basic visuals if necessary to supplement</td></tr> <tr> <td>Trend-based visualizations</td><td>A detailed visualization with enriched graphics</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Situation	Expected Output	Basic Administrative Facts	Short-form text and basic information on retrieval	Context-Driven Narratives	A detailed visualization with enriched graphics	High-level Analytics	A combination of text and basic visuals if necessary to supplement	Trend-based visualizations	A detailed visualization with enriched graphics
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# Outputs focused on project-specific details produced from synthetic and externally sourced data sources.

## Synthetic Data

Foundational Documents (Project Charter, SoW, Stakeholder Map)

Weekly Cadence (Standups, 1-1s, Memos)

Client Deliverables (Deliverable summaries, decks)

Governance (decision log, change logs)

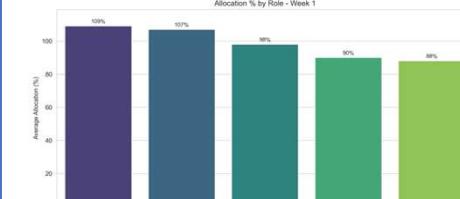
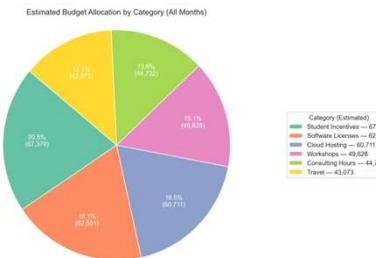
Quantitative Datasets (Admissions funnel, staffing timesheets)

Miscellaneous (Consultant Guidebook)

## Sourced Data

1. US Undergraduate Enrollment Statistics
2. US Undergraduate Test Scores
3. US Undergraduate Financial Aid and Tuition Statistics

## Example Output

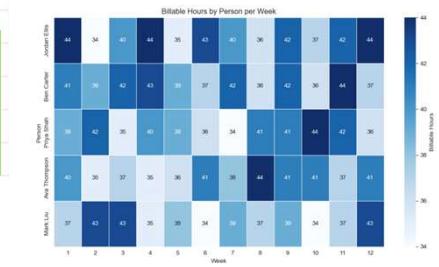


- how many applications were completed in domestic region
- ❖ To find the total number of applications completed in the domestic region, we can sum the completed applications for both undergraduate (UG) and graduate (GR) levels across all weeks.
- Here are the completed applications for UG Domestic and GR Domestic:
- Week 1: UG Domestic: 683, GR Domestic: 392
  - Week 2: UG Domestic: 493, GR Domestic: 501
  - Week 3: UG Domestic: 550, GR Domestic: 320
  - Week 4: UG Domestic: 510, GR Domestic: 332
  - Week 5: UG Domestic: 501, GR Domestic: 379
  - Week 6: UG Domestic: 426, GR Domestic: 603
  - Week 7: UG Domestic: 671, GR Domestic: 510
  - Week 8: UG Domestic: 483, GR Domestic: 324
  - Week 9: UG Domestic: 471, GR Domestic: 511
  - Week 10: UG Domestic: 520, GR Domestic: 488
  - Week 11: UG Domestic: 471, GR Domestic: 648
  - Week 12: UG Domestic: 406, GR Domestic: 663
  - Week 13: UG Domestic: 564, GR Domestic: 351
- Now, summing these values:
- UG Domestic:  $683 + 493 + 550 + 510 + 501 + 426 + 671 + 483 + 471 + 520 + 471 + 406 + 564 = 6,265$
  - GR Domestic:  $392 + 501 + 320 + 332 + 379 + 603 + 510 + 324 + 511 + 488 + 646 + 663 + 351 = 6,205$
- Total completed applications in the domestic region =  $6,265$  (UG) +  $6,205$  (GR) = **12,570**.

Answer: 12,570 applications were completed in the domestic region.

Sources: admissions\_funnel\_12w.xlsx, budget\_actv\_12w.xlsx

Source: staffing\_timesheets\_12w.xlsx



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Quantitative Datasets - Google Drive

drive.google.com/drive/u/0/folders/1jga7CwlRo7Ej91s3HMPnI049kt\_jw5d

Drive

Search in Drive

New

Home Activity Workspaces My Drive Shared drives Shared with me Recent Starred Spam Trash Storage 331.4 MB used

Real Data > Quantitative Datasets

Type People Modified Source

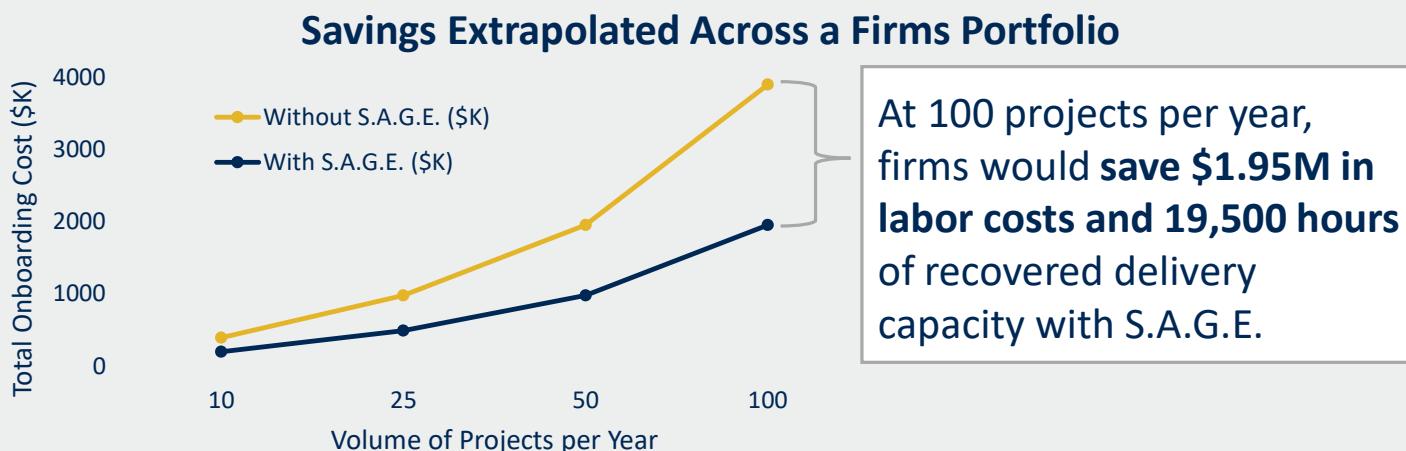
Name ↑ Owner Date modified File size Sort

Name ↑	Owner	Date modified	File size	Sort
ab_tests.xlsx	(P) me	Oct 16 me	14 KB	⋮
admissions_funnel_13w.xlsx	(P) me	Oct 6 me	10 KB	⋮
budget_actuals.xlsx	(P) me	Oct 6 me	9 KB	⋮
data_dictionary.xlsx	(P) me	Oct 7 me	9 KB	⋮
jira_backlog.xlsx	(P) me	Oct 16 me	13 KB	⋮
project_timeline_100tasks.xlsx	(P) me	7:38 PM me	13 KB	⋮
risk_register.xlsx	(P) me	Oct 1 me	6 KB	⋮
staffing_timesheets_12w.xlsx	(P) me	Oct 7 me	10 KB	⋮
survey_500.xlsx	(P) me	7:44 PM me	31 KB	⋮
usage_metrics.xlsx	(P) me	Oct 16 me	9 KB	⋮

# Live Demonstration

# AI-driven project onboarding converts ramp-up time into realized value through decreased labor hours and cost reductions.

Estimated Time and Value Savings per Project					
Role	Baseline (hrs)	After Bot (hrs)	Hours Saved	Hourly Rate	Savings
Consultant (x 4)	60 hrs	20 hrs ea.	160 hrs	\$65/hr	\$10,400
Manager (x 1)	40 hrs	10 hrs	30 hrs	\$90/hr	\$2,700
Partner (x 1)	10 hrs	5 hrs	5 hrs	\$150/hr	\$750
<b>Total per Project</b>			<b>195 hrs</b>		<b>≈ \$13.9 K</b>



## Drivers of Time Savings

- Consultant Efficiency Gains:** Automated search and context retrieval cut onboarding time by about **65%**, consistent with onboarding productivity data.<sup>1</sup>
- Manager Bandwidth Recovered:** Managers spend **15–20%** of their week re-explaining context; automation reduces this by **75%.**<sup>2</sup>
- Partner Oversight Reduced:** AI-generated summaries shorten senior review time by **50%**, aligning with mobilization efficiency benchmarks.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> StrongDM (2025); <sup>2</sup> Harvard Business Review (2025); <sup>3</sup> Saviom (2025); <sup>4</sup> Enboarder (2024)

# Next steps include defining security, integrating with enterprise technology tools, and establishing B2B market positioning.

## Product Readiness – Defining Security

Define baseline security model (SSO, RBAC, audit logging, data retention). Outline approach for tenant isolation and document-level access control.

Map future requirements to common standards (SOC 2-style controls, GDPR alignment).

## Platform Integration – SharePoint & Enterprise Stack

Design a SharePoint connector to index sites, libraries, and permissions-aware content. Prototype ingestion of SharePoint docs alongside existing drives to keep one unified corpus.

Plan extensible integration layer for additional systems (e.g., Teams, Jira, CRM).

## Go-to-Market – B2B SaaS

Position S.A.G.E. as a multi-tenant B2B SaaS onboarding layer for project-based teams. Start with targeted pilots for consulting services firms, priced per seat or per project.

Build case studies around time-to-ramp, manager bandwidth saved, and ROI to support broader rollout.

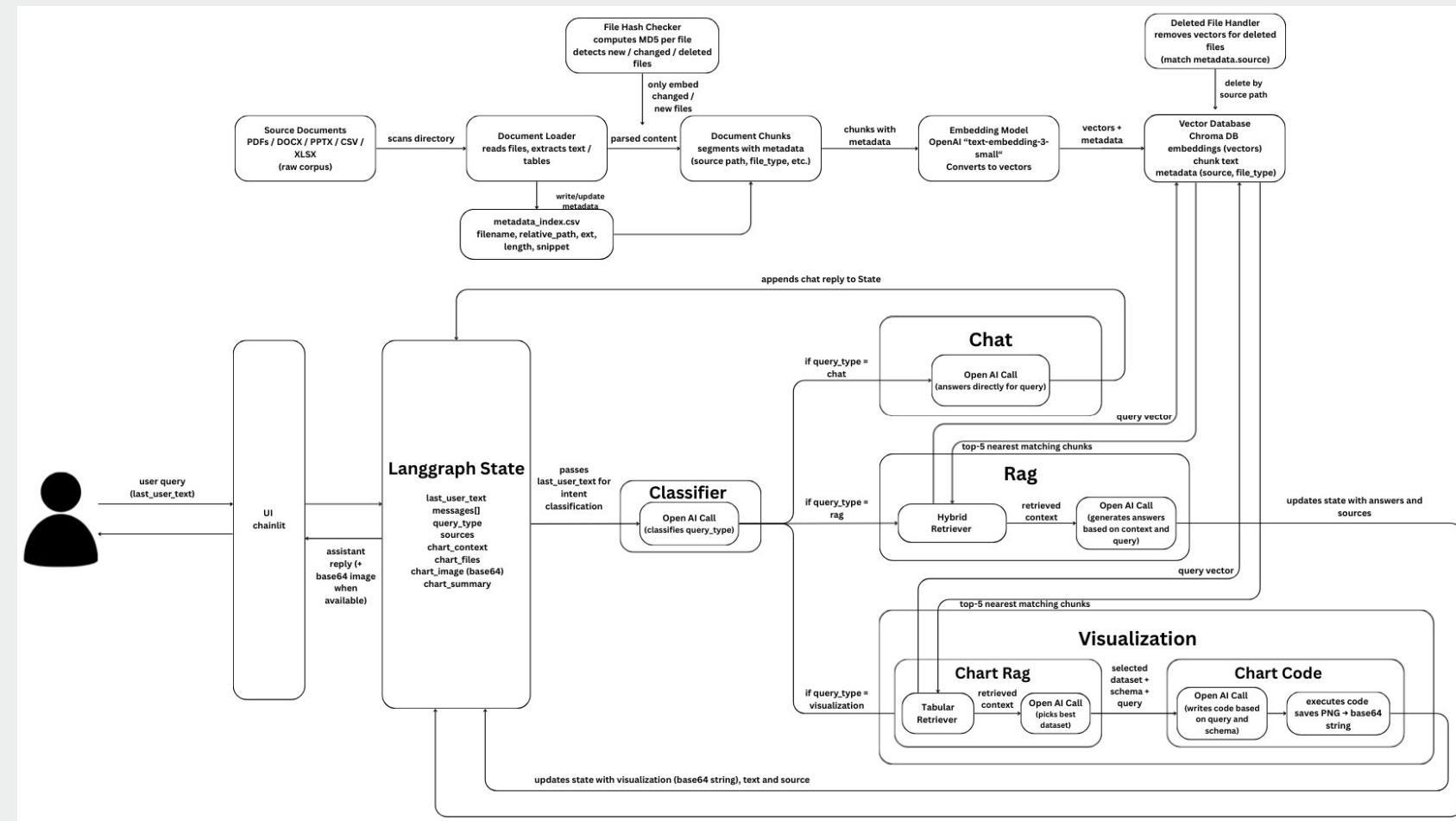
# Thank you!

# Questions?



# Appendix

# Technical Architecture Diagram



# Financial Impact Analysis of Inefficient Onboarding

## Financial impact of inefficient onboarding<sup>3</sup>

Cost Driver	Assumption	Source of Assumption	Annual Impact
Ramp-Up Inefficiency	127 hours per team <sup>4</sup> ÷ 5 consultants/team x \$65/hr/consultant x 10 teams/company x 6 projects/year/team	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Avg. 127 hrs/yr lost to focus recovery after interruptions<sup>4</sup></li> <li>Based on typical 5-person teams completing 6 projects/year</li> </ul>	\$99K
Consultant Productivity Loss	40% productivity loss <sup>5</sup> x 6 onboarding weeks/year x 40 hours/week x 50 consultants x \$65/hour/consultant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Context switching reduces productivity up to 40%<sup>5</sup></li> <li>Assumption of 1 onboarding week per project (6 projects per year)</li> </ul>	\$312K
Managerial Time Loss	10% productivity drag <sup>2</sup> x 2000 hours (1 FTE) x \$90/hr/managers x 10 managers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Managers spend 10–20% of time re-explaining project context<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	\$180K
<b>Total Estimated Loss</b>			<b>\$591K</b>

All estimates designed off assumptions of a firm with 50 consultants (\$65/hr), 10 managers (\$90/hr), and teams of 5 consultants + 1 manager completing 6 projects per year.

<sup>1</sup> [Boston Consulting Group \(2023\)](#); <sup>2</sup> [Harvard Business Review \(2025\)](#); <sup>3</sup> [Society for Human Resource Management \(SHRM\) \(2023\)](#);

<sup>4</sup> [Dropbox \(2023\)](#); <sup>5</sup> [Drag App \(2025\)](#); <sup>6</sup> [SHRM \(2025\)](#)

# Implementation and Security

## Tech Implementation

- MD5 hash checker detects new/changed/deleted files and updates vectors automatically.
- Document loader ingests PDFs, DOCX, PPTX, CSV, XLSX → segmented into metadata-rich chunks.
- Embeddings generated using OpenAI *text-embedding-3-small* and stored in ChromaDB.
- LangGraph state machine classifies queries (Chat, RAG, Visualization) and manages conversation flow.

## Privacy/Security

- File Integrity – MD5 hash checker and deleted file handler keep only current, authorized files in the system.
- Metadata Control – Each document chunk carries source/path metadata, enabling precise tracking and controlled access.
- Secure Execution - Visualization code runs in a sandboxed environment to prevent unsafe or malicious actions.
- Encryption - Data stored in ChromaDB is encrypted, and retrieval ensures only relevant, authorized chunks are accessed.

## File Transfer

- Secure uploads via encrypted channels (HTTPS/TLS).
- Supports multiple formats: PDF, Word, PowerPoint, Excel, CSV.
- Auto-indexing embeds uploaded files into vector database for immediate retrieval.
- Deleted file handler removes outdated vectors to maintain accuracy.

# Technical Deepdive

## System Architecture

### LangGraph State

- ✓ Classifier routes queries to 3 specialized nodes
- ✓ Chat, RAG, and Visualization pipelines
- ✓ Stateful conversation management

### Chainlit Frontend

- ✓ Async message handling
- ✓ Real-time chart rendering
- ✓ Session-based state persistence

### Vector Database

- ✓ ChromaDB with 501 indexed documents
- ✓ Hybrid retrieval (semantic + keyword)
- ✓ Auto-sync with incremental updates

## Hybrid Retrieval System

### Dual-Mode Retrieval

- ✓ Semantic: OpenAI embeddings (text-embedding-3-small)
- ✓ Keyword: BM25 algorithm for exact matching
- ✓ Weighted ensemble (50/50 or 40/60 for tabular)

### Specialized Retriever

- ✓ General RAG: Balanced hybrid (5 docs, MMR)
- ✓ Tabular: 70% keyword weight for CSV/XLSX precision
- ✓ 150 tabular documents optimized for charts

### Search Strategies

- ✓ MMR for diversity (avoids duplicates)
- ✓ Similarity for precision (exact matches)
- ✓ Query expansion with domain synonyms

## AI-Powered Visualization

### Dynamic Code Generation

- ✓ GPT-5 generates matplotlib/seaborn code
- ✓ Schema-aware: analyzes column types & data
- ✓ Automatic chart type selection

### Execution Pipeline

- ✓ Retry logic with error-aware regeneration
- ✓ Base64 encoding for web display

### Smart Dataset Selection

- ✓ Tabular-aware retriever prioritizes spreadsheets
- ✓ Context-rich prompting with data previews

# Competitor Analysis

Competitor	Description	Opportunity for S.A.G.E.
Guru <sup>1</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Centralizes team knowledge into curated cards, wikis, and searchable collections.</li> <li>AI answers workflow and process questions using structured content.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Requires teams to manually build cards instead of autonomous response generation.</li> <li>Weak integration with SharePoint and Google Drive repositories.</li> </ul>
Notion AI <sup>2</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Workspace combining docs, wikis, tasks, and internal hubs with built-in AI tools.</li> <li>Strong for team collaboration and working with uploaded content.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Limited ingestion of legacy files; teams must rebuild content inside Notion or carefully adjust file types to use full scope of AI toolkit.</li> <li>AI features struggle with large enterprise repositories.</li> </ul>
Confluence <sup>3</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Documentation platform for meeting notes, requirements, and structured project pages.</li> <li>Integrates with Jira to support engineering-focused workstreams.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AI can only summarize pages stored in Confluence; ineffective on any external drives or slide decks.</li> <li>Requires extensive manual page creation and upkeep on workflows.</li> </ul>
Loopio <sup>4</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>AI-supported content library built for automating RFP responses and proposal creation from a pool of pre-existing documents.</li> <li>Simplifies answer reuse and content assembly for sales organizations.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Not built for onboarding but instead focused solely on RFP workflows instead of overall project context.</li> <li>Cannot parse client deliverables or extract historical knowledge.</li> </ul>
Dock.US <sup>5</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Provides shared client hubs for onboarding, project plans, and deliverable exchanges.</li> <li>Offers robust templates, checklists, and CRM tools for users.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Designed for client handoffs, not internal onboarding services.</li> <li>Limited ability to search, interpret, or unify internal documents stored across multiple systems or repositories.</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> Guru (2025); <sup>2</sup> Notion (2025); <sup>3</sup> Atlassian (2025); <sup>4</sup> Loopio (2025); <sup>5</sup> Dock (2025)

# S.A.G.E. Brand Package

**S.A.G.E.**

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Role / Usage	Color	Color Name	HEX Code	Description
Primary Brand Color		Navy Blue	#002855	Professional, trusted base tone for text and icons
Secondary Accent Color		Buff Gold	#E4B429	Highlight color used for underline and accents
Neutral / Supporting Color		Fog Gray	#E5E6E7	Background or neutral tone
Text / Body Copy Color		Cool Gray	#A7A8AA	Subtle supporting text color
Optional Light Background		White	#FFFFFF	Clean background for contrast and clarity

*S.A.G.E. palette is inspired by the GW Office of Communications and Marketing<sup>1</sup> palette and logos were designed with support of ChatGPT.*

<sup>1</sup> [George Washington University](#)