

Tech Bytes

ML Refresher **– Linear** **Regression**

by Pranali Bose



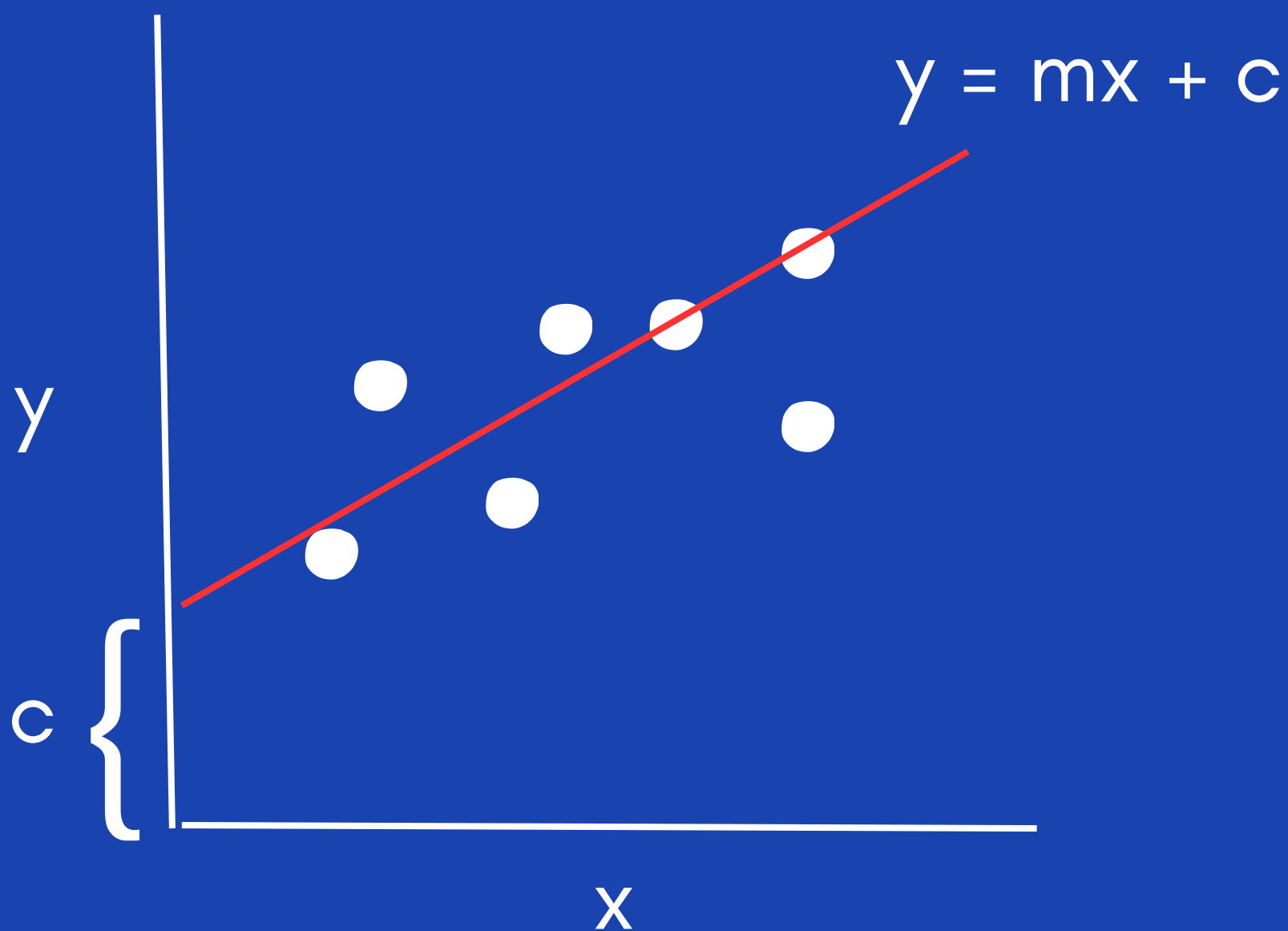
What is it?

Simple Regression model
used mostly for
interpretability and
analysis of relationships
between features



Intuition Behind

Finding the best fit line that minimizes the loss function



x = Independent Variable

y = Dependent Variable

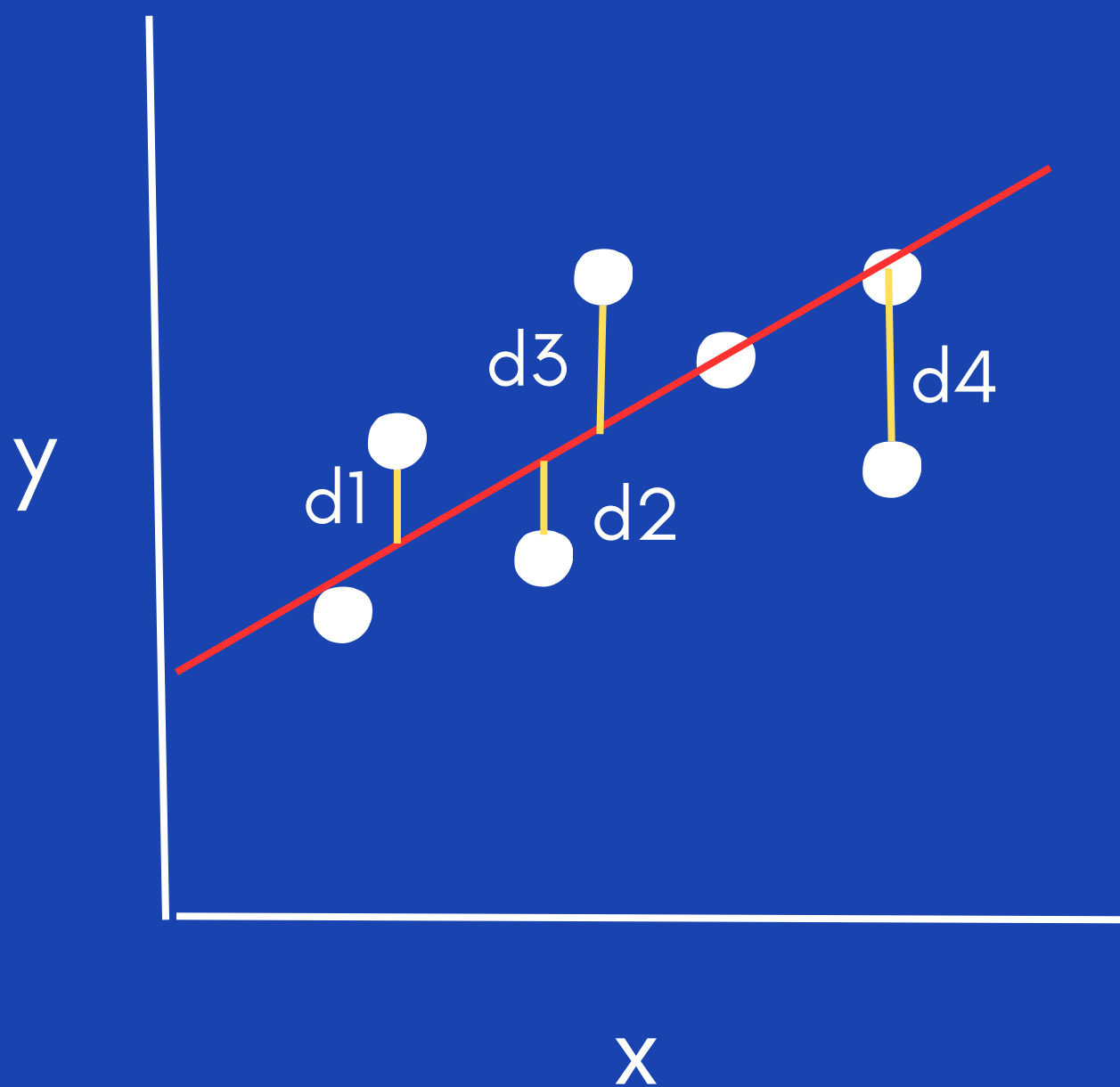
c = Intercept

m = Slope



Loss Function?

Measure of how close the predictions are from the actual values



d_n = Difference between
actual and predicted values



Common Loss Functions

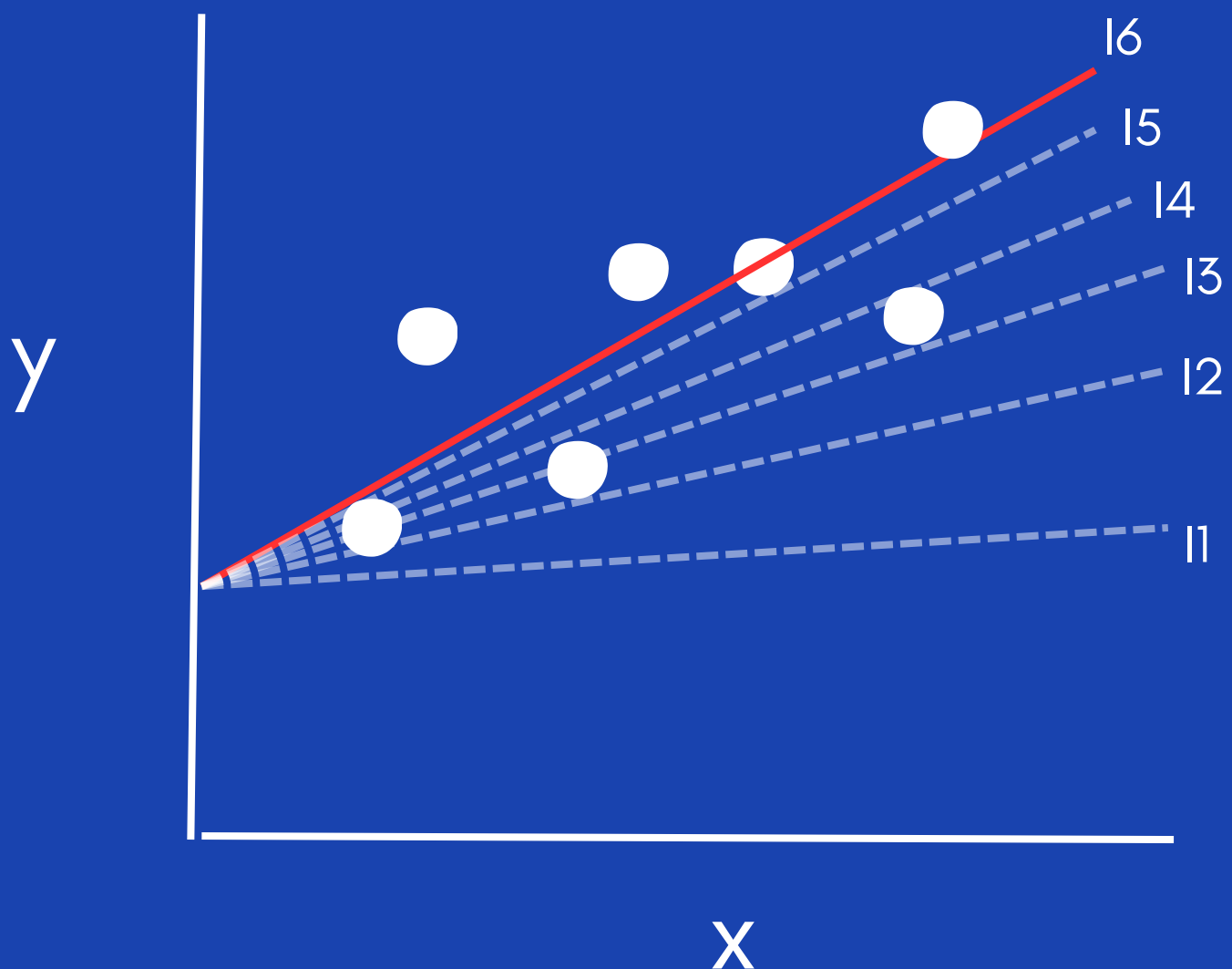
- **L1 or Mean Absolute Error**
 - $1/N \sum |\text{actual} - \text{predicted}|$
 - Used when dataset has outliers
- **L2 or Mean Squared Error**
 - $1/N \sum (\text{actual} - \text{predicted})^2$



Training Process

Goal – To find the optimal parameters (m and c)

Process – Iteratively tweak the m and c values and calculate the loss until there is no further improvement (Gradient Descent)



In \rightarrow Number of iterations



Model Interpretation

Use Case: House Price Prediction

y = Price (in dollars)

x = Size (in sq ft)

Consider Best Fit Line Equation to be:

$$y = 200 * x + 10000$$

Intercept (10000): The baseline price of a house when size is zero

Size Coefficient (200): For every additional square foot of size, the price of the house increases by 200



Assumptions

- **Linearity:** The relationship between predictors and the response variable is linear
- **Independence:** Observations are independent of each other
- **Homoscedasticity:** Constant variance of the errors across all levels of the independent variables
- **Normality:** The residuals (errors) of the model are normally distributed
- **No multicollinearity:** Independent variables are not too highly correlated with each other
- **No autocorrelation:** Residuals are not correlated with each other in time series data



Key Hyperparameters

- **Learning Rate:** Controls how much to update the model weights during training
- **Fit Intercept:** A boolean that specifies whether to include an intercept term in the model
- **Max Iterations:** Specifies the maximum number of iterations for convergence in optimization algorithms



Tech Bytes

Find this useful?

Let me know in the comments
which topic would you like to
see next

Follow for more...