

S.No: 1	Exp. Name: <i>sample programs on operator precedence and associativity</i>	Date: 2023-09-13
---------	---	------------------

Aim:

Write a java program to demonstrate operator precedence and associativity

Source Code:

OperatorPrecedence.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class OperatorPrecedence
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int x;
        Scanner obj=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter a num: ");
        x=obj.nextInt();
        int j=(x++) + (x++)*(--x)/(x++)-(--x)+3>>1|2;
        System.out.println("The operation going is x++ + x++ * --x / x++ - --x + 3
>> 1 | 2");
        System.out.println("result = "+j);
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 1

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter a num:
4
The operation going is x++ + x++ * --x / x++ - --x + 3 >> 1 2
result = 3

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter a num:
-3
The operation going is x++ + x++ * --x / x++ - --x + 3 >> 1 2
result = 2

S.No: 2	Exp. Name: <i>Sample program on java to demonstrate Control structures</i>	Date: 2023-09-13
---------	---	------------------

Aim:

write a java program that uses if-else control statement and print the result

Source Code:

Control.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class Control
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int x,y;
        Scanner obj = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter first num : ");
        x = obj.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter second num : ");
        y=obj.nextInt();
        if(x+y<20)
            System.out.println("x + y is less than 20");
        else
            System.out.println("x + y is greater than 20");
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No. 2

2022-2026-CSE-B

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Enter first num :

13

Enter second num :

5

x + y is less than 20

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter first num :

24

Enter second num :

10

x + y is greater than 20

S.No: 3	Exp. Name: <i>Sample Program to demonstrate constructor</i>	Date: 2023-09-28
---------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a program to demonstrate constructor class

Source Code:

Student.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class Student
{
    String name;
    int rollno;
    public static void main (String args[])
    {
        Student s=new Student();
        System.out.print(s.rollno);
        System.out.print(" ");
        System.out.println(s.name);
        System.out.print(s.rollno);
        System.out.print(" ");
        System.out.println(s.name);
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 3

2022-2026-CSE-B

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1	
User Output	
0 null	
0 null	

S.No: 4	Exp. Name: <i>Sample program to demonstrate destructor</i>	Date: 2023-09-28
---------	---	------------------

Aim:

Write a program to demonstrate destructor class

Source Code:

DestructorExample.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class DestructorExample
{
    public void finalize()
    {
        System.out.println("Object is destroyed by the Garbage Collector");
        System.out.println("Inside the main() method");
        System.out.println("Object is destroyed by the Garbage Collector");
    }
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        DestructorExample d= new DestructorExample();
        d = null;
        System.gc();
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 4

2022-2026-CSE-B

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Object is destroyed by the Garbage Collector
Inside the main() method
Object is destroyed by the Garbage Collector

S.No: 5	Exp. Name: A program to print Half pyramid pattern	Date: 2023-09-28
---------	---	------------------

Aim:

Write a Java program to print Half Pyramid pattern.

Source Code:

HalfPyramid.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class HalfPyramid
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            for(int j=0;j<=i;j++)
            {
                System.out.print("* ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 5

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1	
User Output	
Enter no of rows :	
5	
*	
* *	
* * *	
* * * *	
* * * * *	

Test Case - 2	
User Output	
Enter no of rows :	
3	
*	
* *	
* * *	

Test Case - 3

User Output

Enter no of rows :

10

*

* *

* * *

* * * *

* * * * *

* * * * *

* * * * * *

* * * * * *

* * * * * *

* * * * * *

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No. 6

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

S.No: 6	Exp. Name: A program to print Inverted Half pyramid pattern	Date: 2023-09-14
---------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a Program to Print Inverted Half Pyramid Pattern

Source Code:

HalfPyramidRev.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class HalfPyramidRev
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int i,j;
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
        {
            for(j=0;j<=i;j++)
            {
                System.out.print("* ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 7

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter no of rows :
5
* * * * *
* * * *
* * *
* *
*

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter no of rows :
3
* * *
* *
*

S.No: 7

Exp. Name: **A program to print Hollow Inverted Half Pyramid Pattern**

Date: 2023-09-14

Aim:

Write a Program to Print Hollow Inverted half Pyramid Pattern

Source Code:

HollowHalfPyramidRev.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class HollowHalfPyramidRev
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int i,j;
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            int k=2*(n-i-1);
            for(j=0;j<=k;j=j+2)
            {
                if((i==0)|| (j==0)|| (j==k))
                    System.out.print("* ");
                else
                    System.out.print("  ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 8

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Enter no of rows :

5

* * * * *

* * *

* * *

*

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter no of rows :

3

* * *

* *

*

Aim:

Write a Program to Print Pyramid Pattern

Source Code:

Pyramid.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;public class Pyramid
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            for(int j=1;j<n-i;j++)
            {
                System.out.print(" ");
            }
            for(int k=0;k<=i;k++)
            {
                System.out.print("* ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 10

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!**Test Case - 1****User Output**

Enter no of rows :

5

*

* *

* * *

* * * *

* * * * *

Test Case - 2**User Output**

Enter no of rows :

6

*

* *

*	*	*
*	*	*
*	*	*
*	*	*

S.No: 9	Exp. Name: <i>A program to print Inverted Pyramid Pattern</i>	Date: 2023-09-14
---------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a Program to Print inverted Pyramid Pattern

Source Code:

PyramidRev.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class PyramidRev
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int i,j;
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
            for(j=0;j<i;j++)
            {
                System.out.print(" ");
            }
            for(int k=i;k<n;k++)
            {
                System.out.print("* ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 12

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter no of rows :
5
* * * * *
* * * *
* * *
* *
*

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter no of rows :

* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * * *
* * * *
* * *
* *
*

S.No: 10	Exp. Name: <i>A program to print Hollow Pyramid Pattern</i>	Date: 2023-09-14
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a Program to print the Hollow pyramid pattern

Source Code:

PyramidGap.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class PyramidGap
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int i,j;
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        {
            for(j=i;j<n;j++)
            {
                System.out.print(" ");
            }
            for(j=1;j<2*i;j++)
            {
                if(j==1||j==(2*i-1)||((i==n)&&(j%2==1))
                    System.out.print("*");
                else
                    System.out.print(" ");
                System.out.print(" ");
                System.out.println();
            }
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 14

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter no of rows :
5
*
* *
* * *
* * *
* * * * *

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter no of rows :

6

*
* *
* *
* *
* *
* * * * *

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 15

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Aim:

Write Java program on use of Inheritance.

Create a class Vehicle

- contains the data members **color** of String type and **speed** and **size** of integer data type.
- write a method **setVehicleAttributes()** to initialize the data members

Create another class Car which is derived from the class Vehicle

- contains the data members **cc** and **gears** of integer data type
- write a method **setCarAttributes()** to initialize the data members
- write a method **displayCarAttributes()** which will display all the attributes.

Write another class InheritanceDemo with **main()** it receives five arguments **color**, **speed**, **size**, **cc** and **gears**.

Source Code:

InheritanceDemo.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 16

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```

import java.util.*;
class Vehicle
{
    String color;
    int speed,size;
    void setVehicleAttributes(String c,String sp,String s)
    {
        color=c;
        size=Integer.parseInt(s);
        speed=Integer.parseInt(sp);
    }

}
class Car extends Vehicle{      int cc,gears;
void setCarAttributes(String c,String sp,String s,String cce,String gear)
{
    setVehicleAttributes(c,sp,s);
    cc=Integer.parseInt(cce);
    gears=Integer.parseInt(gear);
}
void displayCarAttributes()
{
    System.out.println("Color of Car : "+color);
    System.out.println("Speed of Car : "+speed);
    System.out.println("Size of Car : "+size);
    System.out.println("CC of Car : "+cc);
    System.out.println("No of gears of Car : "+gears);

}
}
class InheritanceDemo{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Car s=new Car();
        s.setCarAttributes(args[0],args[1],args[2],args[3],args[4]);
        s.displayCarAttributes();
    }
}

```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 17

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Color of Car : Blue
Speed of Car : 100
Size of Car : 20
CC of Car : 1000
No of gears of Car : 5

Test Case - 2

User Output

Color of Car : Orange

Speed of Car : 120

Size of Car : 25

CC of Car : 900

No of gears of Car : 5

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 18

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

S.No: 12	Exp. Name: <i>write a java program to prevent inheritance using abstract class.</i>	Date: 2023-09-29
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

write a java program to prevent inheritance using abstract class.

- Create an abstract class **Shape**
- Create a class **Rectangle** which extends the class **Shape**
- Class Rectangle contains a method **draw** which prints **drawing rectangle**
- Create another class **circle1** which extends **Shape**
- Class circle1 contains a method **draw** which prints **drawing circle**
- Create a main class **TestAbstraction1**
- Create object for the class circle1 and called the method draw

Source Code:

TestAbstraction1.java

```
abstract class Shape{    abstract void draw();

}

class rectangele extends Shape
{
    void draw()
    {
        System.out.println("drawing rectangle");

    }

}

class Circle1 extends Shape{
    void draw()
    {
        System.out.println("drawing circle");
    }

}

class TestAbstraction1{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Circle1 s=new Circle1();
        s.draw();
    }

}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 19

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1	
User Output	
drawing circle	

Aim:

write a program on dynamic binding

Source Code:

Demo.java

```
class Human
{
    public void walk()
    {
        System.out.println("Human walks");
    }
}

class Demo extends Human{
    public void walk()
    {
        System.out.println("Boy walks");
    }
}

public static void main(String args[])
{
    Human obj1=new Demo();
    Human obj2=new Human();
    obj1.walk();
    obj2.walk();
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 20

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Boy walks
Human walks

S.No: 14

Exp. Name: ***Sample program on method overloading***

Date: 2023-09-29

Aim:

Write a program on method overloading

Source Code:

Sample.java

```
class DisplayOverloading
{
    void display(char c)
    {
        System.out.println(c);
    }
    void display(char c,int num)
    {
        System.out.println(c+" "+num);
    }
}

class Sample
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        DisplayOverloading obj=new DisplayOverloading();
        obj.display('a');
        obj.display('a',10);
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 21

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

a
a 10

Aim:

Write a program on method overriding

Source Code:**Bike.java**

```
class Vehicle
{
    void run()
    {
        System.out.println("Bike");
    }

}
class vehicle2 extends Vehicle
{
    void run()
    {
        System.out.println("Bike is running");
    }

}
class Bike extends vehicle2
{
    void run()
    {
        System.out.println("Bike is running safely");
    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Bike b=new Bike();
        b.run();
    }

}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 22

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!**Test Case - 1****User Output**

Bike is running safely

S.No: 16	Exp. Name: <i>Write a Java program to implement Interface</i>	Date: 2023-12-28
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a Java program that implements an **interface**.

Create an interface called **Car** with two abstract methods **String getName()** and **int getMaxSpeed()**. Also declare one **default** method **void applyBreak()** which has the code snippet

```
System.out.println("Applying break on " + getName());
```

In the same interface include a **static** method **Car getFastestCar(Car car1, Car car2)**, which returns **car1** if the **maxSpeed** of **car1** is greater than or equal to that of **car2**, else should return **car2**.

Create a class called **BMW** which implements the interface **Car** and provides the implementation for the abstract methods **getName()** and **getMaxSpeed()** (make sure to declare the appropriate fields to store **name** and **maxSpeed** and also the constructor to initialize them).

Similarly, create a class called **Audi** which implements the interface **Car** and provides the implementation for the abstract methods **getName()** and **getMaxSpeed()** (make sure to declare the appropriate fields to store **name** and **maxSpeed** and also the constructor to initialize them).

Create a **public** class called **MainApp** with the **main()** method.

Take the input from the command line arguments. Create objects for the classes **BMW** and **Audi** then print the fastest car.

Note:

Java 8 introduced a new feature called **default** methods or **defender** methods, which allow developers to add new methods to the interfaces without breaking the existing implementation of these interface. These **default** methods can also be overridden in the implementing classes or made abstract in the extending interfaces. If they are not overridden, their implementation will be shared by all the implementing classes or sub interfaces.

Below is the syntax for declaring a **default** method in an **interface**:

```
public default void methodName() {
    System.out.println("This is a default method in interface");
}
```

Similarly, **Java 8** also introduced **static** methods inside interfaces, which act as regular static methods in classes. These allow developers group the utility functions along with the interfaces instead of defining them in a separate helper class.

Below is the syntax for declaring a **static** method in an **interface**:

```
public static void methodName() {
    System.out.println("This is a static method in interface");
}
```

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

```
q11284/MainApp.java
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 24

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```
package q11284;

interface Car {

    public String getName();

    public int getMaxSpeed();

    public default void applyBreak(){

        System.out.println("Applying break on "+getName());

    }

    public static Car getFastestCar(Car a,Car b){

        if(a.getMaxSpeed()>b.getMaxSpeed())

            return a;

        else

            return b;

    }

}

class BMW implements Car {

    String name;

    int speed;

    public BMW(String n,String s){

        speed=Integer.parseInt(s);

        name=n;

    }

    public String getName(){

        return name;

    }

    public int getMaxSpeed(){

        return speed;

    }

}
```

```

String name;

int speed;

public Audi(String n,String s){

    speed=Integer.parseInt(s);

    name=n;

}

public String getName(){

    return name;

}

public int getMaxSpeed(){

    return speed;

}

}

public class MainApp {

    public static void main(String args[]) {

        BMW bmw=new BMW(args[0],args[1]);

        Audi audi=new Audi(args[2],args[3]);

        Car max=Car.getFastestCar(bmw,audi);

        System.out.println("Fastest car is : "+max.getName());

    }

}

```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 26

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Fastest car is : BMW

Test Case - 2
User Output

Aim:

Write a Java program to create an exception.

Source Code:**q221/Exception1.java**

```
package q221;class Exception1
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int d=0;
        try
        {
            int a= 42/d;
        }
        catch(ArithmeticException e)
        {
            System.out.println("Exception caught : divide by zero
occurred");
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No:28**2022-2026-CSE-B****Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!****Test Case - 1****User Output**

Exception caught : divide by zero occurred

S.No: 18

Exp. Name: **Write the code for handling the exception**

Date: 2023-11-09

Aim:

Write a Java code for handling the exception.

Source Code:

q222/handleError.java

```
package q222;
import java.util.Random;
public class handleError {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int a = 0, b = 0, c = 0;
        Random r = new Random(100);
        for(int i=0;i<32;i++)
        {
            try
            {
                b=r.nextInt();
                c=r.nextInt();
                a=12345/(b/c);
            }
            catch(ArithmetcException e)
            {
                System.out.println("Division by zero.");
                a=0;
            }
            System.out.println("a: "+a);
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 29

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
a: 12345
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: -1028
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: 12345
a: -12345
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: 3086
a: 12345
a: -12345

a: 12345
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: -12345
a: 12345
a: 342
a: 12345
a: -12345
a: 12345
a: -12345
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: -4115
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: -4115
a: 6172
a: 6172
Division by zero.
a: 0
Division by zero.
a: 0
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: 12345
a: -280
a: -12345
Division by zero.
a: 0

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 30

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

S.No: 19

Exp. Name: ***Write the code to create an exception using the predefined exception***

Date: 2023-11-09

Aim:

Write a Java code to create an exception using the predefined exception

Source Code:

q223/exception2.java

```
package q223;
public class exception2

{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int d,a;
        try
        {
            d=0;
            a =42/d;
        }
        catch(ArithmcticException e)
        {
            System.out.println("Exception raised -Division by zero.");
        }
        System.out.println("After catch statement.");
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 31

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Exception raised -Division by zero.

After catch statement.

S.No: 20

Exp. Name: ***Write the code for creating your own exception***

Date: 2023-11-09

Aim:

Write a Java code for creating your own exception

Source Code:

q224/demo.java

```
package q224;
class MyException extends Exception
{
    private int ex; MyException(int a)
    {
        ex=a;
    }
    public String toString()
    {
        return "MyException["+ex+"] is less than zero";
    }
}
public class demo
{
    static void sum(int a, int b) throws MyException
    {
        if(a<0)
            throw new MyException(a);
        else
            System.out.println(a+b);
    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        try
        {
            sum(-10,10);
        }
        catch(MyException e)
        {
            System.out.println(e);
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 32

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
MyException[-10] is less than zero

S.No: 21	Exp. Name: <i>program that takes inputs 5 numbers, each between 10 and 100</i>	Date: 2023-12-20
----------	---	------------------

Aim:

Write java program that inputs 5 numbers, each between 10 and 100 inclusive. As each number is read display it only if it's not a duplicate of any number already read. Display the complete set of unique values input after the user enters new values

Source Code:

Duplicate.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 33

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Duplicate

{
    public static void main(String[] args)

    {
        int a[]={0,0,0,0,0},t,i,j,s=0,r=0;

        Scanner z=new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("Enter 5 unique values between 10 & 100 ");

        for(j=0;j<5;j++)

        {

            t=z.nextInt();

            if(t>10&&t<=100)

            {

                for(i=0;i<r;i++)

                {

                    if(a[i]==t)

                    s++;

                }

                if(s>0)

                {

                    System.out.println("Duplicate value
found, retry");

                    s--;
                    j--;
                    continue;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        r++;

    }

}

else

{

    System.out.println("Entered value must be in

between 10 & 100");

    j--;

}

}

System.out.print("The five unique values are :");

for(i=0;i<5;i++)

{

    System.out.print(a[i]+" ");

}

}

}

```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 35

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter 5 unique values between 10 & 100
25
15
30
0
Entered value must be in between 10 & 100
34
89
The five unique values are :25 15 30 34 89

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter 5 unique values between 10 & 100

48

92

34

92

Duplicate value found, retry

39

23

The five unique values are :48 92 34 39 23

S.No: 22

Exp. Name: ***A program to illustrate threads***

Date: 2023-12-27

Aim:

Write Java program(s) on creating multiple threads, assigning priority to threads, synchronizing threads, suspend and resume threads

Source Code:

TestThread.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 37

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```

class RunnableDemo implements Runnable{

    public Thread t;

    public String threadName;

    boolean suspended = false;

    RunnableDemo(String name){

        threadName=name;

        System.out.println("Creating " + threadName);

    }

    public void run(){

        System.out.println("Running "+threadName);

        try{

            for(int i=10;i>0;i--){

                System.out.println("Thread: "+ threadName +", "+i);

                Thread.sleep(100);

                synchronized(this){

                    while(suspended){

                        wait();

                    }

                }

            }

        }catch(InterruptedException e){

            System.out.println("Thread "+threadName+" interrupted.");

        }

        System.out.println("Thread "+threadName+" exiting.");

    }

    public void start(){

        System.out.println("Starting "+ threadName);

        if(t==null){


```

```

        t.start();

    }

}

void suspend(){

    suspended = true;

}

synchronized void resume(){

    suspended = false;

    notify();

}

}

public class TestThread{
public static void main(String args[])

{

RunnableDemo R1 = new RunnableDemo("Thread-1");

R1.start();

RunnableDemo R2 = new RunnableDemo("Thread-2");

R2.start();

try{

    Thread.sleep(100);

    R1.suspend();

    System.out.println("Suspending First Thread");

    Thread.sleep(100);

    R1.resume();

    System.out.println("Resuming First Thread");

    System.out.println("Suspending thread Two");

    R2.suspend();

    Thread.sleep(100);

}

```

```

        R2.resume();

    }

    catch(InterruptedException e){

        System.out.println("Caught: "+e);

    }

    try{

        System.out.println("Waiting for threads to finish.");

        R1.t.join();

        R2.t.join();

    }catch(InterruptedException e){

        System.out.println(e);

    }

    System.out.println("Main thread exiting.");

}

}

```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 40

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Creating Thread-1
Starting Thread-1
Creating Thread-2
Starting Thread-2
Running Thread-1
Running Thread-2
Thread: Thread-2, 10
Thread: Thread-1, 10
Suspending First Thread
Thread: Thread-2, 9
Thread: Thread-2, 8
Resuming First Thread
Suspending thread Two
Thread: Thread-1, 9
Thread: Thread-1, 8
Resuming thread Two
Waiting for threads to finish.
Thread: Thread-2, 7

```
Thread: Thread-1, 7
Thread: Thread-2, 6
Thread: Thread-1, 6
Thread: Thread-2, 5
Thread: Thread-1, 5
Thread: Thread-2, 4
Thread: Thread-1, 4
Thread: Thread-2, 3
Thread: Thread-1, 3
Thread: Thread-2, 2
Thread: Thread-1, 2
Thread: Thread-2, 1
Thread: Thread-1, 1
Thread Thread-2 exiting.
Thread Thread-1 exiting.
Main thread exiting.
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 41

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

S.No: 23	Exp. Name: <i>Write the code to print a file into n parts</i>	Date: 2023-12-27
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a Java code to print a file into **n** parts

Source Code:

q226/split1.java

ID: 224G1A0571

Page No: 42

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```
package q226;

import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

public class split1

{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        try
        {
            String inputfile="test.txt";
            double nol=10.0;
            File file=new File(inputfile);
            Scanner input=new Scanner(file);
            int count=0;
            while(input.hasNextLine())
            {
                input.nextLine();
                count++;
            }
            System.out.println("Lines in the file: "+3);
            double temp=(count/nol);
            int temp1=(int)temp;
            int nof=0;
            if(temp1==temp)
                nof = temp1;
            else
                nof=temp1+1;
            System.out.println("No. of files to be generated"

```

```

FileReader(inputfile));

        String strLine;

        for(int j=1;j<-nof;j++)

        {

            FileWriter fw = new

FileWriter("File" +j+".txt");

            for(int i=1;i<=nol;i++)

            {

strLine=br.readLine();

                if(strLine!=null)

                {

strLine=strLine +"\r\n";



fw.write(strLine);

                }

            }

            fw.close();

        }

        br.close();

    }

    catch(Exception e)

    {

        System.out.println("Error: "+e.getMessage());

    }

}

```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No:44

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

test.txt

Insert text here : 1614065200486

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Lines in the file: 3
No. of files to be generated :1

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 45

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

S.No: 24	Exp. Name: <i>program to create a super class called Figure that it returns the area of a rectangle and triangle</i>	Date: 2023-11-09
----------	---	------------------

Aim:

Write a java program to create a super class called Figure that receives the dimensions of two dimensional objects. It also defines a method called area that computes the area of an object. The program derives two sub-classes from Figure. The first is Rectangle and second is Triangle. Each of the sub classes override area() so that it returns the area of a rectangle and triangle respectively

Source Code:

AbstractAreas.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 46

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```

import java.util.*;
abstract class Figure
{
    double dim1;
    double dim2;
    double dim3;
    double dim4;
    Figure(double a,double b)
    {
        dim1=a;
        dim2=b;
        dim3=a;
        dim4=b;
    }
    abstract void area();
}

class Rectangle extends Figure
{
    Rectangle(double a,double b)
    {
        super(a,b);
    }
    void area()
    {
        double Area=dim1*dim2;
        System.out.println("Rectangle:");
        System.out.println("Area is "+Area);
    }
}
class Triangle extends Figure
{
    Triangle(double a,double b)
    {
        super(a,b);
    }
    void area()
    {
        double Area=(dim3*dim4)/2;
        System.out.println("Triangle:");
        System.out.println("Area is "+Area);
    }
}
class AbstractAreas
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        System.out.println("Enter lenght and breadth of Rectangle :");
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        double dim1=input.nextDouble();
        double dim2=input.nextDouble();
    }
}

```

```

        double dim3=input1.nextDouble();
        double dim4=input1.nextDouble();
        Rectangle r=new Rectangle(dim1,dim2);
        Triangle t=new Triangle(dim3,dim4);
        Figure figuref;
        figuref = r;
        figuref.area();
        figuref=t;
        figuref.area();
    }

}

```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter lenght and breadth of Rectangle :
12
14
Enter height and side of Triangle :
7
5
Rectangle:
Area is 168.0
Triangle:
Area is 17.5

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter lenght and breadth of Rectangle :
4
8
Enter height and side of Triangle :
5
3
Rectangle:
Area is 32.0
Triangle:
Area is 7.5

S.No: 25	Exp. Name: <i>Write a Java program demonstrating the usage of Threads</i>	Date: 2023-12-27
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a Java program that uses three threads to perform the below actions:

1. First thread should print "Good morning" for every 1 second for 2 times
2. Second thread should print "Hello" for every 1 seconds for 2 times
3. Third thread should print "Welcome" for every 3 seconds for 1 times

Write appropriate **constructor** in the `Printer` class which implements `Runnable` interface to take three arguments : **message**, **delay** and **count** of types `String`, `int` and `int` respectively.

Write code in the `Printer.run()` method to print the **message** with appropriate **delay** and for number of times mentioned in **count**.

Write a class called `ThreadDemo` with the `main()` method which instantiates and executes three instances of the above mentioned `Printer` class as threads to produce the desired output.

[Note: If you want to sleep for **2** seconds you should call `Thread.sleep(2000);` as the `Thread.sleep(...)` method takes milliseconds as argument.]

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q11349/ThreadDemo.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 49

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```
package q11349;

public class ThreadDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {

        Thread t1 = new Thread(new Printer("Good morning", 1, 2));

        Thread t2 = new Thread(new Printer("Hello", 1, 2));

        Thread t3 = new Thread(new Printer("Welcome", 3, 1));

        t1.start();

        t2.start();

        t3.start();

        t1.join();

        t2.join();

        t3.join();

        System.out.println("All the three threads t1, t2 and t3 have completed
execution.");

    }

}

class Printer implements Runnable {

    String message;

    int delay,count;

    Printer(String a,int b,int c)

    {

        message=a;

        delay=b;

        count=c;

    }

    public void run()

    {

        for(int i=0;i<count;i++)
    }
}
```

```

        System.out.println(message);

        try{
            Thread.sleep(delay*1000);
        }

        catch(InterruptedException ie)

        {

            System.out.println(ie);

        }

    }

}

```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 51

2022-2026-CSE-B

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Good morning
Hello
Welcome
Good morning
Hello
All the three threads t1, t2 and t3 have completed execution.

S.No: 26	Exp. Name: Program to find and replace pattern in a given file.	Date: 2023-12-27
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a java program to find and replace patterns in a given file. Replace the string "**This is test string 20000**" with the input string.

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q29790/ReplaceFile.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 52

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```
package q29790;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;

import java.util.*;

class ReplaceFile {

    public static void main(String arg[]) {

        try {

            File file = new File("file.txt");

            BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(file));

            String line , oldtext=new String();

            while((line = reader.readLine()) != null)

            {

                if(oldtext==null)

                    oldtext = line + "\r\n";

                else

                    oldtext += line + "\r\n";

            }

            reader.close();

            System.out.print("Previous string: "+oldtext);

            // replace a word in a file

            //String newtext =

            oldtext.replaceAll("drink","Love");

            //To replace a line in a file

            String newtext = oldtext.replaceAll("This is test string 20000",
"New string");

            System.out.print("New String: "+newtext);

        }

        catch (IOException ioe) {

            ioe.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

```
    }  
}
```

file.txt

This is test string 20000. The test string is replaced with your input string, check the string you entered is now visible here.

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
New string
Previous string: This is test string 20000. The test string is replaced with your input string, check the string you entered is now visible here.
New String: New string. The test string is replaced with your input string, check the string you entered is now visible here.

S.No: 27	Exp. Name: <i>A java program to demonstrate that the catch block for type Exception A catches the exception of type Exception B and Exception C.</i>	Date: 2023-11-09
----------	---	------------------

Aim:

Use inheritance to create an exception superclass called Exception A and exception subclasses Exception B and Exception C, where Exception B inherits from Exception A and Exception C inherits from Exception B. Write a java program to demonstrate that the catch block for type Exception A catches the exception of type Exception B and Exception C.

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q29793/TestException.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 55

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```

package q29793;
import java.lang.*;
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
class ExceptionA extends Exception {
    String message;
    public ExceptionA(String message) {
        this.message = message;
    }
}
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
class ExceptionB extends ExceptionA {
    ExceptionB(String message) {
        super(message);
    }
}

}
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
class ExceptionC extends ExceptionB {
ExceptionC(String message){
    super(message);
}

}
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
public class TestException {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            getExceptionB();
        }
        catch(ExceptionA ea) {
            System.out.println("Got exception from Exception B");
        }
        try {
            getExceptionC();
        }
        catch(ExceptionA ea) {
            System.out.println("Got exception from Exception C");
        }
    }
    public static void getExceptionB() throws ExceptionB {
        throw new ExceptionB("Exception B");
    }
    public static void getExceptionC() throws ExceptionC {
        throw new ExceptionC("Exception C");
    }
}

```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 56

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Got exception from Exception B

Got exception from Exception C

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 57

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology
2022-2026-CSE-B

S.No: 28

Exp. Name: ***Stack Implementation***

Date: 2023-12-27

Aim:

Create an interface for stack with push and pop operations. Implement the stack in two ways fixed-size stack and Dynamic stack (stack size is increased when the stack is full).

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q29794/StaticAndDynamicStack.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 58

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```

package q29794;
interface IntStack {

    void push(int item);

    int pop();

}

class FixedStack implements IntStack {

    private int stck[];

    private int tos;

    FixedStack(int size) {

        stck=new int[size];

        tos=-1;

    }

    public void push(int item) {

        if(tos==stck.length-1)

            System.out.println("Stack is full and increased");

        else

            stck[++tos]=item;

    }

    public int pop()

    {

        if(tos<0) {

            System.out.println("Stack underflow");

            return 0;

        }

        else

            return stck[tos--];

    }

}

```

```

public static void main(String args[]) {

    FixedStack mystack=new FixedStack(0);

    FixedStack mystack1=new FixedStack(5);

    FixedStack mystack2=new FixedStack(10);

    for(int i=0;i<1;i++)

        mystack.push(i);

    for(int i=0;i<5;i++)

        mystack1.push(i);

    for(int i=0;i<10;i++)

        mystack2.push(i);

    System.out.println("Stack in mystack1:");
    for(int i=0;i<5;i++)

        System.out.println(mystack1.pop());

    System.out.print("Stack in mystack2 :\n");

    for(int i=0;i<4;i++)

        System.out.println(mystack2.pop());

    mystack2.pop();

    for(int i=1;i<6;i++)

        System.out.println(mystack2.pop());

    System.out.println(mystack.pop());

}

}

```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 60

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Stack is full and increased
Stack in mystack1:
4
3

2
1
0
Stack in mystack2 :
9
8
7
6
4
3
2
1
0
Stack underflow
0

S.No: 29	Exp. Name: Create multiple threads to access the contents of a stack	Date: 2023-12-27
----------	---	------------------

Aim:

Create multiple threads to access the contents of a stack. Synchronize thread to prevent simultaneous access to push and pop operations.

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q29795/StackThreads.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 62

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```

package q29795;
import java.util.*;
class NewThread implements Runnable

{

    Thread t;

    int n;

    Stack<Integer> STACK=new Stack<Integer>();

    NewThread(int size)

    {

        n=size;

        t=new Thread(this);

        t.start();

    }

    synchronized public void run()

    {

        STACK.push(n);

        System.out.println(STACK.pop());

    }

}

class StackThreads

{

    public static void main(String args[])

    {

        System.out.println("Enter the size of the stack");

        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

        int k=sc.nextInt();

        for(int i=1;i<=k;i++)

        {

            NewThread ob=new NewThread(i);

```

```
    }  
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter the size of the stack
4
1
2
3
4

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter the size of the stack
9
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9

S.No: 30	Exp. Name: <i>Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(TreeMap class)</i>	Date: 2023-12-19
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(TreeMap class)

Source Code:

Treemap.java

```
import java.util.*;

public class Treemap{

    public static void main(String[] args){

        Scanner inp = new Scanner(System.in);

        TreeMap<Integer, String> treeMap = new TreeMap<Integer, String>();

        System.out.print("No.Of Mapping Elements in TreeMap:");

        int num = inp.nextInt();

        for(int i=0;i<num;i++){

            System.out.print("Integer:");

            int key = inp.nextInt();

            inp.nextLine();

            System.out.print("String:");

            String value = inp.nextLine();

            treeMap.put(key,value);

        }

        for(Map.Entry m : treeMap.entrySet()){

            System.out.println(m.getKey()+"->"+m.getValue());

        }

    }

}
```

Page No: 65

ID: 224G1A0571

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

No.Of Mapping Elements in TreeMap:

2

Integer:

1

String:

HELLO

Integer:

2

String:

WORLD

1->HELLO

2->WORLD

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 66**Test Case - 2****User Output**

No.Of Mapping Elements in TreeMap:

3

Integer:

25

String:

UNIVERSITY

Integer:

26

String:

KNOWLEDGE

Integer:

27

String:

TECHNOLOGIES

25->UNIVERSITY

26->KNOWLEDGE

27->TECHNOLOGIES

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology
2022-2026-CSE-B

S.No: 31	Exp. Name: <i>Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(TreeSet class)</i>	Date: 2023-12-19
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(TreeSet class)

Source Code:

TreeSetclass.java

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 67

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

```
import java.util.TreeSet;

import java.util.Scanner;

import java.util.Iterator;

public class TreeSetclass{

    public static void main(String args[]){

        TreeSet<String> ani = new TreeSet<String>();

        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("No.Of Elements in TreeSet:");

        int t=sc.nextInt();

        for(int i=0;i<t;i++){

            System.out.print("String:");

            String a=sc.next();

            ani.add(a);

        }

        System.out.println("TreeSet Elements by Iterating:");

        for(String s1:ani){

            System.out.println(s1);
        }
    }
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 68

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

No.Of Elements in TreeSet:

3

String:

Never

String:

Give

String:

Up

TreeSet Elements by Iterating:

Give

Never

Up

ID: 224G1A0571

Page No: 69

Test Case - 2**User Output**

No.Of Elements in TreeSet:

2

String:

Hello

String:

There

TreeSet Elements by Iterating:

Hello

There

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

2022-2026-CSE-B

S.No: 32	Exp. Name: <i>Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(LinkedHashMap class)</i>	Date: 2023-12-19
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(LinkedHashMap class)

Source Code:

LinkedHashMapclass.java

```
import java.util.*;

public class LinkedHashMapclass{

    public static void main(String args[]) {

        LinkedHashMap<String,String> num = new LinkedHashMap<String,String>();

        System.out.print("No.Of Mapping Elements in LinkedHashMap:");

        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

        int a=sc.nextInt();

        for(int i=0;i<a;i++){

            System.out.print("String:");

            String m=sc.next();

            System.out.print("Corresponding String:");

            String n=sc.next();

            num.put(m,n);

        }

        System.out.println("LinkedHashMap entries : ");

        Set<String> keyonly=num.keySet();

        for(String obj : keyonly)

            System.out.println(obj+"="+num.get(obj));

    }

}
```

Page No:70

ID: 224G1A0571

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

No.Of Mapping Elements in LinkedHashMap:
3
String:
ONE
Corresponding String:
hi
String:
TWO
Corresponding String:
hello
String:
THREE
Corresponding String:
everyone
LinkedHashMap entries :
ONE=hi
TWO=hello
THREE=everyone

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 71

Test Case - 2	
User Output	
No.Of Mapping Elements in LinkedHashMap:	4
String:	1x1
Corresponding String:	1
String:	1x2
Corresponding String:	2
String:	1x3
Corresponding String:	3
String:	1x4
Corresponding String:	4
LinkedHashMap entries :	1x1=1 1x2=2 1x3=3 1x4=4

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

S.No: 33

Exp. Name: **Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(HashMap class)**

Date: 2023-12-19

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(HashMap class)

Source Code:

HashMapclass.java

```
import java.util.*;  
  
public class HashMapclass{  
  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);  
  
        HashMap<String,Integer> hash = new HashMap<String,Integer>();  
  
        System.out.print("No.Of Mapping Elements in HashMap:");  
  
        int n=sc.nextInt();  
  
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){  
  
            System.out.print("String:");  
  
            String a=sc.next();  
  
            System.out.print("Integer:");  
  
            int num=sc.nextInt();  
  
            hash.put(a,num);  
  
        }  
  
        for(Map.Entry m:hash.entrySet())  
  
            System.out.println("Key = "+m.getKey()+" , Value = "+m.getValue());  
  
        System.out.println(hash);  
  
    }  
  
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No:72

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
No.Of Mapping Elements in HashMap:

```
3
String:
hi
Integer:
1
String:
hello
Integer:
2
String:
world
Integer:
3
Key = hi, Value = 1
Key = world, Value = 3
Key = hello, Value = 2
{hi=1, world=3, hello=2}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 73

Test Case - 2

User Output

```
No.Of Mapping Elements in HashMap:
3
String:
Students
Integer:
200
String:
Teachers
Integer:
5
String:
Principal
Integer:
1
Key = Teachers, Value = 5
Key = Students, Value = 200
Key = Principal, Value = 1
{Teachers=5, Students=200, Principal=1}
```

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

S.No: 34

Exp. Name: **Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(LinkedList class)**

Date: 2023-12-19

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(LinkedList class)

Source Code:

Linkedlist.java

```
import java.util.*;  
  
public class Linkedlist{  
  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        System.out.println("No.Of Strings in LinkedList:");  
  
        Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);  
  
        int n = sc.nextInt();  
  
        LinkedList<String> ll = new LinkedList<String>();  
  
        for (int i=0; i<n; i++){  
  
            System.out.println("Enter the String:");  
  
            Scanner b = new Scanner(System.in);  
  
            String str= b.nextLine();  
  
            ll.add(str);  
  
        }  
  
        System.out.println("LinkedList:" + ll);  
  
        ListIterator list_Iter = ll.listIterator(0);  
  
        System.out.println("The List is as follows:");  
  
        while(list_Iter.hasNext()){  
  
            System.out.println(list_Iter.next());  
  
        }  
    }  
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No:74

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

No.Of Strings in LinkedList:

3

Enter the String:

Hi

Enter the String:

Hello

Enter the String:

World

LinkedList:[Hi, Hello, World]

The List is as follows:

Hi

Hello

World

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 75

Test Case - 2**User Output**

No.Of Strings in LinkedList:

2

Enter the String:

Human

Enter the String:

Being

LinkedList:[Human, Being]

The List is as follows:

Human

Being

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

S.No: 35

Exp. Name: **Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(ArrayList class)**

Date: 2023-12-19

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(ArrayList class)

Source Code:

ArrayListExample.java

```
import java.util.*;  
  
public class ArrayListExample{  
  
    public static void main(String args[]){  
  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);  
  
        ArrayList<Integer> al=new ArrayList<Integer>();  
  
        System.out.println("Enter ArrayList length: ");  
        int n=sc.nextInt();  
  
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){  
  
            al.add(i);  
  
        }  
  
        System.out.println("ArrayList printing by using Iterator: ");  
        Iterator it = al.iterator();  
  
        while(it.hasNext())  
  
            System.out.println(it.next());  
  
    }  
}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No:76

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter ArrayList length:
5
ArrayList printing by using Iterator:
1
2
3
4
5

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter ArrayList length:

3

ArrayList printing by using Iterator:

1

2

3

S.No: 36	Exp. Name: <i>Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(HashTable class)</i>	Date: 2023-12-19
----------	--	------------------

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(HashTable class)

Source Code:

HashTableclass.java

```
import java.util.*;

public class HashTableclass{

    public static void main(String args[]){

        Hashtable<Integer,String> ht=new Hashtable<Integer,String>();

        System.out.print("No.Of Mapping Elements in HashTable:");

        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);

        int n=sc.nextInt();

        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){

            System.out.print("Rank:");

            int k=sc.nextInt();

            System.out.print("Name:");

            String v=sc.next();

            ht.put(k,v);

        }

        Enumeration keys=ht.keys();

        while(keys.hasMoreElements()){

            int nextKey=(int)keys.nextElement();

            System.out.println("Rank : " + nextKey + "\t\t" + " Name : " +
ht.get(nextKey));

        }

    }

}
```

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No:78

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

No.Of Mapping Elements in HashTable:

3

Rank:

4

Name:

Robert

Rank:

5

Name:

John

Rank:

6

Name:

Jennifer

Rank : 6 Name : Jennifer

Rank : 5 Name : John

Rank : 4 Name : Robert

ID: 224G1A0571 Page No: 79

2022-2026-CSE-B

Srinivasa Ramanujan Institute of Technology

Test Case - 2

User Output

No.Of Mapping Elements in HashTable:

3

Rank:

1

Name:

Jon

Rank:

2

Name:

Robert

Rank:

3

Name:

Jennifer

Rank : 3 Name : Jennifer

Rank : 2 Name : Robert

Rank : 1 Name : Jon

