Failure Cases and Their Solutions

- When Grounded-SAM fails to segment the object.
 - Consequences: The error will propagate to the view-synthesis model (zero 1-to-3) and will affect the generation.
 - o Example:



(Raw Image)



(Grounded-SAM Mask)

Solution:

Use proper text prompting:

- Instead of directly prompting the object name use a detailed prompt.
- Example: "office chair and its parts"



(Raw Image)



(Grounded-SAM Mask)

- When Stable Diffusion inpainting is unsuccessful in properly removing an object due to a noisy segmentation mask at the object's border.
 - Consequences: The noise added during inpainting will propagate further in the pipeline and will affect the end generation.
 - Example:



(Object Mask)



(Inpainting Results)

Solution

Use dilation on the segmentation mask to capture the border pixels of the object that Grounded-SAM missed.

Kernel size of 5x5 is used with no iteration = 3

Results:



Before applying dilation



After applying dilation

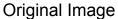
Output Image Quality

- The images produced by these models experience a decline in quality.
- Despite satisfactory outcomes from stable-diffusion-inpainting and zero-1-to-3, they fall short in delivering high-quality visuals.
- Solution: One can use 'Image Super Resolution' at the end of the pipeline, or after inpainting and view synthesis, to address the issue of output image quality.

• Partial-Segmentation Mask

- Consequences: The error will propagate to the view-synthesis model (zero 1-to-3) and will affect the generation.
- Example:







Object Mask

Possible solution:

- Use models that are more generalizable and are trained to fine-grained versatile and fine-grained objects and their respective parts.
- Example: SAM-HQ

Results



(Input Image)



(Segmentation Mask)



(Object Mask)



(Synthesised View)



(Inpainting Output)

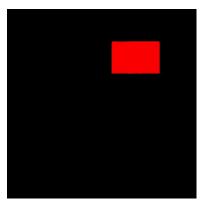


(Output)

Failure Case:



(Input Image)



(Segmentation Mask)



(Object Mask)



(Synthesised View)



(Inpainting Output)



(Output)