

Project: Compiler and Virtual Machine for a Programming Language

SparkUp

SER 502: Languages and Prog Paradigms

TEAM-12

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Features of SparkUp

Modular Structure:

- Components include **Initialization**, **Computation**, and **Conclusion**.

Data Types:

- Supports basic types: `int`, `float`, `str`, `bool`.

Variable Management:

- Variables are declared using `let` with type assignment and initialization.

Expressions:

- Arithmetic (`+`, `-`, `*`, `/`), Logical (`&&`, `||`, `==`, etc.), and **Ternary expressions** (`cond ? expr1 : expr2`).

Control Flow:

- **Conditionals:** `chk` (if) with optional `alt` (else).
- **Loops:** `while` and `for`.

Features of SparkUp

Input/Output:

- Print functionality using `print(expr)`.

Pre-Defined Literals:

- **Integer**, **Float**, **String**, and **Boolean** literals (`true`, `false`).

Logical Expressions:

- Support for complex logic (`not`, comparisons, and logical operators).

Encapsulation:

- Components like loops and conditionals encapsulate logic within `{ }` blocks.

Program Termination:

- Explicit conclusion using the `fin` keyword.

Custom Syntax:

- Unique keywords (`chk`, `alt`, `fin`, etc.) to simplify syntax.

Components of SparkUp

1. Initialization:

Syntax: `let <variable_type> <variable_name> = <expression>`

- **Let:** Introduces a variable definition.
- **Variable_type:** Specifies the type such as int, float, str, or bool.
- **Variable_name:** Represents unique name for referencing the variable.
- **Expression:** The initial value assigned to the variable Example: `let int x = 10`
- **Example:** `let int x = 10`

Components of SparkUp

2. Computation:

a. Print statements:

Syntax: `print(<expression>)`

b. Assignments:

Syntax: `<variable_name> = <expression>`

Components of SparkUp

c. Conditionals:

Syntax:

```
chk (<logical_expression>) {  
  <components>  
}  
alt {  
  <components>
```

```
}
```

Components of SparkUp

d. Loops:

while loop syntax:

```
while (<logical_expression>)  
{  
  <components>  
}
```

for loop syntax:

```
for (<assignment>; <logical_expression>; <assignment>)  
{  
  <components>  
}
```

3. Conclusion: Syntax: fin

Grammar

```
program: components EOF
components: initialization NEWLINE conclude* computation NEWLINE conclude*
""" PRE-DEFINITIONS """
"""
asnmt_op : '='
variable_type : 'int' | 'float' | 'str' | 'bool'
lowercase : 'a' | 'b' | 'c' | 'd' | 'e' | 'f' | 'g' | 'h' | 'i' | 'j' | 'k' |
' l' | 'm' | 'n' | 'o' | 'p' | 'q' | 'r' | 's' | 't' | 'u' | 'v' | 'w' | 'x' |
'y' | 'z'
digit : '0' | '1' | '2' | '3' | '4' | '5' | '6' | '7' | '8' | '9'
variable_name : lowercase (lowercase | digit)*
intLiteral : digit+
floatLiteral : intLiteral '.' intLiteral
stringLiteral : """ (lowercase | digit | ' ')* """ | ''' (lowercase | digit |
' ')* '''
boolLiteral : 'true' | 'false'
"""
""" COMPONENTS """
initialization : 'let' variable_type variable_name asnmt_op expression
```

Grammar

```
computation : operation+
operation : print_statement | assignment | conditional | loop
""" STATEMENTS """
print_statement : 'print' '(' expression ')'
assignment : variable_name asmnt_op expression
""" EXPRESSIONS """
expression : intLiteral
            | floatLiteral
            | stringLiteral
            | boolLiteral
            | variable_name
            | arithmeticExpression
            | logicalExpression
            | ternaryExpression
arithmeticExpression : expression ( '+' | '-' | '*' | '/' ) expression
logicalExpression : expression ( '&&' | '||' | '==' | '!=' | '>' | '<' | '>='
| '<=' ) expression
                  | 'not' expression
ternaryExpression : expression '?' expression ':' expression
""" CONDITIONALS AND LOOPS """
conditional : 'chk' '(' logicalExpression ')' '{' components '}' ('alt' '{'
components '}')?
loop : 'while' '(' logicalExpression ')' '{' components '}'
      | 'for' '(' assignment ';' logicalExpression ';' assignment ')' '{'
components '}'
conclude : 'fin'
```

Sample Code

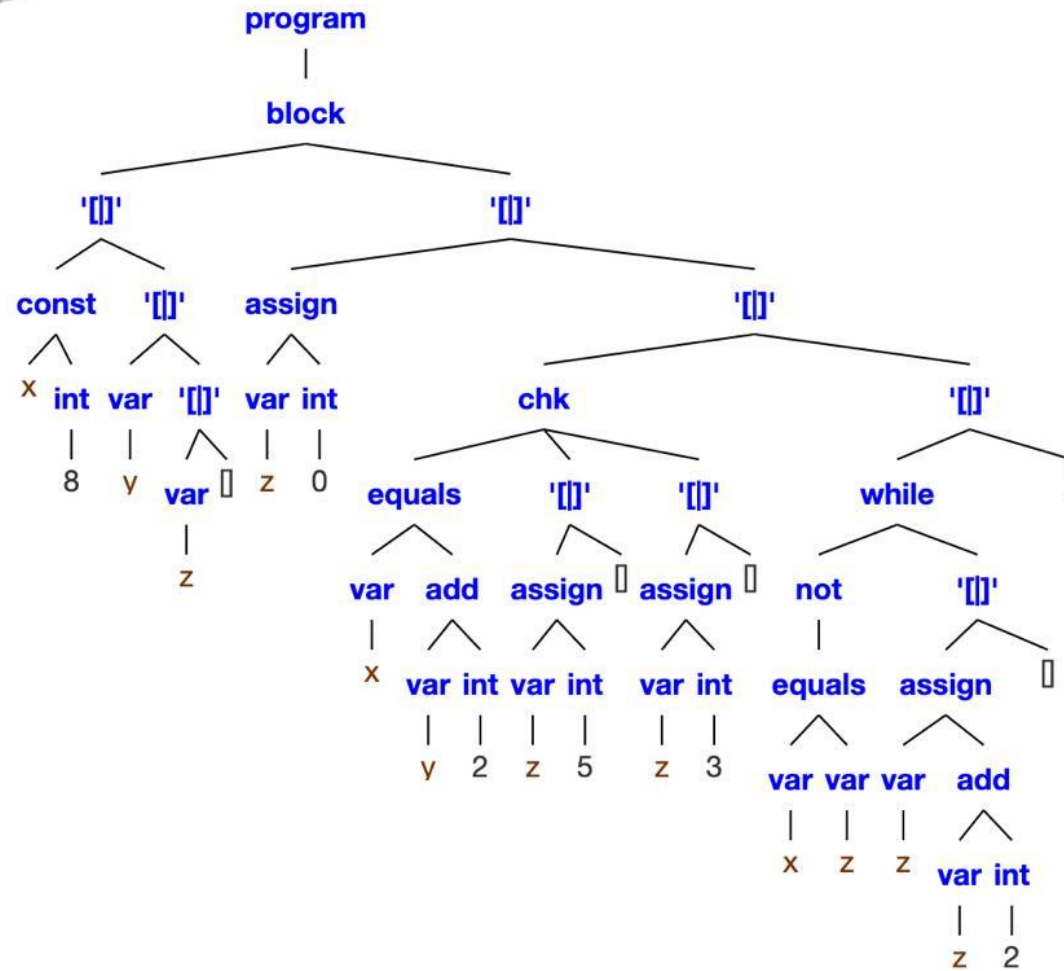
```
let int x = 8  
let int y  
let int z  
z=0
```

```
chk (x ==y+2) {  
    z=5  
} alt {  
    z=3  
}
```

```
while(not (x==z)){  
    z=z+2  
}
```

Parse Tree

ParseTree =



Interpreter

```
import sys
import os

# Add the src folder to the Python path
script_dir = os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__))
src_path = os.path.join(script_dir, "../src")
sys.path.insert(0, src_path)

from sparkup_lexer import lexer
from sparkup_parser import parser

# Execution context (global variables)
execution_context = {}

def evaluate_expression(expression):
    """Evaluate an expression recursively."""
    if isinstance(expression, tuple): # Binary or ternary operation
        op = expression[0]
        if op == 'ternary': # Ternary operator
            condition = evaluate_expression(expression[1])
            if condition:
                return evaluate_expression(expression[2])
            else:
                return evaluate_expression(expression[3])
        elif op in ('+', '-', '*', '/', '<', '>', '<=', '>=', '==', '!='):
            left_val = evaluate_expression(expression[1])
            right_val = evaluate_expression(expression[2])
            if op == '+':
                return left_val + right_val
            elif op == '-':
                return left_val - right_val
            elif op == '*':
                return left_val * right_val
            elif op == '/':
                if right_val == 0:
                    raise ValueError("Division by zero")
                return left_val / right_val
            elif op == '<':
                return left_val < right_val
            elif op == '>':
                return left_val > right_val
            elif op == '<=':
                return left_val <= right_val
            elif op == '>=':
                return left_val >= right_val
```

Interpreter

```
        elif op == '==':
            return left_val == right_val
        elif op == '!=':
            return left_val != right_val
    elif isinstance(expression, str): # Variable reference or string literal
        if expression in execution_context:
            return execution_context[expression]
        elif expression.startswith('\"') and expression.endswith('\"'): # String literal
            return expression[1:-1] # Remove quotes
        else:
            return expression # Treat as plain string if not a variable
    else: # Literal value (int, float, bool)
        return expression

def execute_statement(statement):
    """Execute a single parsed statement."""
    if statement['type'] == 'assignment':
        execution_context[statement['var']] = evaluate_expression(statement['value'])
    elif statement['type'] == 'print':
        value = evaluate_expression(statement['value'])
        print(value)
    elif statement['type'] == 'conditional':
        condition = evaluate_expression(statement['condition'])
        if condition:
            execute_program(statement['then'])
        elif 'else' in statement:
            execute_program(statement['else'])
    elif statement['type'] == 'while':
        while evaluate_expression(statement['condition']):
            execute_program(statement['body'])
    elif statement['type'] == 'for':
        execute_statement(statement['init'])
        while evaluate_expression(statement['condition']):
            execute_program(statement['body'])
            execute_statement(statement['update'])

def execute_program(program):
    """Execute the parsed program."""
    for statement in program:
        execute_statement(statement)

def load_skp_file(filename):
    """Load and read a .skp file."""
    if not filename.endswith('.skp'):
```


Interpreter

```
        raise ValueError("Invalid file extension. Please use a .skp file.")
    with open(filename, 'r') as file:
        code = file.read()
    return code

if __name__ == "__main__":
    if len(sys.argv) != 2:
        print("Usage: skp data/test.skp")
        sys.exit(1)

    filename = sys.argv[1]
    try:
        code = load_skp_file(filename)
    except Exception as e:
        print(f"Error: {e}")
        sys.exit(1)

    # Tokenizing and parsing
    lexer.input(code)
    program = parser.parse(code)

    if program:
        print("Program parsed successfully. Executing...")
        execute_program(program)
    else:
        print("Parsing failed.")
```

Sample Code

```
let int x = 0
```

```
let int y = 5
```

```
while (x < y) {  
    print("x value:")  
    print(x)
```

```
    chk (x < 3) {  
        print("x is less than 3")  
    } alt {  
        print("x is greater than or equal to 3")  
    }
```

```
    x = x + 1  
}
```

```
print("While loop completed.")
```


Sample Run and Output

```
PS C:\Users\moksh\OneDrive\Desktop\SER502-Sparkup-Te
Initialization: x = 0
Components parsed
Initialization: y = 5
Components parsed
Print statement: x value:
Components parsed
Print statement: x
Components parsed
Print statement: x is less than 3
Components parsed
Print statement: x is greater than or equal to 3
Components parsed
Conditional statement parsed
Components parsed
Assignment: x = ('+', 'x', 1)
Components parsed
While loop parsed
Components parsed
Print statement: While loop completed.
Components parsed
Program successfully parsed!
Program parsed successfully. Executing...
```

```
x value:
Program successfully parsed!
Program successfully parsed!
Program parsed successfully. Executing...
x value:
0
x is less than 3
x value:
1
x is less than 3
x value:
2
x is less than 3
x value:
3
x is greater than or equal to 3
x value:
4
x is greater than or equal to 3
While loop completed.
```

Future Scope

- **Advanced Data Types:** Add arrays, dictionaries, or objects.
- **Error Handling:** Introduce syntax and runtime error management.
- **Functions:** Enable reusability with user-defined functions.
- **File I/O:** Allow reading/writing external files and database interaction.

Thank You