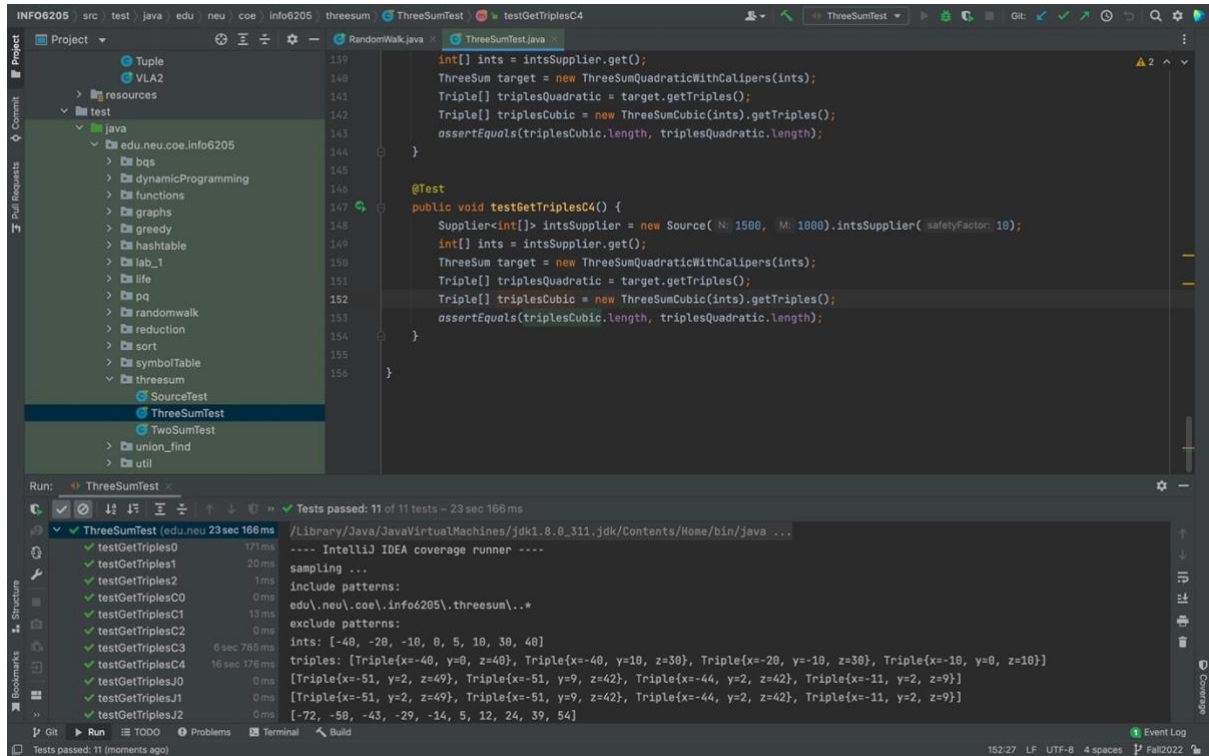


Assignment 2- 3 Sum

A: Evidence



The screenshot displays the IntelliJ IDEA IDE with a project named 'INFO6205'. The left sidebar shows the project structure, including a 'test' directory with a 'ThreeSumTest' class. The main editor window shows the source code for 'ThreeSumTest.java', which includes a method 'testGetTriplesC4()' that tests the 'ThreeSumCubic' and 'ThreeSumQuadraticWithCalipers' classes. The bottom panel shows the 'Run' output, indicating that 11 of 11 tests passed in 23 seconds and 166 milliseconds. The output also includes a list of generated triples and the source of the integers used in the tests.

```
int[] ints = intsSupplier.get();
ThreeSum target = new ThreeSumQuadraticWithCalipers(ints);
Triple[] triplesQuadratic = target.getTriples();
Triple[] triplesCubic = new ThreeSumCubic(ints).getTriples();
assertEquals(triplesCubic.length, triplesQuadratic.length);

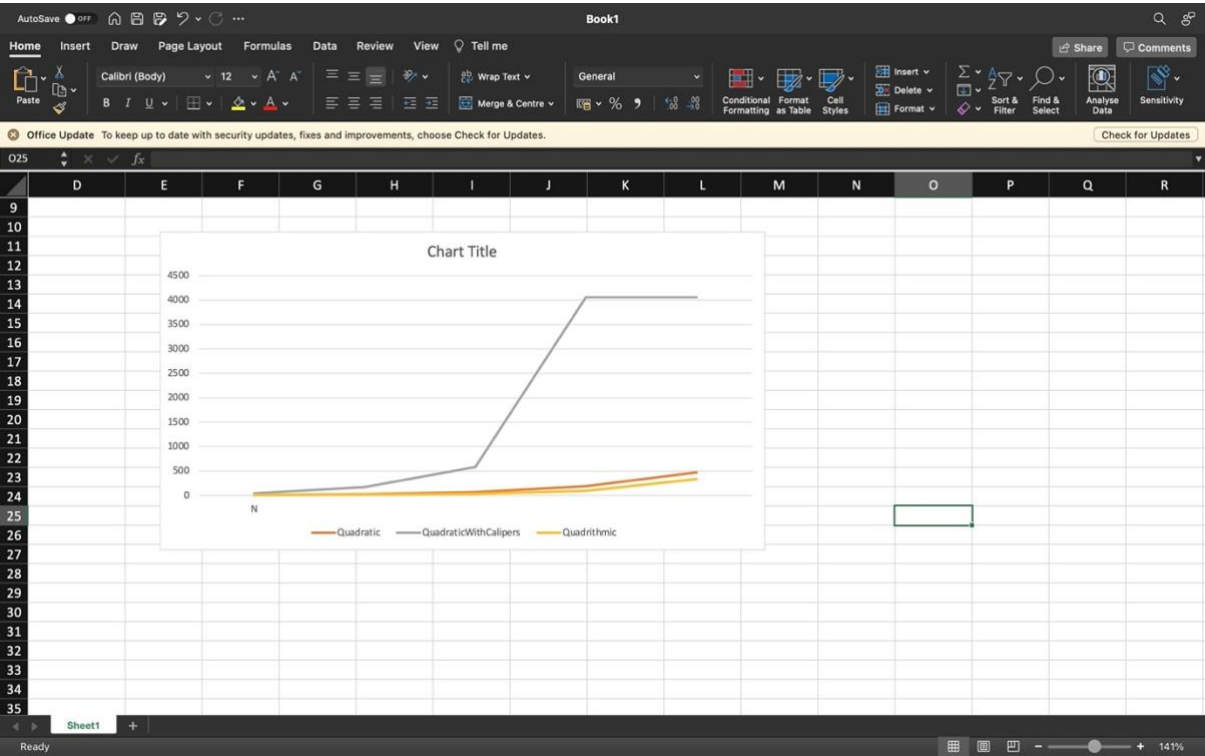
@Test
public void testGetTriplesC4() {
    Supplier<int[]> intsSupplier = new Source( N: 1560, M: 1000).intsSupplier( safetyFactor: 10);
    int[] ints = intsSupplier.get();
    ThreeSum target = new ThreeSumQuadraticWithCalipers(ints);
    Triple[] triplesQuadratic = target.getTriples();
    Triple[] triplesCubic = new ThreeSumCubic(ints).getTriples();
    assertEquals(triplesCubic.length, triplesQuadratic.length);
}
```

Run: ThreeSumTest x
Tests passed: 11 of 11 tests - 23 sec 166 ms
ThreeSumTest (edu.neu 23 sec 166 ms)
testGetTriples0 171 ms
testGetTriples1 20 ms
testGetTriples2 1 ms
testGetTriplesC0 0 ms
testGetTriplesC1 13 ms
testGetTriplesC2 0 ms
testGetTriplesC3 6 sec 785 ms
testGetTriplesC4 16 sec 176 ms
testGetTriplesJ0 0 ms
testGetTriplesJ1 0 ms
testGetTriplesJ2 0 ms

---- IntelliJ IDEA coverage runner ----
sampling ...
include patterns:
edu\neu\coe\info6205\threesum\...
exclude patterns:
ints: [-40, -20, -10, 0, 5, 10, 30, 40]
triples: [Triple{x=-40, y=0, z=40}, Triple{x=-40, y=10, z=30}, Triple{x=-20, y=-10, z=30}, Triple{x=-10, y=0, z=10}]
[Triple{x=-51, y=2, z=49}, Triple{x=-51, y=9, z=42}, Triple{x=-44, y=2, z=42}, Triple{x=-11, y=2, z=9}]
[Triple{x=-51, y=2, z=49}, Triple{x=-51, y=9, z=42}, Triple{x=-44, y=2, z=42}, Triple{x=-11, y=2, z=9}]
[-72, -50, -43, -29, -14, 5, 12, 24, 39, 54]

B: Observation

	A	B	C	D
1				
2	N	Quadratic	QuadraticWithCalipers	Quadrithmic
3	128	13	44	11
4	256	29	174	17
5	512	71	581	31
6	1024	190	4060	91
7	2048	473	4060	337
8				
9				
10				



C: Explanation

Quadratic with calipers:

Once we sort the array, for each element, we try to find two elements to its right (greater than that element because the array is sorted) that are equal to $\text{target} - \text{current element}$.

This is done through the two pointer technique, where we keep one pointer immediately to its right and one pointer at the end of the array.

If the sum of the elements pointed to by the pointers is greater than target, we move the right pointer to the left. If the sum of the elements pointed to by the pointers is lesser than the target, we move the left pointer to the right.

If the sum is equal to target, we add the triplet to the list.

Quadratic:

We store all elements in the array to a HashSet. Then, we iterate through all possible pairs and for each pair, compute the sum of the pair and check whether target is present in the HashSet.