Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Pranav Narayanan

Email: 240701393@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no:

Phone: 9500579427

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE FD

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3); pop(); push(2); pop(); pop(); push(4); pop(); pop(); push(5);

Answer

Underflow Occurs

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
   if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
      printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      return;
   }
   stack[++(*top)] = item;
}
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
   if (*top == -1) {
      printf("Stack Underflow\n");
      return -1;
   }
```

```
return stack[(*top)--];
int main() {
  int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
  push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  return 0;
}
Answer
302010Stack Underflow-1
Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
5. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?
Answer
All of the mentioned options
Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
```

6. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. Elements are Added on _____ of the Stack.

Top

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
  if (top == -1) {
    printf("Stack is empty\n");
  } else {
    printf("Stack elements: ");
    for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
       printf("%d", stack[i]);
    printf("\n");
void push(int value) {
  if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  } else {
    stack[++top] = value;
  }
}
int main() {
  display();
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
  display();
  push(40);
  push(50);
  push(60);
```

```
display();
return 0;
}
```

Answer

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30 20 10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / *8 - is

Answer

142

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3); pop(); push(4); pop(); pop(); push(5); *Answer*

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

```
push(10);pop();push(5);top();
```

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
  return (top == -1);
int isFull() {
  return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
void push(int item) {
  if (isFull())
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    stack[++top] = item;
int main() {
  printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
  printf("%d\n", isFull());
  return 0;
}
Answer
```

10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?

Answer

-18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

2

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

20. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1