Algorithms Lab Assignment 1

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1 Insertion sort

Analysis of Insertion sort complexity.

1.1 Code

```
#include <time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <stdio.h>
5 void sort(int* arr, int size);
7 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
      int size = atoi(argv[1]);
      int* arr = malloc(sizeof(int) * size);
9
     for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {</pre>
10
          arr[i] = rand();
11
12
13
      clock_t start = clock();
14
      sort(arr, size);
      clock_t diff = clock()-start;
16
17
      printf("%ld", diff);
18
19
      free(arr);
20
21
      return 0;
22 }
23
void sort(int* arr, int size) {
     for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {</pre>
25
          int curr = arr[i];
26
          int j = i-1;
27
          while (arr[j] > curr && j >= 0) {
28
               arr[j+1] = arr[j];
30
31
          arr[j+1] = curr;
```

```
33 }
34 }
```

1.2 Output



Figure 1: Insertion sort test output

1.3 Graph

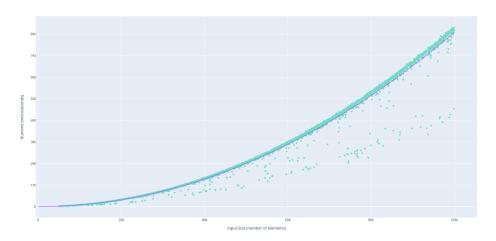


Figure 2: Insertion sort runtime v/s size plot

2 Selection sort

Analysis of Selection sort complexity.

2.1 Code

```
#include <time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>

void sort(int* arr, int size);

int main(int argc, char** argv) {
   int size = atoi(argv[1]);
   int* arr = malloc(sizeof(int) * size);
   for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
        arr[i] = rand();
   }
}</pre>
```

```
12
13
        clock_t start = clock();
14
15
        sort(arr, size);
        clock_t diff = clock()-start;
16
17
        printf("%ld", diff);
19
        free(arr);
20
        return 0;
21
22 }
23
   void sort(int* arr, int size) {
24
        for (int i = 0; i < size-1; ++i) {</pre>
25
             int idx = i;
26
             for (int j = 0; j < size; ++j) {
   if (arr[idx] > arr[j]) idx = j;
27
28
29
             int t = arr[idx];
             arr[idx] = arr[i];
arr[i] = t;
31
32
33
34 }
```

2.2 Output

```
[p@claret sem4_algos]$ ./cmake-build-debug/selectionsort 100000 # prints time(in us) taken to run insertion sort on 100000 elements 10217218
```

Figure 3: Selection sort test output

2.3 Graph

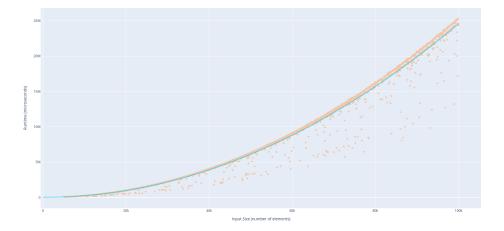


Figure 4: Selection sort runtime v/s size plot

3 Bubble sort

Analysis of Bubble sort complexity.

3.1 Code

```
#include <time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <stdio.h>
5 void sort(int* arr, int size);
7 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
       int size = atoi(argv[1]);
int* arr = malloc(sizeof(int) * size);
9
       for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {</pre>
10
           arr[i] = rand();
11
12
13
       clock_t start = clock();
14
       sort(arr, size);
15
       clock_t diff = clock()-start;
16
17
       printf("%ld", diff);
18
19
       free(arr);
20
       return 0;
21
22 }
23
24
  void sort(int* arr, int size) {
      for (int i = 0; i < size-1; ++i) {</pre>
25
           for (int j = 0; j < size-i-1; ++j) {
26
                if (arr[j] > arr[j+1]) {
27
                    int t = arr[j+1];
28
                    arr[j+1] = arr[j];
29
                    arr[j] = t;
30
31
                }
           }
32
       }
33
34 }
```

3.2 Output

[pgclaret sem4_algos]\$./cmake-build-debug/bubblesort 100000 # prints time(in us) taken to run insertion sort on 100000 elements 19317525

Figure 5: Bubble sort test output

3.3 Graph

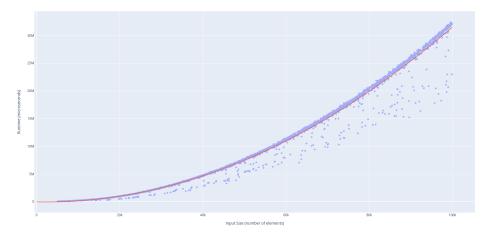


Figure 6: Bubble sort runtime v/s size plot

4 Footnotes

Graphs are screenshots from https://jsfiddle.net/9wmjchp5/show Code to generate graphs and this file is on github