

SMO Implementation from Scratch & Application of SVM

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Problem-Statement

- Training of SVM algorithm is slow for large data-sets and it is complex to implementation .
 - John C. Platt from Microsoft in 1998 invented a new fast algorithm for training support vector machines known as Sequential minimal optimization(SMO).
 - In this project we are implementing Sequential minimal optimization (SMO) from scratch for training Support Vectors.
 - Next, application of support vector machine on a good dataset using in-built libraries.
 - For both implementations MINST dataset is used.
 - At last accuracies are compared for various types of kernels.
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Methods

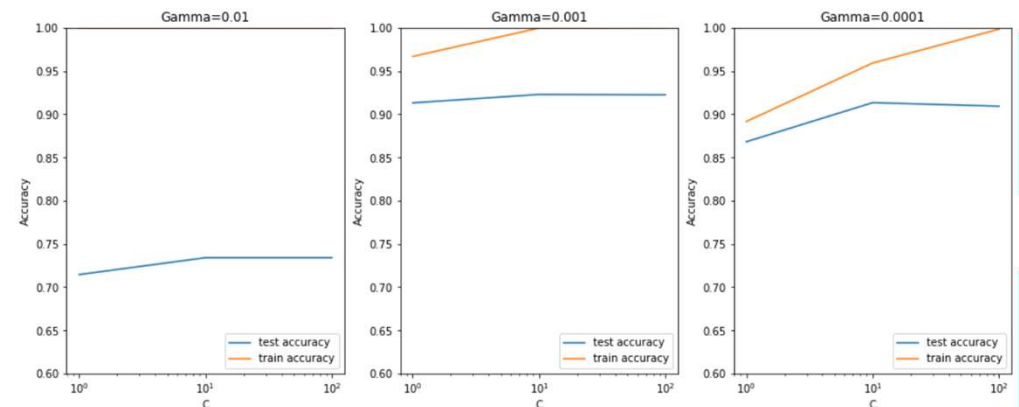
- We trained Support Vector Machines with new optimization algorithm Sequential Minimal Optimization.
 - It quickly solve the SVM QP problem without any extra matrix storage and without using numerical QP optimization steps at all.
 - Unlike the previous methods, SMO chooses to solve the smallest possible optimization problem at every step.
 - In this project we implemented the SVM with SMO using different kernels like linear, gaussian and quadratic kernel. In application of SVM we use RBF kernel.
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Results And Discussions

- Implementation of SMO

Kernel Type	Equation	Accuracy
Linear Kernel	$k(x, y) = x^T y$	94.45%
Quadratic Kernel	$k(x, y) = (x^T + y)^2$	95.08%
Gaussian Kernel	$k(x, y) = \exp(\ x - y\ ^2 / 2 * \sigma^2)$	46.97%

- Application of SVM



- The best optimal parameters are $C=1$ and $\gamma=0.001$.
- The final accuracy on test data is approx. 94%.

References

- [Base Paper](#)
 - [Dataset](#)
 - <https://analyticsindiamag.com/understanding-the-basics-of-svm-with-example-and-python-implementation/>
 - <http://crsouza.com/2010/03/17/kernel-functions-for-machine-learning-applications>
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