

Practical 7

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#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

// # Class Template
template <class T>
class Vector
{
private:
    // 'vec' is an array
    T *vec;
    int size;

public:
    // # Constructor
    Vector(int m)
    {
        size = m;
        vec = new T[size];
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
            vec[i] = 0;
    }
    // # Create Vector
    void create()
    {
        cout << "\n# Create Vector: " << endl;
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        {
            cout << " ";
            cout << "vec[" << i << "] = ";
```

```
        cin >> vec[i];
    }
}

// # Modify Vector
void modify()
{
    int pos;
    cout << "\n# Modify Vector: " << endl;
    cout << " Previous Vector: ";
    display(1);
up:
    cout << "Enter position (0-" << size - 1
    << ") to make changes: ";
    cin >> pos;
    if (pos >= size)
    {
        cout << "Please enter correct
position..!" << endl;
        goto up;
    }
    cout << "Enter new vector value: ";
    cin >> vec[pos];
    cout << " New Vector: ";
}

// # Multiply By Scalar
void multiply()
{
    T sc;
    cout << "\n# Multiply By Scalar: " <<
endl;
```

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        cout << " Previous Vector: ";
        display(1);

        cout << "Enter scaler number to multiply
with vector: ";
        cin >> sc;

        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
            vec[i] = vec[i] * sc;

        cout << " New Vector: ";
    }

// # Display Vector
void display(int n)
{
    int i;
    if (n == 0)
    {
        cout << "\n# Display Vector: " <<
endl;

        cout << " Vector: ";

    }

    cout << "(";
    for (i = 0; i < size - 1; i++)
    {
        cout << vec[i] << ",";

    }

    cout << vec[i] << ")\n";

}

};

// # Main Function
int main()
{
    int size;

    cout << "\n# Generic Vector #\n";

```

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        cout << "\n# Enter size of the Vector: ";

        cin >> size;

        // Creating an Integer Vector

        Vector<int> vec(size); //.... 'vec' is an object
of class template 'Vector'

        vec.display(0);

        vec.create();

        vec.display(0);

        vec.modify();

        vec.display(1);

        vec.multiply();

        vec.display(1);

        cout << "\n";

        return 0;

```

output:

Generic Vector

Enter size of the Vector: 3

Display Vector:

Vector: (0,0,0)

Create Vector:

vec[0] = 10

vec[1] = 20

vec[2] = 30

Display Vector:

Vector: (10,20,30)

Modify Vector:

Previous Vector: (10,20,30)

Enter position (0-2) to make changes: 1

Enter new vector value: 15

New Vector: (10,15,30)

Multiply By Scalar:

Previous Vector: (10,15,30)

Enter scaler number to multiply with vector: 2

New Vector: (20,30,60)