Main Code Notebook

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15/04/2022

This Notebook contains the code to obtain the raw data required for the supervised learning problem of predicting (normalised) NBA yearly salaries.

```
# loading required packages onto workbook instance
require(nbastatR) # to query for NBA data
require(tidyr) # for data manipulation
require(dplyr) # for data manipulation
```

Getting the dictionary of the players in BREF

```
dictionary_bref_players<- dictionary_bref_players()</pre>
```

Creating the column of first season

Getting draft data from 1985-2021, since 1985 is the year when the 3 pt. line and modern basketball came into being.

Renaming namePlayer to namePlayerBREF in draft_data for ease in merging

```
draft_data<- draft_data %>% dplyr::rename(namePlayerBREF = namePlayer)
```

performing the join of draft_data and dictionary_bref_players['namePlayerBREF', 'yearDraft'] into the initial feature matrix X

relocating the slugPlayerBREF column to be the first from the left for easier readability, and dropping Player_Profile_Flag

```
X<- X %>%
  relocate(slugPlayerBREF, .before = namePlayerBREF) %>%
  select(!(PLAYER_PROFILE_FLAG))
```

Querying the BasketBallReference player bios (salaries by season)

```
bref_bios(player_ids = X$slugPlayerBREF)
```

Getting player stats of the players in X

Removing the columns which begin with url (not required at this point in the process)

```
player_stats<- player_stats %>%
  select(!starts_with("url"))# 80 variables currently
```

Sanity Check:- checking number of distinct values in the slugplayerseason column, as that is our primary key

```
nums_pl<- player_stats %>%
  count(slugPlayerSeason) %>%
  arrange(desc(n)) %>%
  head()
nums_pl # these players have faulty NBA ID's and are therefore fail integrity check
```

Noting that there are cases where there are more rows than needed, we remove those duplicate rows from the dataset.

Creating a slugPlayerSeason column for the Salaries data, and adding salary information for a player for a given season.

```
# first, creating a separate column for the yearSeason
# then, using that and the slugPlayerBREF Column to create slugPlayerSeason
```

Dropping the yearSeason column

```
dataBREFPlayersSalaries<- dataBREFPlayersSalaries %>%
select(!c("yearSeason"))
```

Computing the salaries of players by season, storing values as a vector

```
# grouping salary data by slugPlayerSeason
dataBREFPlayersSalaries_grp<- dataBREFPlayersSalaries %>%
  select(c("slugPlayerSeason", "amountSalary")) %>%
  group_by(slugPlayerSeason) %>%
  summarise(totSalary = sum(amountSalary)) # this works!
```

Joining Salary data vector to comprehensive_stats

Dropping all instances of countTeamsPlayerSeasonTotals

```
player_stats<- player_stats %>%
  select(!tidyselect::starts_with("countTeamsPlayerSeason"))# 3 columns dropped
```

Dropping extra info columns- Pt1

```
player_stats<- player_stats %>%
  select(!c("minutesPerGame", "minutesPerMinute", "isSeasonCurrent")) # 75 variables currently
```

getting the counts of NAs in each column

drop 56 columns with NA salary values in them

```
player_stats<- player_stats %>%
  drop_na(totSalary) # 9628 tuples left
```

Counting the number of duplicate primary keys (if any) in comprehensive_stats

```
nums_pl<- player_stats %>%
  count(slugPlayerSeason) %>%
  arrange(desc(n))
View(nums_pl) # no duplicates!
```

importing the csv of salary cap data

Note that this csv was obtained directly from the BasketballReference Website.

formatting the dataframe to remove the \$ sign and commas from columns, and change datatype to numeric

adding 1 to salary_cap_data's yearSeason for easy merging

```
salary_cap_data$yearSeason<- as.numeric(salary_cap_data$yearSeason) + 1
```

Formatting the yearSeason column to ensure easy merging

merging salary_cap_data to comprehensive stats

mutating a new column as the ratio between salary and salary_cap, called normalised_salary

```
player_stats<- player_stats %>%
   dplyr::mutate(normalised_salary = totSalary / as.numeric(salary_cap))
# WORKS. do not change anything else.
```

saving comprehensive stats in an RData file

```
# saving as RDS
saveRDS(object=player_stats, file="player_stats.rds")
```