Birla Institute of Technology and Science, Pilani, Goa Campus



Smart Lighting System

GROUP 4 – PROBLEM 13

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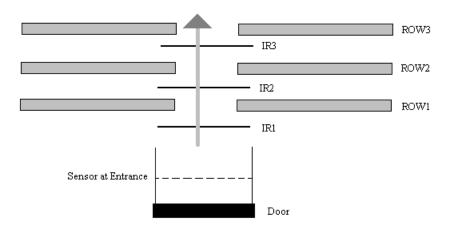
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PROBLEM STATEMENT

Smart Lighting System

Description: This is a lighting system for a conference room. As the seats get filled the light should be turned on. The rows are filled from row1 onwards. There are 4 lights per row. As each row begins to get filled the lights get turned on. As each rows empties completely the light gets turned off. You can assume there are atleast 5 rows. Entry to the auditorium is restricted to a certain point of time. Exit can be at any point of time.

System Details:



ASSUMPTIONS

- Only one person enters or leaves at a given point of time
- People occupy the first seat that is available to them (Row 2 is only occupied if seats in Row 1 are completely filled)
- 10 seats per row have been assumed
- People do not switch rows

HARDWARE DEVICES

CHIP NUMBER	CHIP	QUANTITY REQUIRED	USE
8086	Microprocessor	1	Central Processing
			Unit
6116	RAM 2K	2	Random access
			memory which
			contains DS,SS
2732	ROM 4K	2	Read only memory
			which contains entire
			code (CS)
74LS373	8 Bit Latch	3	To latch address bus
74LS245	8 Bit Buffer	2	To buffer data bus
			(bidirectional)
74LS138	3:8 Decoder	1	Used for select
			signals
8255	Programmable	1	Input and Output
	Peripheral Interface		ports
8284	Clock Timer	1	For stable clock signal
LED	Common Cathode	20	For lighting
	Configuration		
PIR SENSOR	555-2087	6	Detect motion
RJ 1V CA220	DC Relay	5	Amplification for
			lights in each row
AND, OR, NOT	Gates	8 Or, 2 Not, 1 And	Logic Circuit

JUSTIFICATION

 2732 – 2 nos. Smallest ROM chip available is 4K in Proteus and as we need to have even 	and
odd bank and ROM is required at reset address which is at FFFF0H and 00000H - where the	ere is
the IVT	

 6116 – 2 nos. Smallest RAM chip available is 2 	! K and we need odd and even bank. We need
RAM for stack and temporary storage of data	

MAPPING

Memory Organization:

The system uses 4KB of RAM and 8KB of ROM. RAM consists of two 2K chips and ROM consists of 4K chips. They are organized into odd and even bank to facilitate both byte and word size data transfers.

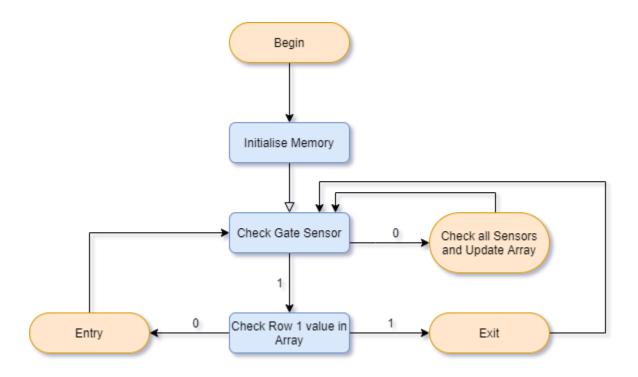
Read Only Memory (2732): Starting Address: 00000h, Ending Address: 01FFFh Random Access Memory (6116): Starting Address: 02000h, Ending Address: 02FFFh

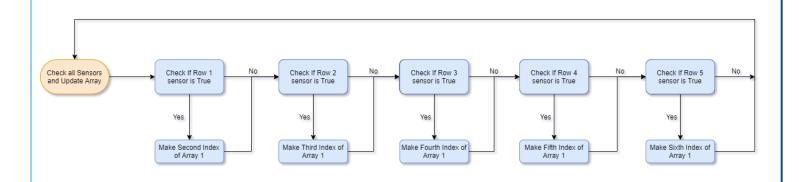
CHIP	A19	A18	A17	A16	A15	A14	A13	A12	A11	A10	А9	A8	Α7	A6	A5	A4	А3	A2	A1	Α0
ROM :FROM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ROM :TO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
RAM :FROM	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RAM :TO	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

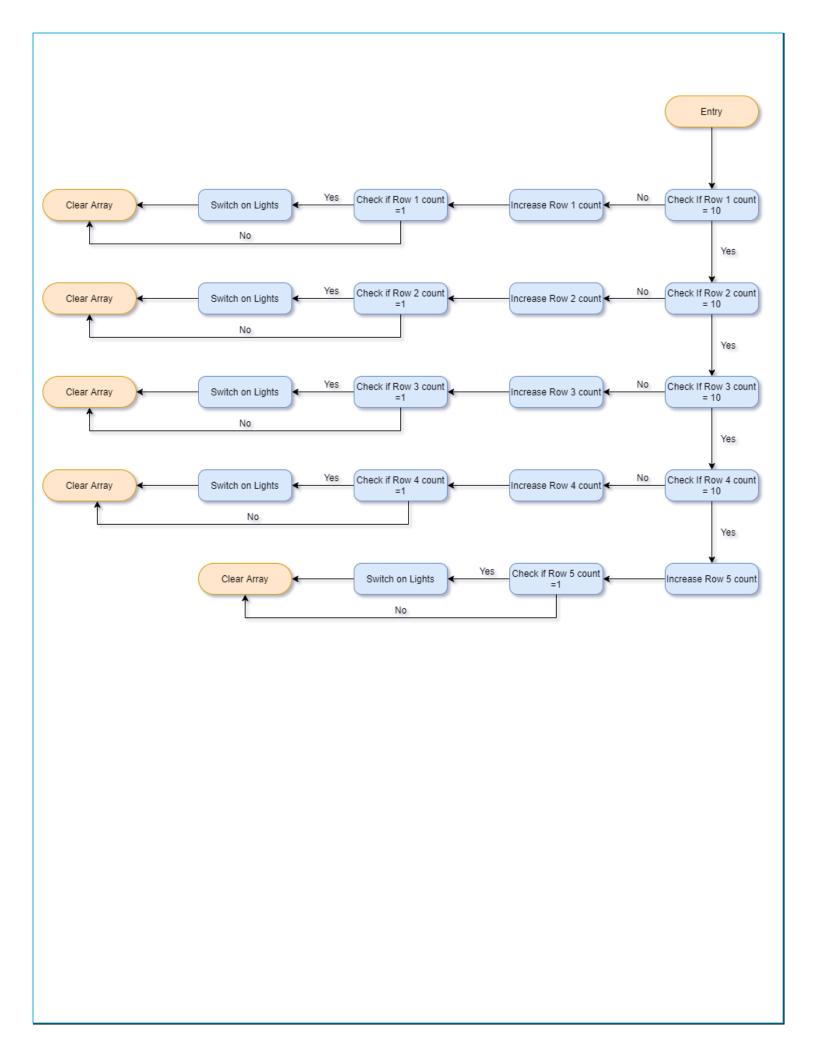
I/O Mapping:

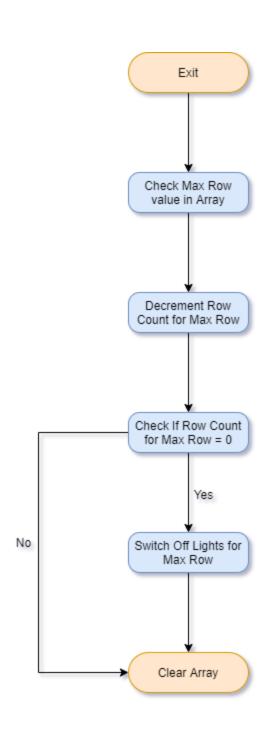
8255-0 Port	Address	Usage
Port A	00000H	Input from Sensors
Port B	00002H	Not Used
Port C	00004H	Output to LEDs
CWR	00006Н	Control Register

FLOWCHART









CODE

;MAIN PROGRAM COUNTER DW 00H RCOUNTER DB 00H,00H,00H,00H,00H,00H; Maintains an array of which sensors have been activated till gate sensor is activated LSTATUS DB 0 ;Maintains a status of lights MAXROW DB 00H ;Max # of the row that was pressed during exit SEATS DB 00H,00H,00H,00H,00H,00H ;Individual Row Count for all rows ;8255-0 PORTAO EQU 00H PORTB0 EQU 02H PORTCO EQU 04H COMMAND_ADDRESS0 EQU 06H JMP ST1 DB 1001 DUP(0) ST1: ; INTIALIZE DS, ES,SS TO START OF RAM MOV AX,02000H MOV DS,AX MOV ES,AX MOV SS,AX MOV SP,02FFEH ;intialise port a as input & b& c as output mov al,00110110b out 0eh,al al,4 mov 08h,al out al,0 mov 08h,al out al,90h mov

```
06h,al
                  out
MOV SEATS,00H
MOV SEATS+1,00H
MOV SEATS+2,00H
MOV SEATS+3,00H
MOV SEATS+4,00H
MOV RCOUNTER,00H
MOV RCOUNTER+1,00H
MOV RCOUNTER+2,00H
MOV RCOUNTER+3,00H
MOV RCOUNTER+4,00H
MOV RCOUNTER+5,00H
MOV LSTATUS,00H
MOV MAXROW,00H
;;CHECK FOR ENTRY THROUGH GATE
X1: IN AL,00H
 AND AL,80H
 CMP AL,80H
 JNE X2
                                           ; X7 is the sequence where gate emits code 1 aka it is interrupted
        JMP X7
;; this is the code for the Check all sensors and update array part of code
        ;;CHECK FOR Sensor Interrupt IN ROW1
        X2: IN AL,00H
                 AND AL,40H
                 CMP AL,40H
                 JNE X3
                                           ;Add delay because if delay is not added, the loop will go on too fast and increase count to an out
                 MOV CX, 0D000h
of bounds value
```

```
W3:
               NOP
               NOP
               NOP
               NOP
               NOP
       LOOP W3
       ADD RCOUNTER+1,1
       CMP RCOUNTER+1,0
       JE X1
       CMP RCOUNTER+2,0
       JNE X1
       MOV MAXROW,1
;;CHECK FOR Sensor Interrupt IN ROW2
X3: IN AL,00H
       AND AL,20H
       CMP AL,20H
       JNE X4
       MOV CX, 0D000h
       W4:
               NOP
               NOP
               NOP
               NOP
               NOP
       LOOP W4
       ADD RCOUNTER+2,1
       CMP RCOUNTER+2,0
       JE X1
```

```
CMP RCOUNTER+3,0
       JNE X1
        MOV MAXROW,2
;;CHECK FOR Sensor Interrupt IN ROW3
X4: IN AL,00H
       AND AL,10H
       CMP AL,10H
       JNZ X5
        MOV CX, 0D000h
       W5:
                NOP
                NOP
                NOP
                NOP
                NOP
        LOOP W5
       ADD RCOUNTER+3,1
       CMP RCOUNTER+3,0
       JE X1
       CMP RCOUNTER+4,0
       JNE X1
        MOV MAXROW,3
;;CHECK FOR Sensor Interrupt IN ROW4
X5: IN AL,00H
       AND AL,08H
       CMP AL,08H
       JNE X6
```

```
MOV CX, 0D000h
       W6:
                NOP
                NOP
                NOP
                NOP
                NOP
        LOOP W6
       ADD RCOUNTER+4,1
       CMP RCOUNTER+4,0
       JE X1
       CMP RCOUNTER+5,0
       JNE X1
        MOV MAXROW,4
;;CHECK FOR Sensor Interrupt IN ROW5
X6: IN AL,00H
       AND AL,04H
       CMP AL,04H
       JNE X1
                                        ; X1 is the sequence that checks the gate
        MOV CX, 0D000h
        W7:
                NOP
                NOP
                NOP
                NOP
                NOP
        LOOP W7
       ADD RCOUNTER+5,1
        CMP RCOUNTER+5,0
```

```
X1
                   JE
                   MOV MAXROW,5
                   JMP X1
;; Check row 1 array value
X7: MOV RCOUNTER,1
         CMP RCOUNTER+1,1
         JE Y1
                                                          ; Y1 is the sequence for exit % \left\{ 1,2,...,N\right\}
         JMP Z1
                                                          ; {\sf Z1} is the sequence for entry
;; Entry Sequence
         ;; Check if Row1 count is 10
         Z1:
                  CMP SEATS,10
                   JNE Z2
         ;; Check if Row2 count is 10
         Z3: CMP SEATS+1,10
                   JNE Z4
         ;; Check if Row3 count is 10
         Z5: CMP SEATS+2,10
                   JNE Z6
         ;; Check if Row4 count is 10
         Z7: CMP SEATS+3,10
                   JNE Z8
         ;; Increment Row 5
          Z9: SUB RCOUNTER+1,1
```

SUB RCOUNTER+2,1

SUB RCOUNTER+3,1

SUB RCOUNTER+4,1

ADD SEATS+4,1

CMP SEATS+4,0

JLE C2 ;C2 is the sequence that clears the array RCOUNTER's gate value

MOV AL,LSTATUS ;Load current status of lights into al so they dont get changed

MOV BL,00001000b ;Make sure the light in 5th row is on by or with current status

OR AL,BL

OUT 04H, AL ;Output now condition to port C

MOV LSTATUS,AL ;Update current status of lights

JMP C2

Z2: SUB RCOUNTER+1,1

ADD SEATS,1

CMP SEATS,0

JLE C2 ;C2 is the sequence that clears the array RCOUNTER's gate value

MOV AL, LSTATUS ;Load current status of lights into al so they dont get changed

MOV BL,10000000b ;Make sure the light in 1st row is on by or with current status

OR AL,BL

OUT 04H, AL ;Output now condition to port C

MOV LSTATUS,AL ;Update current status of lights

JMP C2

Z4: SUB RCOUNTER+1,1

SUB RCOUNTER+2,1

ADD SEATS+1,1

CMP SEATS+1,0

JLE C2 ;C2 is the sequence that clears the array RCOUNTER's gate value

MOV AL,LSTATUS ;Load current status of lights into al so they dont get changed

MOV BL,01000000b ;Make sure the light in 2nd row is on by or with current status

OR AL,BL

OUT 04H, AL ;Output now condition to port C

MOV LSTATUS,AL ;Update current status of lights

JMP C2

Z6: SUB RCOUNTER+1,1

SUB RCOUNTER+2,1

SUB RCOUNTER+3,1

ADD SEATS+2,1

CMP SEATS+2,0

JLE C2 ;C2 is the sequence that clears the array RCOUNTER's gate value

MOV AL,LSTATUS ;Load current status of lights into al so they dont get changed

MOV BL,00100000b ;Make sure the light in 3rd row is on by or with current status

OR AL,BL

OUT 04H, AL ;Output now condition to port C

MOV LSTATUS,AL ;Update current status of lights

JMP C2

Z8: SUB RCOUNTER+1,1

SUB RCOUNTER+2,1

SUB RCOUNTER+3,1

SUB RCOUNTER+4,1

ADD SEATS+3,1

CMP SEATS+3,0

JLE C2 ;C2 is the sequence that clears the array RCOUNTER's gate value

MOV AL,LSTATUS ;Load current status of lights into al so they dont get changed

MOV BL,00010000b ;Make sure the light in 4th row is on by or with current status

OR AL,BL

```
OUT 04H, AL
                                                        ;Output now condition to port C
                MOV LSTATUS,AL
                                                ;Update current status of lights
                JMP C2
;; Clear Array
C1: MOV RCOUNTER,0
        MOV RCOUNTER+1,00h
        MOV RCOUNTER+2,00h
        MOV RCOUNTER+3,00h
        MOV RCOUNTER+4,00h
        MOV RCOUNTER+5,00h
        MOV MAXROW,00h
  MOV CX, 0D000h
  W2:
   NOP
   NOP
   NOP
   NOP
   NOP
  LOOP W2
        JMP X1
C2: MOV RCOUNTER,0
        MOV MAXROW,00h
  MOV CX, 0D000h
  W1:
   NOP
   NOP
   NOP
   NOP
```

```
NOP
  LOOP W1
        JMP X1
;;Exit Sequence
        ;; Decrement the row count for \max row value
        Y1:
                 CMP MAXROW,1
                                                                      ;Check MaxRow Value
                 JNE Y2
                 SUB SEATS,1
                                                                      ;Subtract Row Count of MaxRow
                 CMP SEATS,0
                                                                      ;Check If the count has become 0
                 JNE C1
                 MOV AL, LSTATUS
                                                                      ;Load Current state of Lights in AL
                 MOV BL,01111111b
                                                                               ;conserve all values except row LEDs
                 AND AL,BL
                 OUT 04H,AL
                                                                               ;Output to port C
                 MOV LSTATUS, AL
                                                                      ;Update status of Lights
                 JMP C1
        Y2: CMP MAXROW,2
                 JNE Y3
                 SUB SEATS+1,1
                 CMP SEATS+1,0
                 JNE C1
                 MOV AL, LSTATUS
                 MOV BL,10111111b
                 AND AL,BL
                 OUT 04H,AL
                 MOV LSTATUS,AL
```

JMP C1

Y3: CMP MAXROW,3

JNE Y4

SUB SEATS+2,1

CMP SEATS+2,0

JNE C1

MOV AL,LSTATUS

MOV BL,11011111b

AND AL,BL

OUT 04H,AL

MOV LSTATUS,AL

JMP C1

Y4: CMP MAXROW,4

JNE Y5

SUB SEATS+3,1

CMP SEATS+3,0

JNE C1

MOV AL,LSTATUS

MOV BL,11101111b

AND AL,BL

OUT 04H,AL

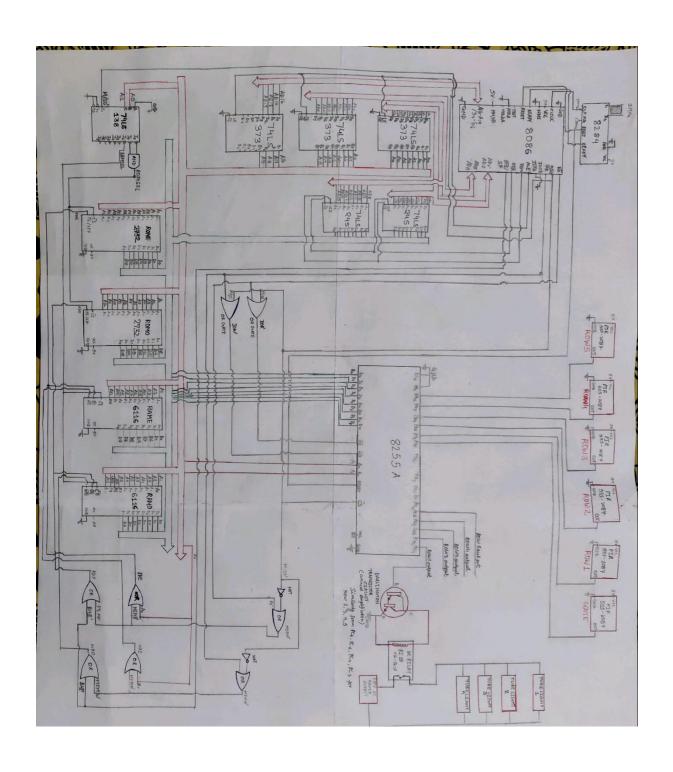
MOV LSTATUS,AL

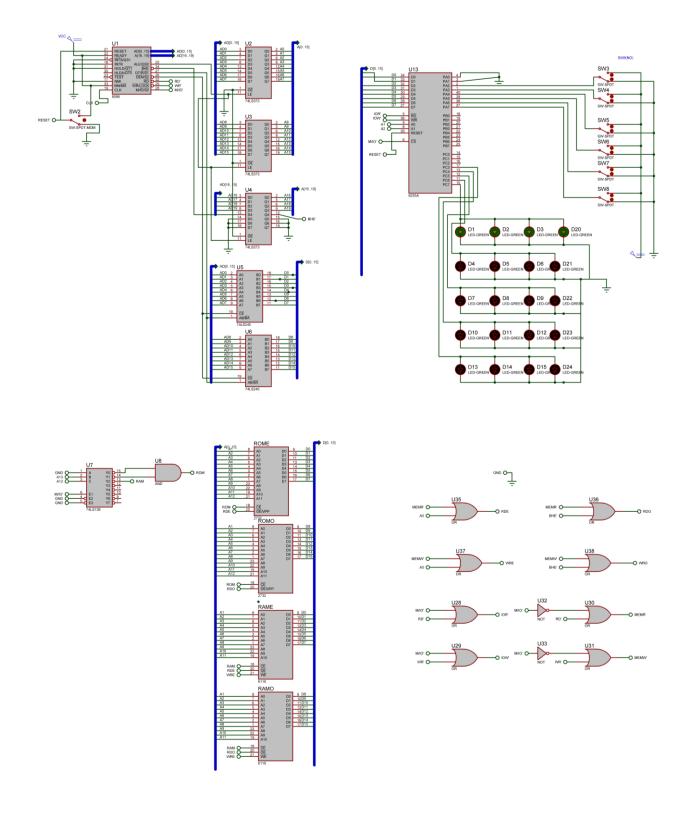
JMP C1

Y5: SUB SEATS+4,1

CMP SEATS+4,0 JNE C1 MOV AL,LSTATUS MOV BL,11110111b AND AL,BL OUT 04H,AL MOV LSTATUS,AL JMP C1

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM





	FIRMWARE
Implemented using emu8086	

Implemented on Proteus 8

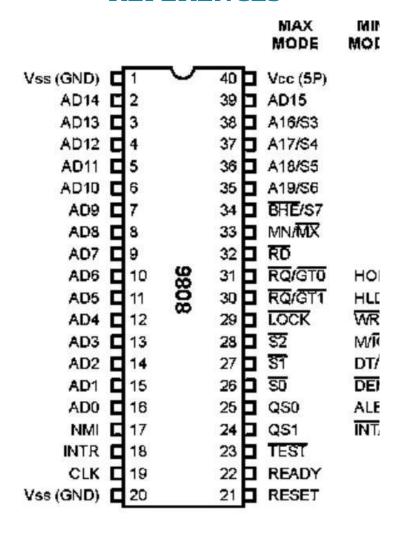
The Full Diagram and Each Component's Individual diagram has been uploaded as a separate file

There is also a walkthrough video on YouTube made by us that explains the Code, it's logic and it's working

It can be found at:

https://youtu.be/lshg31mhzko

REFERENCES



PIR SENSOR

The PIR (Passive Infra-Red) Sensor is a pyroelectric device that detects motion by sensing changes in the infrared (radiant heat) levels emitted by surrounding objects. This motion can be detected by checking for a sudden change in the surrounding IR pattern. When motion is detected the PIR sensor outputs a high signal on its output pin. This logic signal can be read by a microcontroller or used to drive an external load. PDF

Documentation Attached

VARIATIONS IN PROTEUS IMPLEMENTATION

- 8284 is not shown explicitly as Proteus allows setting of time from within the 8086 module
- Since sensors are not available in Proteus, Switches have been used to simulate the working of sensors
- 2732 used as 2716 is not available in Proteus
- DC Relays were not added as LEDs glow on very low voltage and are not needed in Proteus

List Of Attachments

- Hardware Design Hardware.pdf
- EMU8086 ASM File final.asm
- Binary File final.bin
- Manual for PIR 555-28027
- Proteus File SmartLighting.pdrspj