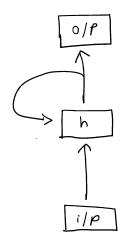
RNN -> Recurrent Neural Network

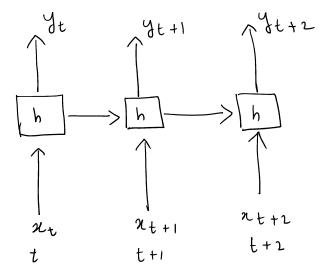
Why RNN?

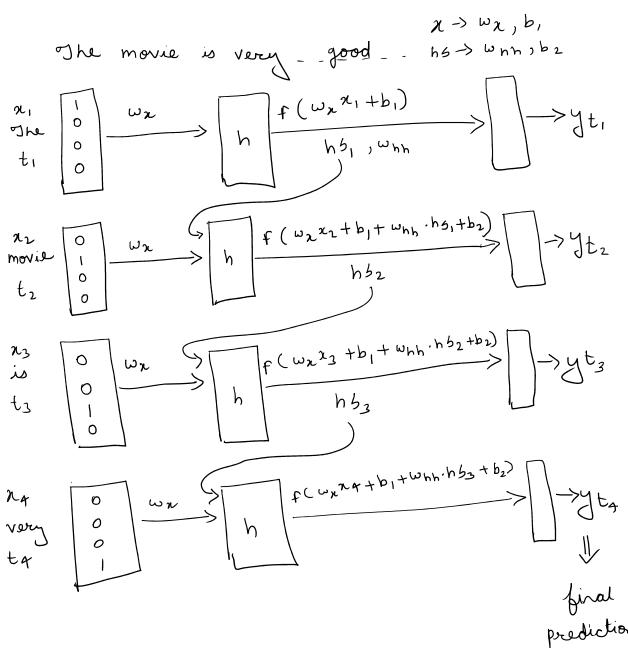
- 1) To handle sequential data.
- 2) It considers previous hidden state + current state

Simple feed forward neural network input layer pidden layer output layer output layer of show in single direction

RNN:

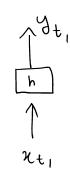






Types of RNN: ->

1) One to one RNN (Vonilla KNN)



2 One to many RNN

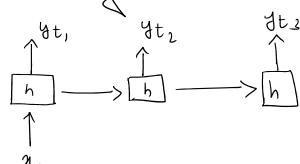
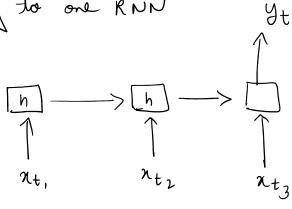


Image coptioning

3 Mary to one RNN



Sentiment

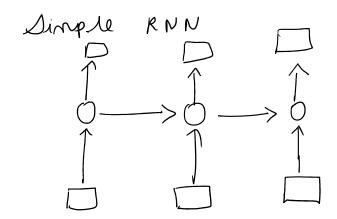
A Mory to mary RNN

The state of the state o

Language translation

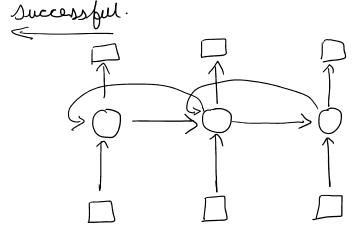
$$n_{t_1}$$
 n_{t_2} n_{t_3}

Bidirectional RNN :->



Rajest is good in studies. He will be successful.

Rojesh is good_ in studies. He will be



Drawborks of RNN:->

1) Varishing gradient.

looving I learning o

borning & learning o

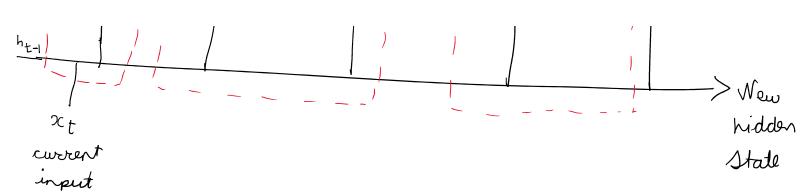
2) resploding gradient

LSTM -> Long Short Dern Memory

lett state -> long term memory

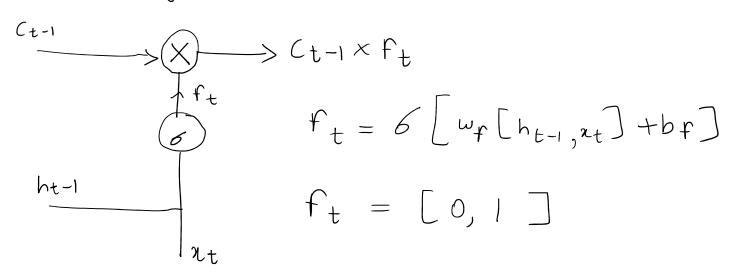
Johny is really good student he is good in moths. He will be successful in future.

Johny is really good student he is good in Moths. He will be successful in future



where $(t-1) \Rightarrow P$ revious cell state $h_{t-1} \Rightarrow P$ revious hidden state

O Forget gate

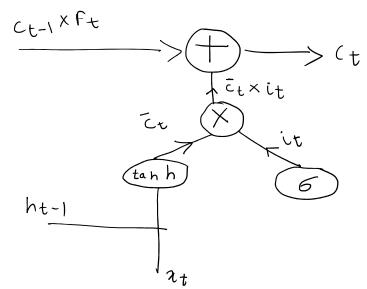


Rajesh likes Maths but his beriend likes History

Rajest likes Moths but he doesn't like History

Add / Renove information

Input gate: breates new cell state



$$\bar{c}_{t} = \tanh \left[\omega_{c} \left[h_{t-1}, \lambda_{t} \right] + b_{c} \right]$$

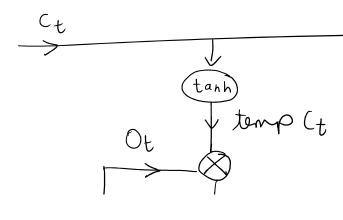
$$i_{t} = 6 \left[\omega_{i} \left[h_{t-1}, \lambda_{t} \right] + b_{i} \right]$$

$$\bar{c}_{t} = \left[-1, +1 \right]$$

New \rightarrow $(t = \overline{c_t \times i_t} + C_{t-1} \times f_t)$

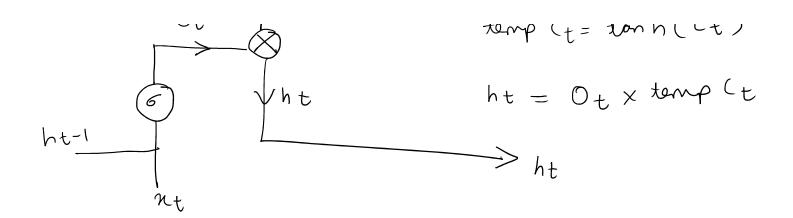
Rajest likes Maths but his friend likes History

3) Output gate => New hidden state



$$0t = 6 \left[w_0 \left[h_{t-1}, n_t \right] + b_0 \right]$$

$$temp (t = ton h(Ct))$$



Rojest likes Maths but his friend likes pristory. Desculsacks of LSTM:

- Ogt will take longer time to train.
- D 9t requires more memory to train.
- 3 9t con get overbit

Deurent classification

Dopic modelling

[NER]

Dentiment Analysis + Root cause Analysis