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Intro to Deep Learning Assignment 1

1. Computation of KNN

Based on the given data, the computed L2 distances between the test data and the labelled samples are shown below:

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	Deap Learning
	Assignment-1
	2 23
	Class A: (0,1,0), (0,1,1), (1,2,1), (1,2,0)
	(lass 8: (1,2,2), (2,2,2), (1,2-1), (2,2,3)
	Class A: (0,1,0), (0,1,1), (1,2,1), (1,2,0) Class B: (1,2,2), (2,2,2), (1,2,1), (2,2,3) Class C: (-1,-1,-1), (0,-1,-2), (0,-1,1), (-1,-2,-1)
	and a land of the last of the
	Test date → (1,0,1) - t
and I	Le distante metric
	In adaption
	de = \((1-0) + (0-1) + (1-0) = \(\frac{13}{3} = 1.73\)
	de2=1(1-0)+(0-1)+(1-1)=12=1.414
	do= V(1-1)+10-2)+(1-1)2-12+-2
	du = 1(1-1)+ (0-2)+ (1-0)-15 = 228
	ds - V(1-1)+ (0.2)+ (1.2)- 15- 2-23
	dy6: V(1-2)+(0-2)+(1-2)=V6-2.45
-	dy= 1(1-1)+(0-D)+(1+1)= 18=2.82
	de = 1(1-2)+(0-2)+(1-3)-19 = 3
	deg = 1 (1+1)2+(0+1)2+(1+1)2 = 3
	d = V(1-0) + (0+1) + (1+2) = V(1 = 3.216
	du = \(\langle (1-0)^2 + (0+1)^2 + (1-1)^2 = \sqrt{1} = 3.316 du = \(\sqrt{(1-0)^2 + (0+1)} + (1-1)^2 = \sqrt{2} = 1.414
	d1 - V(H) + (0+2) + (1+1) - 18 = 2-82
	ta

a. K = 1

For K = 1, the test data is classified based on the 1 labeled sample to which it is closest. From the distances, the minimum distance is d_{t2} and d_{t11} , each of which are at a distance of 1.414 from the test sample. This implies that the test sample can be either classified into Class A or Class C.

b. K = 2

For K = 2, the test data is classified based on the 2 closest labeled samples. Once again, the two closest samples are at a distance of 1.414 from the test sample, so the test sample can be classified into Class A or Class C.

c. K = 3

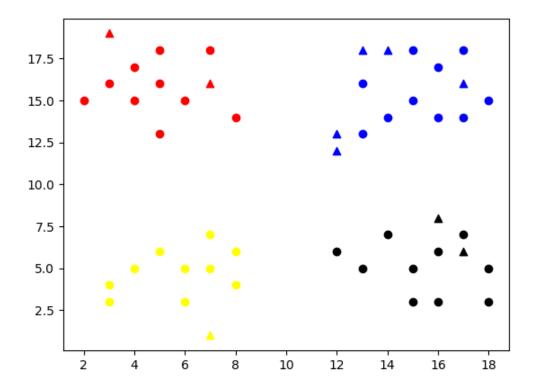
In this case, the test sample is classified based on the 3 closest labelled samples. From the distances, the 3 least distances are d_{t2} , d_{t11} and d_{t1} , with distances of 1.414, 1.414 and 1.73 respectively. Since d_{t1} and d_{t2} correspond to class A and these 2 distances form the majority of the k nearest distances, the test sample will be labelled as Class A.

2. KNN for simple data

The code for the KNN algorithm is shown below:

```
dist = np.zeros((40, 10))
# run for all samples in the train dataset
for i in range(len(dataSet)):
    # compute the L2 distance for each training sample and test sample
    d = np.sqrt(np.sum((newInput - dataSet[i, :])**2, axis=1))
    dist[i, :] = d
dist = np.transpose(dist)
for i in range(len(dist)):
    indices = np.argsort(dist[i])[:k]
    classes = [0] * 4
    for j in range(len(indices)):
        label = mini train label[indices[j]]
        classes[label] += 1
    result.append(np.argmax(classes))
```

The visualized result of the KNN algorithm for the randomly generated test samples for k=9 is shown below:



3. KNN for Handwritten Digit Recognition

The code for the KNN algorithm is shown below:

```
dist = np.zeros((len(dataSet), len(newInput)))
for i in range(len(dataSet)):
    for j in range(len(newInput)):
       d = np.sqrt(np.sum((newInput[j] - dataSet[i])**2))
       dist[i, j] = d
# in order to find the k-smallest distances over each row, transpose the matrix
dist = np.transpose(dist)
for i in range(len(dist)):
   # obtains the k-smallest distances' indices from each row of the dist array
   indices = np.argsort(dist[i])[:k]
   # create an array to store the closest class to the test sample
   classes = [0] * 10
   for j in range(len(indices)):
       label = labels[indices[j]]
       classes[label] += 1
   result.append(np.argmax(classes))
```

To determine the number of classes, I found the maximum value of y_train, which was 9. From this, I was able to deduce that there were 10 classes in which the test sample could be classified into.

On running the KNN algorithm for 25 test samples and k=9, the obtained accuracy was 100% with an execution time of about 15s, as shown in the screenshot below:

```
PS D:\Rutgers NB\Courses\Deep Learning\HW1> python knn.py
---classification accuracy for knn on mnist: 1.0 ---
--execution time: 15.481516361236572 seconds ---
```