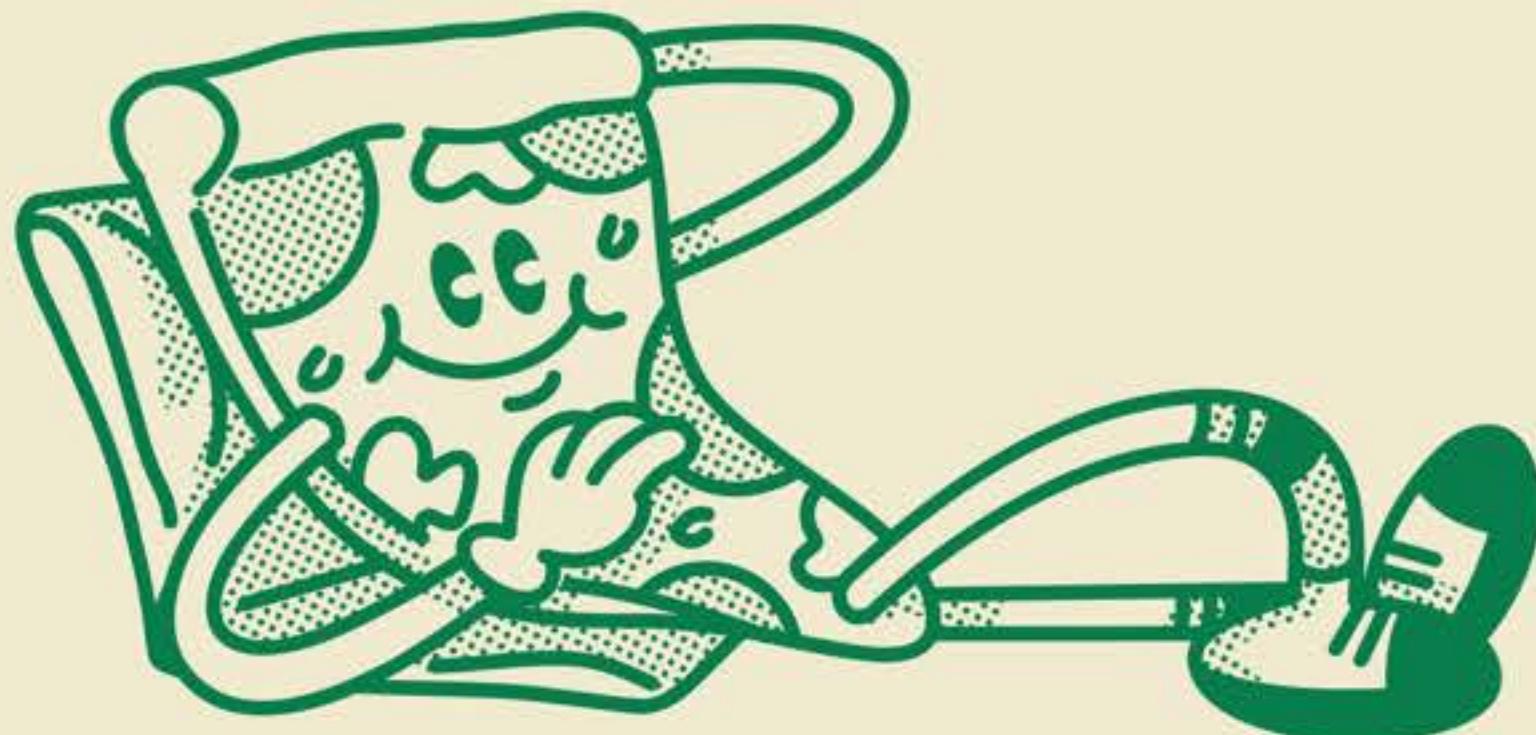


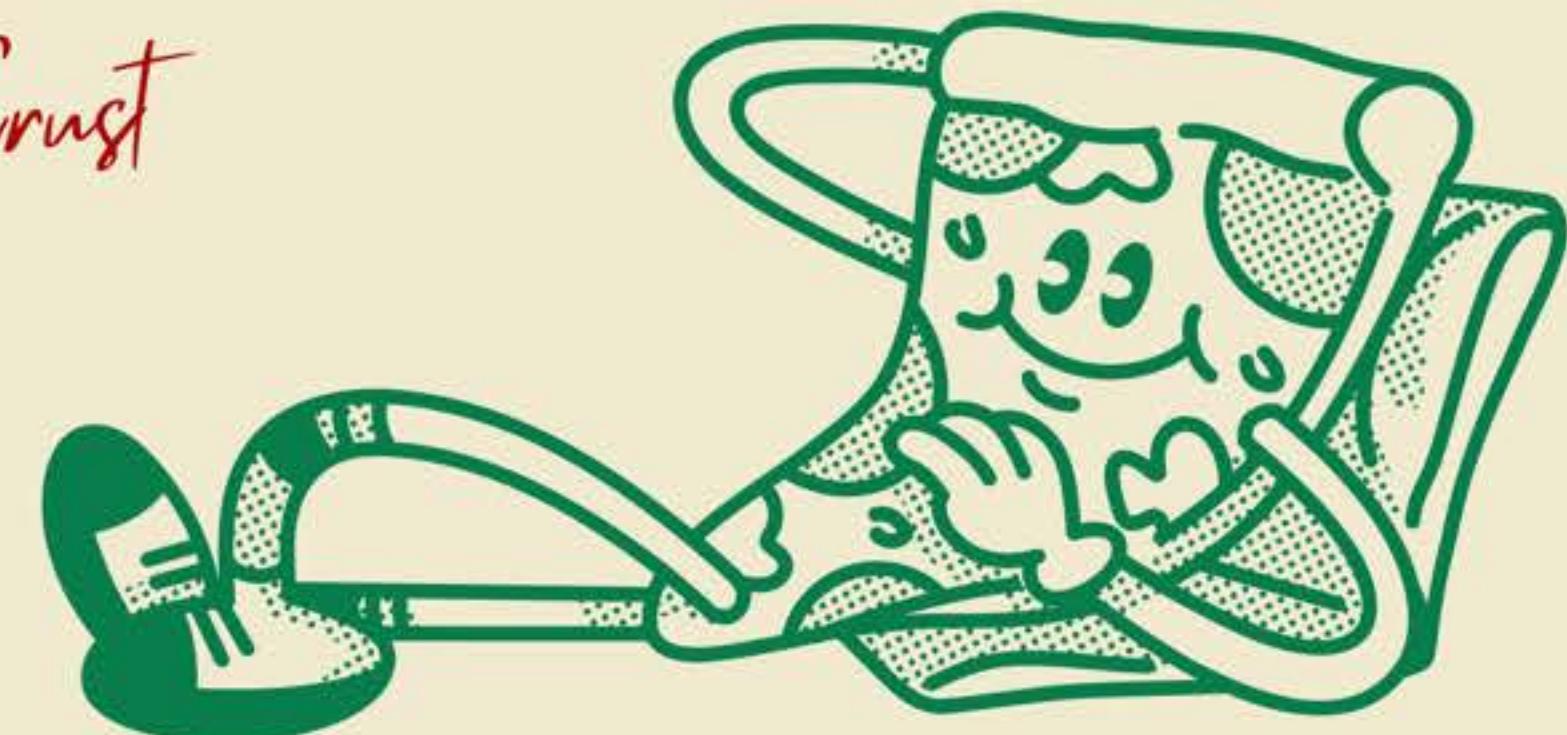
# MASTCRUST PIZZA CO. - SQL PROJECT REPORT

## ANALYZING CUSTOMER ORDERS & PREFERENCES USING MYSQL

**PROJECT BY: PRANAV SOHANEY**  
**COURSE: DATA ANALYTICS / SQL PROJECT**  
**DATE: SEPTEMBER 2025**



*MastCrust*



# "HELLO GUYS! 🎉 WELCOME TO MASTCRUST PIZZA CO., JAHAN HAR SLICE MEIN MASTI HAI AUR HAR CRUST MEIN TASTE KA BLAST!"

IN 2025, MANAGING PIZZA ORDERS IS MORE THAN TRACKING SALES. CUSTOMERS EXPECT EVERY ORDER—ITS TYPE, SIZE, AND QUANTITY—to be accurate. Using MySQL, I analyzed the MASTCRUST database, connecting ORDERS, ORDER\_DETAILS, PIZZAS, and PIZZA\_TYPES to find which pizzas are most popular, at what time, and in what quantity.



THESE INSIGHTS HELP OPTIMIZE INVENTORY, PRICING, AND MENU DECISIONS. BEYOND NUMBERS, UNDERSTANDING CUSTOMER PREFERENCES ENSURES MASTCRUST DELIVERS NOT ONLY TASTY PIZZAS BUT ALSO A SMOOTH, RELIABLE, AND ENJOYABLE EXPERIENCE FOR EVERY CUSTOMER.

# "PIZZA PULSE INSIGHTS"

LEVEL 1: BASIC AGGREGATION AND SUMMARIES -  
TOTAL ORDERS, MOST POPULAR PIZZA SIZES,  
REVENUE PER CATEGORY, AND SOME FUN  
INSIGHTS TO GET STARTED! 🍕

LEVEL 2: INTERMEDIATE ANALYSIS -  
UNDERSTANDING GENERATIONAL  
PREFERENCES AND MINDSETS, LIKE  
WHICH AGE GROUPS PREFER WHICH  
PIZZAS AND AT WHAT TIMES ORDERS  
PEAK.

MastCrust - Taste  
That's Simply the  
Best!



LEVEL 3: ADVANCED INSIGHTS -  
COMBINING MULTIPLE TABLES TO  
DISCOVER DETAILED PATTERNS,  
SUCH AS QUANTITY TRENDS,  
PEAK HOURS, AND CATEGORY-  
WISE REVENUE ANALYSIS.

-- 1-> Retrieve the total number of orders placed.



```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_order_placed  
FROM  
    orders;  
-- 1-> Insight  
# The dataset contains a total of 21,350 orders,  
#reflecting the overall customer demand and  
#providing a strong base for further analysis of sales patterns,  
#customer preferences, and revenue trends.
```

Result Grid	
	total_order_placed
▶	21350

**"TOTAL ORDERS SHOW OVERALL CUSTOMER DEMAND."**

-- 2-> calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
          0) AS Total_revenue
FROM
    order_details
JOIN
    pizzas
ON
    pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;

-- 2-> Insight
# The total revenue generated from pizza sales amounts to ₹817,860, highlighting
# the overall earnings from all orders and providing a foundation to analyze top-performing pizza types and
# categories.
```

Result Grid	
	Total_revenue
▶	817860

"TOTAL REVENUE  
HIGHLIGHTS  
EARNINGS FROM  
PIZZAS."



-- 3-> Identify the highest(5)priced pizza.



```
SELECT
    pt.name AS pizza_type,
    p.price
FROM
    pizza_types pt
JOIN
    pizzas p ON pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY
    p.price DESC
LIMIT 5;
-- 3-> Insight
#The top 5 highest-priced pizzas are premium options, led by
#"The Greek Pizza" at ₹35.95, highlighting high-value menu items for revenue focus.
```

pizza_type	price
The Greek Pizza	35.95
The Greek Pizza	25.5
The Brie Carre Pizza	23.65
The Italian Vegetables Pizza	21
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	20.75

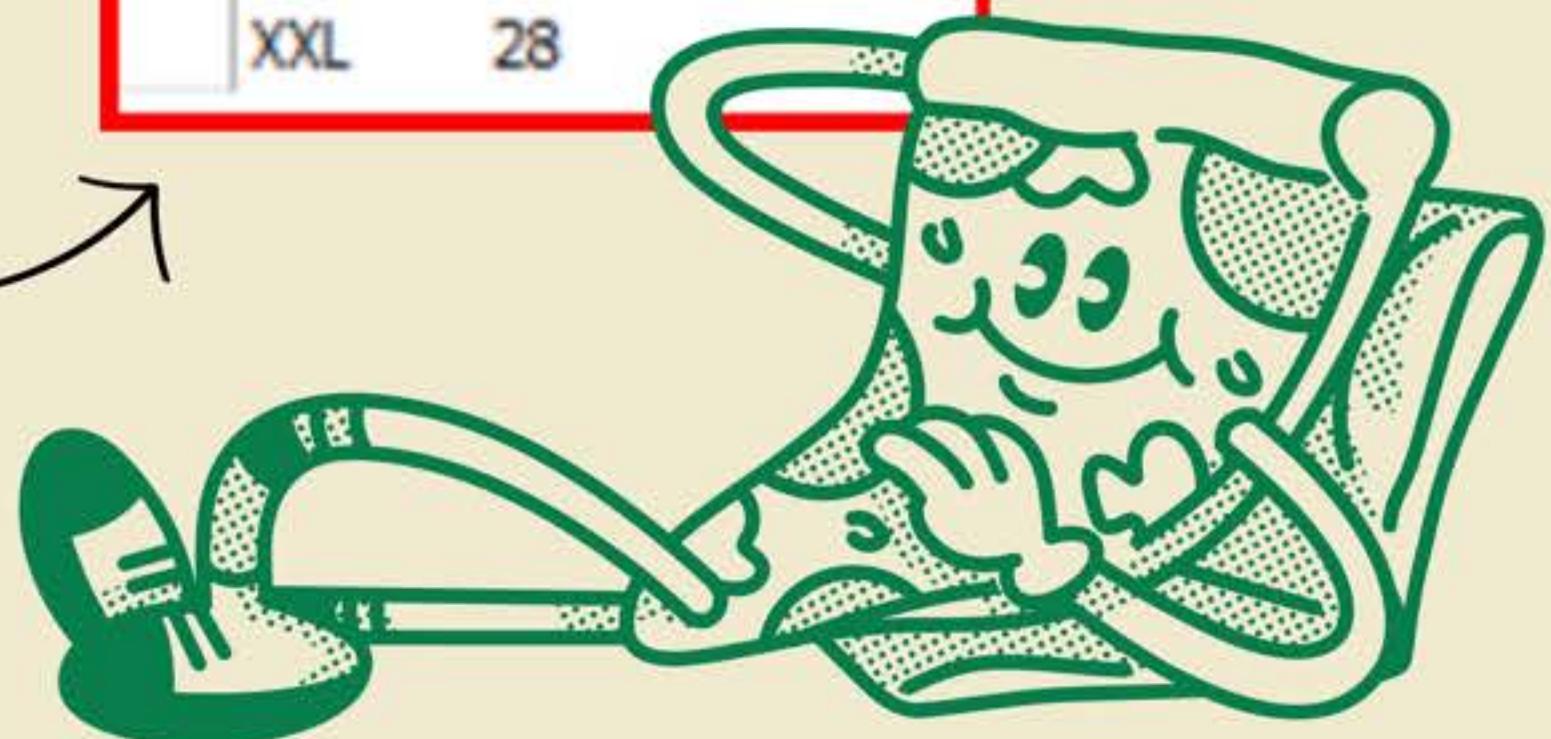
THE GREEK PIZZA" AT ₹35.95.

-- 4 -> Identify the most common pizza size ordered

```
SELECT
    p.size,
    COUNT(od.order_id) AS total_orders
FROM
    pizzas p
JOIN
    order_details od
ON
    p.pizza_id = od.pizza_id
GROUP BY
    p.size
ORDER BY
    total_orders DESC;
```

size	total_orders
L	18526
M	15385
S	14137
XL	544
XXL	28

- LARGE SIZE DOMINATES WITH 18,526 ORDERS
- MEDIUM SIZE POPULAR WITH 15,385 ORDERS
- SMALL SIZE STEADY AT 14,137 ORDERS
- EXTRA LARGE RARELY CHOSEN WITH 544 ORDERS
- XXL LEAST PREFERRED WITH 28 ORDERS



- 5 -> List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities

```
SELECT
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY SUM(od.quantity) DESC)
    AS sno, pt.name AS pizza_name, SUM(od.quantity)
    AS total_quantity
    FROM pizza_types pt JOIN pizzas p
    ON pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
    JOIN order_details od
    ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id
    GROUP BY pt.name
    ORDER BY total_quantity DESC
    LIMIT 5;
```

	sno	pizza_name	total_quantity
▶	1	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	2	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	3	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	4	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	5	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

- CLASSIC DELUXE LEADS WITH 2453 ORDERS
- BARBECUE CHICKEN CLOSE WITH 2432 ORDERS
- HAWAIIAN PIZZA POPULAR AT 2422 ORDERS
- PEPPERONI PIZZA DEMAND AT 2418 ORDERS
- THAI CHICKEN FOLLOWS WITH 2371 ORDERS

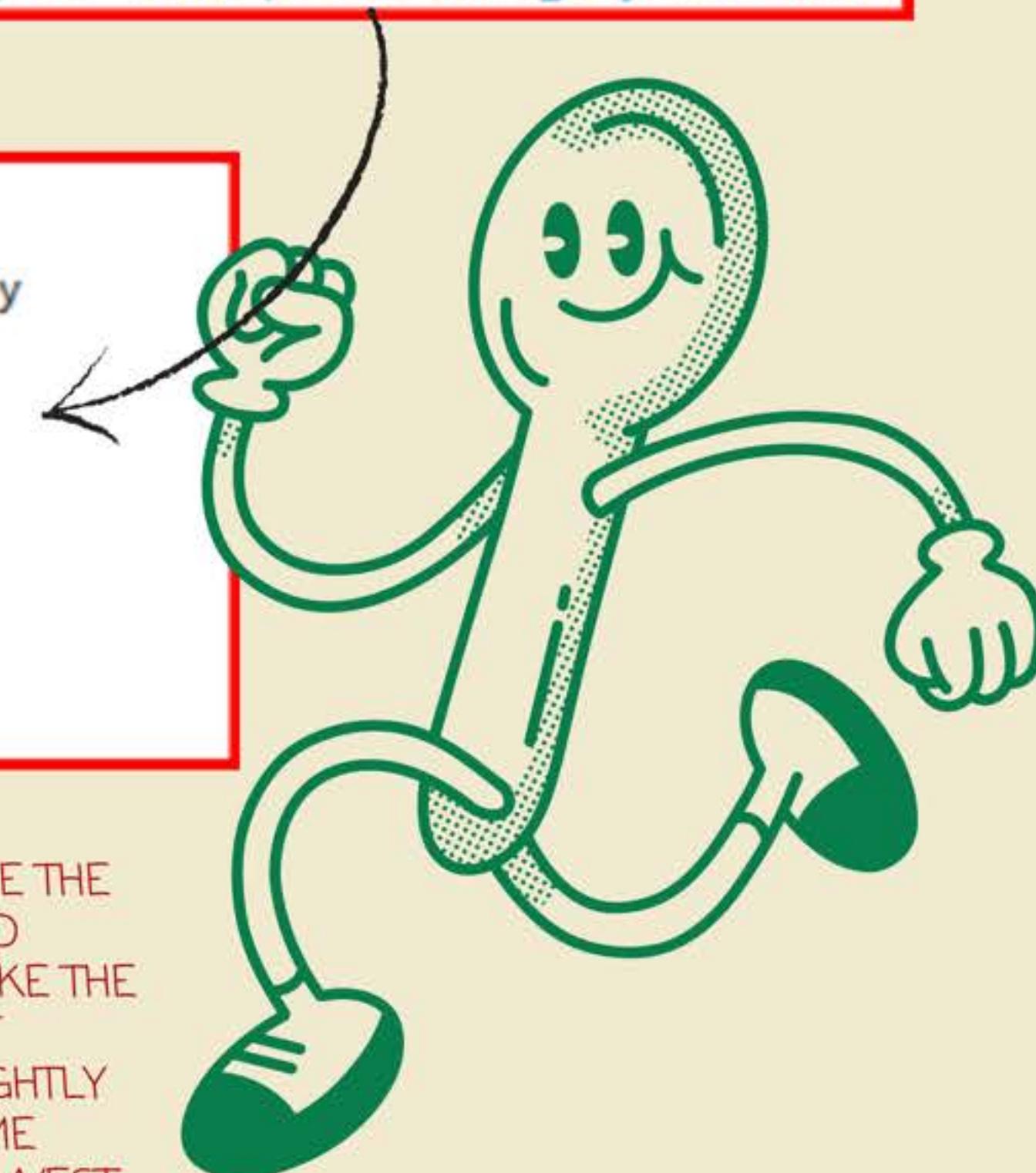


-- 6 -> Join the necessary table to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category, SUM(order_details.quantity) as quantity
FROM pizza_types JOIN pizzas
ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN order_details
ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
order by quantity DESC;
```

	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

- CLASSIC PIZZAS ARE THE MOST ORDERED
- SUPREME PIZZAS TAKE THE SECOND SPOT
- VEGGIE PIZZAS SLIGHTLY BEHIND SUPREME
- CHICKEN PIZZAS LOWEST AMONG ALL CATEGORIES



-- 7 -> Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
SELECT  
    HOUR(order_time) AS Hours,  
    COUNT(order_id) AS order_count  
FROM  
    orders  
GROUP BY  
    Hours  
ORDER BY  
    order_count  
DESC;
```

MOST ORDERS  
AT 12-13 PM,  
EVENINGS  
MODERATE,  
NIGHTS VERY  
LOW.

Hours	order_count
12	2520
13	2455
18	2399
17	2336
19	2009

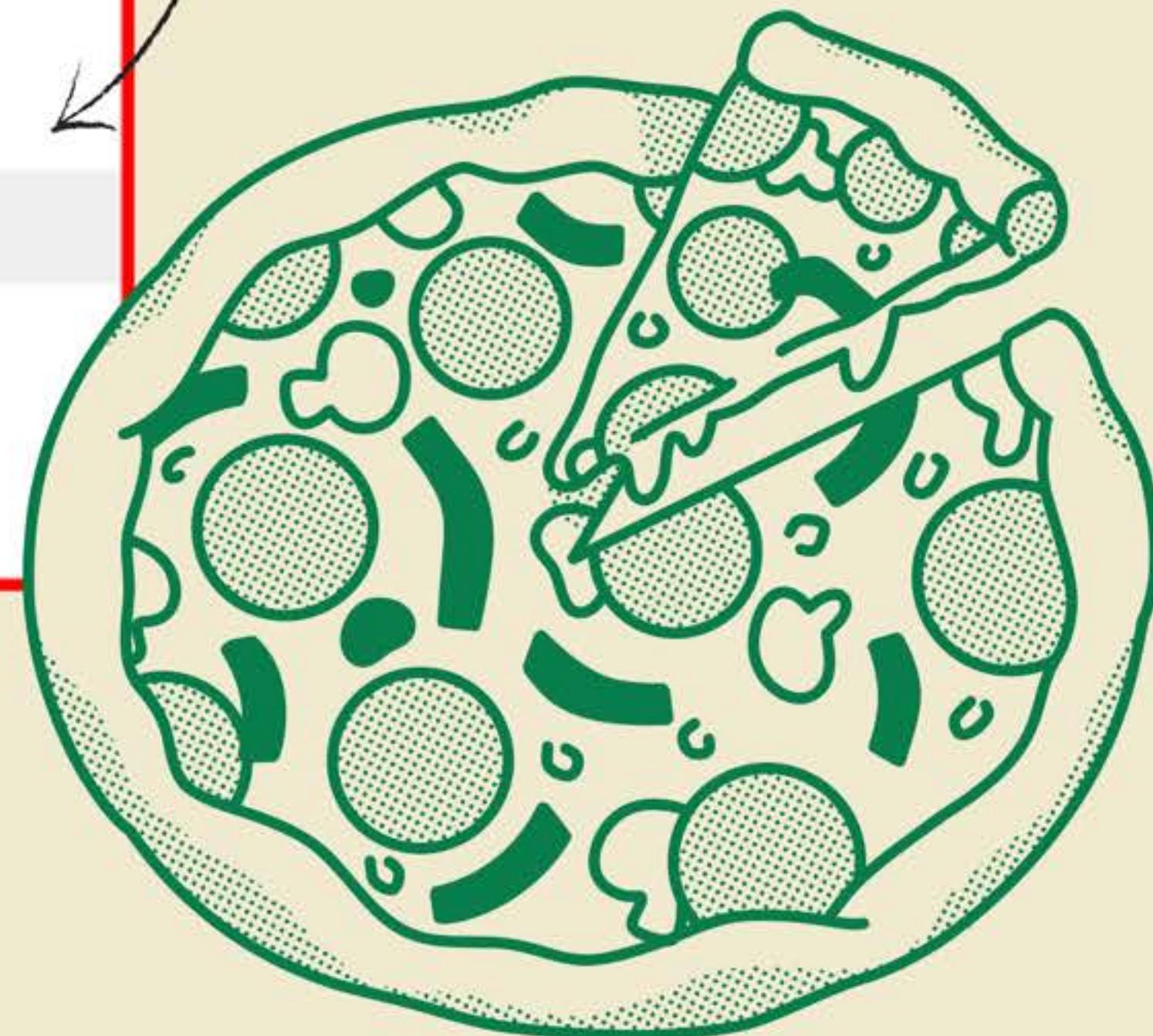


-- 8 ->Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT  
    category ,  
    COUNT(name) AS pizzas  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

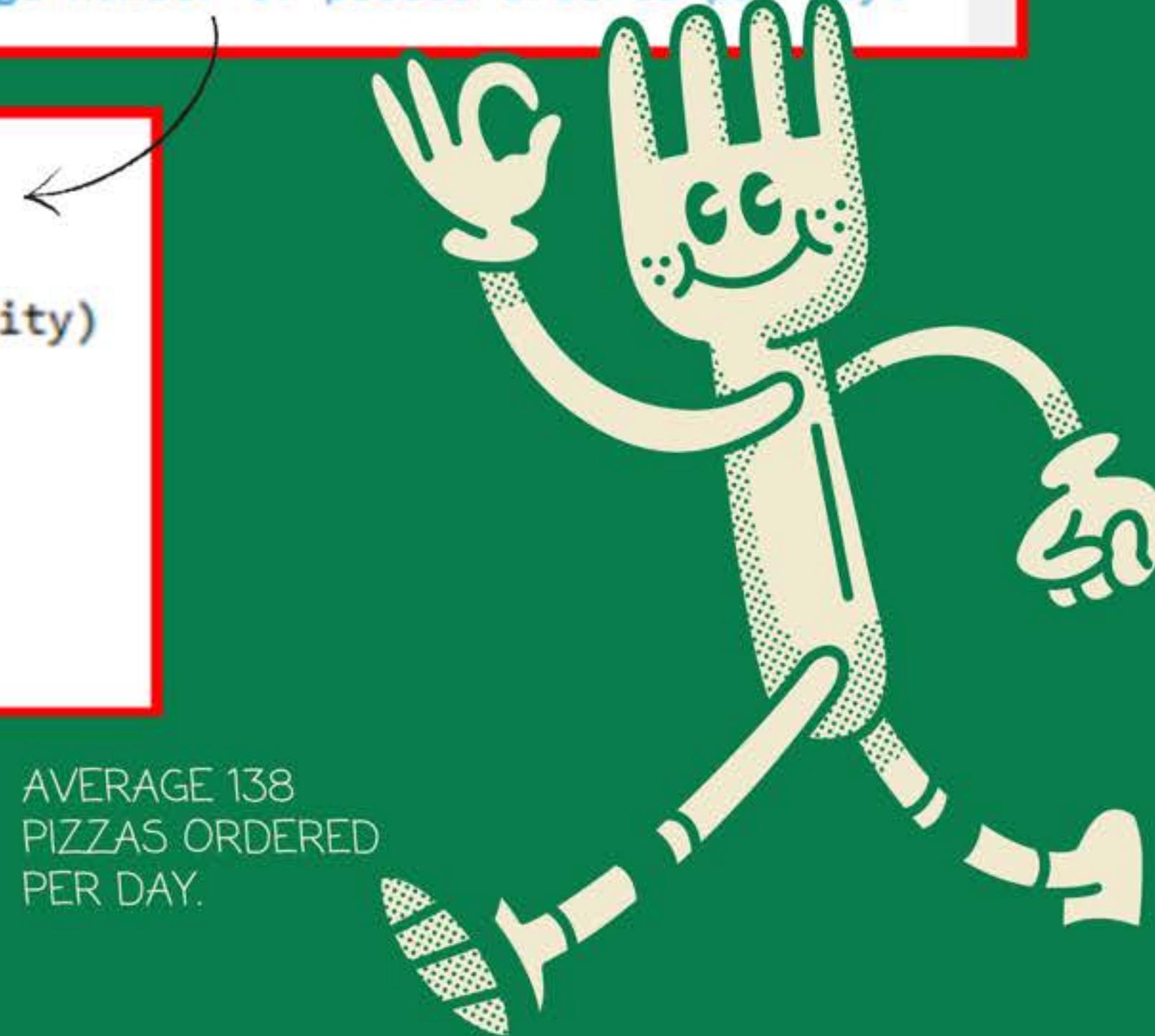
category	pizzas
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9

- CHICKEN CATEGORY HAS 6 PIZZAS
- CLASSIC CATEGORY HAS 8 PIZZAS
- SUPREME CATEGORY HAS 9 PIZZAS
- VEGGIE CATEGORY HAS 9 PIZZAS



-- 9 --> Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
SELECT ROUND(AVG(quantity),0)
AS avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM(SELECT orders.order_date,SUM(order_details.quantity)
AS quantity FROM orders JOIN order_details
ON orders.order_id =order_details.order_id
GROUP BY orders.order_date)
AS order_quantity;
```



AVERAGE 138  
PIZZAS ORDERED  
PER DAY.

avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
138

-- 10 ->Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price)
AS
    revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
JOIN
    pizzas
ON
    pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
JOIN
    order_details
ON
    order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3 ;
```

	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

- THAI CHICKEN PIZZA TOPS REVENUE
- BARBECUE CHICKEN PIZZA RANKS SECOND
- CALIFORNIA CHICKEN PIZZA THIRD REVENUE

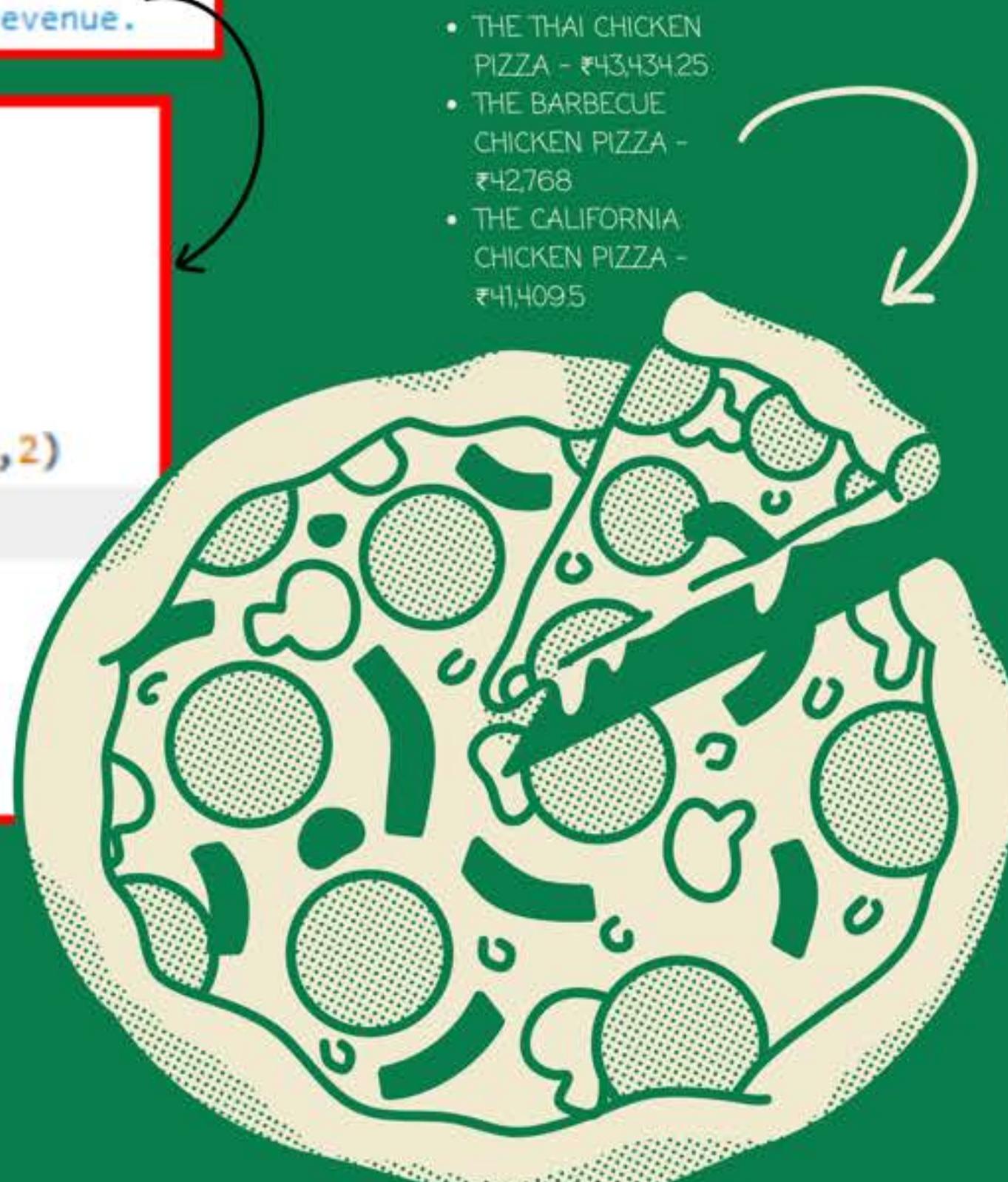


-- 11 ->Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
SELECT pizza_types.category,  
ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity*pizzas.price) /  
(SELECT ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),0)  
AS Total_salrs FROM order_details  
JOIN pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) *100,2)  
AS revenue FROM pizza_types JOIN pizzas ON  
pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id JOIN  
order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
group by pizza_types.category order by revenue DESC;
```

	category	revenue
▶	Classic	26.91
	Supreme	25.46
	Chicken	23.96
	Veggie	23.68

- THE THAI CHICKEN PIZZA - ₹43,434.25
- THE BARBECUE CHICKEN PIZZA - ₹42,768
- THE CALIFORNIA CHICKEN PIZZA - ₹41,409.5



-- 12 -> Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
SELECT  
    order_date,ROUND(SUM(revenue) OVER (ORDER BY order_date),0) AS cum_revenue  
FROM  
(  SELECT o.order_date,SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS revenue  
      FROM order_details od JOIN  
            pizzas p ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id JOIN  
            orders o ON o.order_id = od.order_id GROUP BY o.order_date  
) AS sales ORDER BY order_date;
```

	order_date	cum_revenue
▶	2015-01-01	2714
	2015-01-02	5446
	2015-01-03	8108
	2015-01-04	9864
	2015-01-05	11930

THIS ANALYSIS SHOWS THAT CUMULATIVE REVENUE STEADILY INCREASED OVER TIME. STARTING AT ₹2,714 ON JANUARY 1, 2015, REVENUE CROSSED ₹200,000 BY MARCH AND CONSISTENTLY REACHED OVER ₹350,000 BY MID-YEAR. DURING SEPTEMBER-OCTOBER, REVENUE ACCELERATED FURTHER, AND BY NOVEMBER 2, 2015, TOTAL REVENUE SURPASSED ₹687,000. THIS TREND CLEARLY INDICATES STRONG DEMAND AND CONTINUOUS GROWTH IN SALES. 🎉



-- 13 -> Top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each category

```

SELECT category, name AS pizza_type, revenue
FROM (
    SELECT
        pt.category,
        pt.name,
        SUM(od.quantity * p.price) AS revenue,
        ROW_NUMBER() OVER (
            PARTITION BY pt.category
            ORDER BY SUM(od.quantity * p.price) DESC
        ) AS rn
    FROM pizza_types pt
    JOIN pizzas p ON pt.pizza_type_id = p.pizza_type_id
    JOIN order_details od ON od.pizza_id = p.pizza_id GROUP BY pt.category, pt.name
)
ORDER BY rn, category, revenue DESC;

```

- THAI CHICKEN PIZZA TOPS CHICKEN REVENUE
- BARBECUE CHICKEN CLOSE SECOND IN CHICKEN
- CALIFORNIA CHICKEN RANKS THIRD IN CHICKEN
- CLASSIC DELUXE LEADS CLASSIC CATEGORY REVENUE
- HAWAIIAN PIZZA SECOND IN CLASSIC CATEGORY
- PEPPERONI PIZZA THIRD IN CLASSIC CATEGORY
- SPICY ITALIAN DOMINATES SUPREME CATEGORY REVENUE
- ITALIAN SUPREME FOLLOWS IN SUPREME CATEGORY

category	pizza_type	revenue
Chicken	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
Chicken	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
Chicken	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
Classic	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
Classic	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25



# THANK YOU

