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In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

Case Study 1: IPL

Question-1: Suppose in 'ipl18', you want to filter out the teams that have an NRR greater than zero, and for which the 'For' score exceeds the 'Against' score, i.e. both the conditions should be satisfied. Which teams will be left after you perform the above filtration?

In [6]:

In [3]:

```
#To print names of teams that satisfy both conditions,
ipl18[(ipl18["NRR"]>0)&(ipl18["For"]>ipl18["Against"])]
```

Out[3]:

| | Team | Matches | Won | Lost | Tied | N/R | Points | NRR | For | Against |
|---|------|---------|-----|------|------|-----|--------|-------|------|---------|
| 1 | SRH | 14 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0.284 | 2230 | 2193 |
| 2 | CSK | 14 | 9 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 0.253 | 2488 | 2433 |
| 5 | MI | 14 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0.317 | 2380 | 2282 |

Question-2: If all the stats are taken for both 'ipl17' and 'ipl18', which team with its total points greater than 25 will have the highest win percentage?

```
In [5]:
```

In [15]:

```
both=ipl17.append(ipl18)
```

In [14]:

```
combined=both[["Team","Won","Lost"]].groupby(["Team"]).sum()
combined.sort_values(by=["Won"],inplace=True, ascending = False)
(combined["Won"]/(combined["Won"]+combined["Lost"]))*100
new_combined=combined[combined["Won"]+combined["Lost"]>25]
final_combined=(new_combined["Won"]/(new_combined["Won"]+new_combined["Lost"]))*100
final_combined
```

Out[14]:

Team
SRH 62.962963
KKR 57.142857
MI 57.142857
KXIP 46.428571
DD 39.285714
RCB 33.333333
dtype: float64

Case Study 2: Wine Review

In [4]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

In [5]:

```
Csv_File=pd.read_csv("wine.csv", index_col=0)
pd.set_option("display.max_rows", 5)
```

Questions

Q.1: Select the description column from reviews and assign the result to the variable desc.

```
In [32]:
```

```
#Answer:
desc=Csv_File["description"]
desc
```

Out[32]:

```
Aromas include tropical fruit, broom, brimston...

This is ripe and fruity, a wine that is smooth...

129969 A dry style of Pinot Gris, this is crisp with ...
129970 Big, rich and off-dry, this is powered by inte...
Name: description, Length: 129971, dtype: object
```

Q.2: Select the first value from the description column of reviews, assigning it to variable first_description.

In [24]:

```
#Answer:
first_description=Csv_File.loc[0,"description"]
first_description
```

Out[24]:

"Aromas include tropical fruit, broom, brimstone and dried herb. The palate isn't overly expressive, offering unripened apple, citrus and dried sage alongside brisk acidity."

Q.3:Select the first row of data (the first record) from reviews, assigning it to the variable first_row.

In [9]:

```
#Answer:
first_row=Csv_File[:1]
first_row
```

Out[9]:

| | country | description | designation | points | price | province | region_1 | region_2 | taster_name |
|---|---------|--|-----------------|--------|-------|----------------------|----------|----------|------------------|
| 0 | Italy | Aromas include tropical fruit, broom, brimston | Vulkà Bianco | 87 | NaN | Sicily & Sardinia | Etna | NaN | Kerin O'Keefe |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | > |

Q.4:Select the first 10 values from the description column in reviews , assigning the result to variable first_descriptions .

In [26]:

```
#Answer:
first_descriptions= Csv_File.loc[0:9,"description"]
first_descriptions
```

Out[26]:

- O Aromas include tropical fruit, broom, brimston...
- 1 This is ripe and fruity, a wine that is smooth...

• • •

- 8 Savory dried thyme notes accent sunnier flavor...
- 9 This has great depth of flavor with its fresh \dots

Name: description, Length: 10, dtype: object

Q.5:Select the records with index labels 1, 2, 3, 5, and 8, assigning the result to the variable sample_reviews.

In [27]:

```
#Answer:
```

sample_reviews=Csv_File.loc[[1,2,3,5,8]]
sample_reviews

Out[27]:

| | country | description | designation | points | price | province | region_1 | region_2 | taster_r |
|---|----------|---|----------------------------|--------|-------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Portugal | This is ripe and fruity, a wine that is smooth | Avidagos | 87 | 15.0 | Douro | NaN | NaN | Roger |
| 2 | US | Tart and snappy, the flavors of lime flesh and | NaN | 87 | 14.0 | Oregon | Willamette Valley | Willamette Valley | Paul Gr |
| 3 | US | Pineapple rind, lemon pith and orange blossom | Reserve Late Harvest | 87 | 13.0 | Michigan | Lake Michigan Shore | NaN | Alexa Pea |
| 5 | Spain | Blackberry and raspberry aromas show a typical | Ars In Vitro | 87 | 15.0 | Northern Spain | Navarra | NaN | Mic Schac |
| 8 | Germany | Savory dried thyme notes accent sunnier flavor | Shine | 87 | 12.0 | Rheinhessen | NaN | NaN | Anna Lı |
| 4 | | | | | | | | | > |

Q.6:Create a variable $\ df$ containing the country, province, region_1, and region_2 columns of the records with the index labels $\ 0$, $\ 1$, $\ 10$, and $\ 100$.

In [29]:

```
#Answer:
df=Csv_File.loc[[0,1,10,100],["country","province","region_1","region_2"]]
df
```

Out[29]:

| region_2 | region_1 | province | country | |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------|----------|-----|
| NaN | Etna | Sicily & Sardinia | Italy | 0 |
| NaN | NaN | Douro | Portugal | 1 |
| Napa | Napa Valley | California | US | 10 |
| Finger Lakes | Finger Lakes | New York | US | 100 |

Q.7:Create a variable df containing the country and variety columns of the first 100 records.

In [30]:

```
#Answer:
df=Csv_File.loc[0:99,["country", "variety"]]
df
```

Out[30]:

| variety | country | |
|--------------------------|----------|----|
| White Blend | Italy | 0 |
| Portuguese Red | Portugal | 1 |
| | | |
| Sangiovese | Italy | 98 |
| Bordeaux-style Red Blend | US | 99 |

100 rows × 2 columns

Q.8:Create a DataFrame italian_wines containing reviews of wines made in Italy .

In [31]:

```
#Answer:
italian_wines=Csv_File["country"]=="Italy"
italian_wines
```

Out[31]:

```
0 True
1 False
...
129969 False
129970 False
Name: country, Length: 129971, dtype: bool
```

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