

MINING MASSIVE DATASETS

Assignment - 1

Map Reduce and Page Rank

①

$$\begin{aligned}\text{map}(15) &= [(2, 15), (5, 15)] \\ \text{map}(21) &= [(3, 21), (7, 21)] \\ \text{map}(24) &= [(2, 24), (3, 24)] \\ \text{map}(30) &= [(2, 30), (3, 30), (5, 30)] \\ \text{map}(49) &= [(7, 49)]\end{aligned}$$

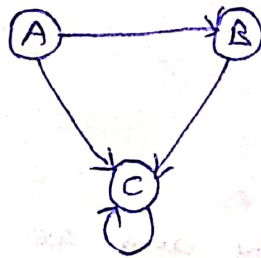
The reducer function is addition

$$\text{i.e. } \text{reduce}(A, [\hat{u}_1, \hat{u}_2, \dots, \hat{u}_k]) = (A, \hat{u}_1 + \hat{u}_2 + \dots + \hat{u}_k)$$

The result is

$$[(2, 54), (3, 90), (5, 45), (7, 70)]$$

② Given



$$\begin{aligned}y_A &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow y_B &= \frac{y_A}{2} \\ y_C &= \frac{y_A}{2} + y_B + y_C\end{aligned}$$

$$\beta = 0.7$$

$$y_A + y_B + y_C = 3$$

$$M = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} a & b & c \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$A = B \cdot H + (1-B) \cdot \frac{1}{N} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = 0.7 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + 0.3 \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.1 \\ 0.45 & 0.1 & 0.1 \\ 0.45 & 0.8 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Initially } y_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 \\ 1/3 \\ 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.1 \\ 0.45 & 0.1 & 0.1 \\ 0.45 & 0.8 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.33 \\ 0.33 \\ 0.33 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.09 \\ 0.21 \\ 0.68 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.09 \\ 0.21 \\ 0.68 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.096 \\ 0.129 \\ 0.75 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.097 \\ 0.13 \\ 0.74 \end{bmatrix}$$

This is the resultant vector and we observe that the values are converged at y_3 .

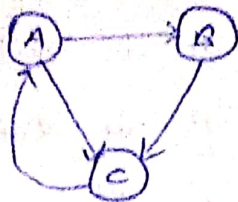
$$\text{So, the Page rank for node A} = 0.097 \times 3 = 0.3$$

$$\text{node B} = 0.13 \times 3 = 0.39$$

$$\text{node C} = 0.74 \times 3 = 2.22$$

(3)

Gibson

 \Rightarrow

$$y_A = y_C$$

$$y_A = y_A/2$$

$$y_C = y_A/2 + y_B$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\beta = 0.85$$

$$A = \beta \cdot M + (1 - \beta) \frac{1}{n} \cdot e \cdot e^T$$

$$A = 0.85 \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + 0.15 \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0.05 & 0.05 & 0.9 \\ 0.475 & 0.05 & 0.05 \\ 0.475 & 0.9 & 0.05 \end{bmatrix}$$

we multiply A with y_0 to get y_1 ,

$$y_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.33 \\ 0.189 \\ 0.47 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_2 = A \cdot y_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.44 \\ 0.189 \\ 0.35 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_3 = A \cdot y_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.35 \\ 0.23 \\ 0.39 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_4 = A \cdot y_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.38 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.39 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_5 = A \cdot y_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.38 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.38 \end{bmatrix}$$

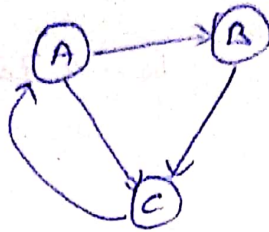
∴ PageRank of webpage

A is 0.38

B is 0.2

C is 0.38

④ Given



$$r_A = r_C$$

$$r_B = r_A/2$$

$$r_C = r_A/2 + r_B$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Given $r_A = r_B = r_C = 1$

So, $r_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{array}{c} r_1 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.5 \\ 1.5 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} r_2 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 \\ 0.5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} r_3 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.75 \\ 1.25 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} r_4 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1.25 \\ 0.5 \\ 1.25 \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} r_5 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1.25 \\ 0.6 \\ 1.125 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

∴ PageRank of webpage A is 1.25

B is 0.6

C is 1.125