EE24BTECH11011-B.PRANAY KUMAR

Question:

Draw a triangle PQR in which QR = 3 cm, QP - PR = 6 cm, and $\angle PQR = 45^{\circ}$.

Solution:

For triangle PQR with QR = 3 cm, QP - PR = 6 cm, and $\angle PQR = 45^{\circ}$. From the Law of Cosines(3.1.1.1)

$$QP^{2} = QR^{2} + PR^{2} - 2(QR)(PR)\cos \angle PQR$$
 (0.1)

Let *k* be defined as:

$$k = QP - PR \tag{0.2}$$

So, the expression for QP in terms of k is:

$$QP = \frac{k^2 + QR^2}{2((k - QR\cos\angle PR))} \tag{0.3}$$

where $\angle PR$ is the angle opposite side QR.

Therefore, the side lengths are approximately:

- 1) QR = 3 cm
- 2) $PR \approx 1.67$ cm
- 3) $QP \approx 7.67$ cm

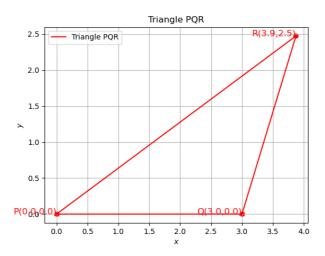


Fig. 3.1: Triangle *PQR*