

# EE5609: Matrix Theory

## Assignment-2

Y.Pranaya  
AI20MTECH14014

**Abstract**—This document contains a solution for solving the determinants using determinant properties.

Download the python codes from

<https://github.com/pranaya14014/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment2/code>

and latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/pranaya14014/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment2>

### 1 PROBLEM

Without expanding the determinant, prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & bc \\ b & b^2 & ca \\ c & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a^2 & a^3 \\ 1 & b^2 & b^3 \\ 1 & c^2 & b^3 \end{vmatrix} \quad (1.0.1)$$

### 2 PROPERTIES OF DETERMINANTS

Properties required for solving this problem:

**Property.1:** If all the elements of row/column are multiplied by a scalar then the value of new determinant is equal to multiplying the old determinant by that scalar.

**Property.2:** If any two rows/columns are exchanged then the sign of determinant changes.

### 3 SOLUTION

Proceeding to the solution by taking the left hand side matrix of (1.0.1) and applying properties of determinants.

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & bc \\ b & b^2 & ca \\ c & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix} \quad (3.0.1)$$

Using **Property.1** performing the following operations:

Multiplying and dividing by **a**

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & bc \\ b & b^2 & ca \\ c & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{a} \begin{vmatrix} a^2 & a^3 & abc \\ b & b^2 & ca \\ c & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix} \quad (3.0.2)$$

Multiplying and dividing by **b**

$$\begin{vmatrix} a^2 & a^3 & abc \\ b & b^2 & ca \\ c & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{ab} \begin{vmatrix} a^2 & a^3 & abc \\ b^2 & b^3 & abc \\ c & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix} \quad (3.0.3)$$

Multiplying and dividing by **c**

$$\begin{vmatrix} a^2 & a^3 & abc \\ b^2 & b^3 & abc \\ c & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{abc} \begin{vmatrix} a^2 & a^3 & abc \\ b^2 & b^3 & abc \\ c^2 & c^3 & abc \end{vmatrix} \quad (3.0.4)$$

As the last column has similar elements,

$$\frac{abc}{abc} \begin{vmatrix} a^2 & a^3 & 1 \\ b^2 & b^3 & 1 \\ c^2 & c^3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} a^2 & a^3 & 1 \\ b^2 & b^3 & 1 \\ c^2 & c^3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \quad (3.0.5)$$

Applying **Property.2** on (3.0.5):

$$\begin{vmatrix} a^2 & a^3 & 1 \\ b^2 & b^3 & 1 \\ c^2 & c^3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_2 \rightarrow C_3} - \begin{vmatrix} a^2 & 1 & a^3 \\ b^2 & 1 & b^3 \\ c^2 & 1 & c^3 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{C_1 \rightarrow C_2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a^2 & a^3 \\ 1 & b^2 & b^3 \\ 1 & c^2 & c^3 \end{vmatrix} \quad (3.0.6)$$

The above determinant is equal to right hand side determinant of equation (1.0.1).

Hence proved:

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & bc \\ b & b^2 & ca \\ c & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a^2 & a^3 \\ 1 & b^2 & b^3 \\ 1 & c^2 & b^3 \end{vmatrix}$$