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EE5609: Matrix Theory Assignment-3

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Abstract—This document contains a proof for a theorem related to triangle.

Download the python codes from

https://github.com/pranaya14014/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment3/code

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/pranaya14014/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment3

1 PROBLEM

A line through the mid-point of a side of a triangle parallel to another side bisects the third side.

2 SOLUTION

Given: Consider a $\triangle ABC$ with sides AB, BC, AC. Let **D** be the mid-point of AB, **E** be a point on AC and $DE \parallel BC$

Need to prove: $E = \frac{A+C}{2}$

Proof:

$$\mathbf{D} = \frac{A+B}{2} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$DE \parallel BC \tag{2.0.2}$$

Let direction vectors be \mathbf{m}_{DE} and \mathbf{m}_{BC} for line segment DE and BC respectively.

$$\mathbf{m}_{DE} = \mathbf{D} - \mathbf{E} = \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2} - \mathbf{E}$$
 (2.0.3)

$$\mathbf{m}_{BC} = \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C} \tag{2.0.4}$$

From (2.0.2) we can write the following with \mathbf{k} being a real value,

$$\mathbf{m}_{DE} = k\mathbf{m}_{BC} \tag{2.0.5}$$

Using (2.0.3) and (2.0.4) in the above equation,

$$\frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2} - \mathbf{E} = k(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}) \tag{2.0.6}$$

Let $\mathbf{E} = \frac{m\mathbf{A}+C}{m+1}$ Substituting \mathbf{E} in (2.0.6)

$$\frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2} - \frac{m\mathbf{A} + C}{m+1} = k(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})$$
 (2.0.7)

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{m+1}\right)\mathbf{A} + \left(\frac{1}{2} - k\right)\mathbf{B} + \left(k - \frac{1}{m+1}\right)\mathbf{C} = 0$$
(2.0.8)

Since A, B and C are points on a triangle and hence they are Linearly dependent which implies:

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{m+1}\right) = 0$$
 and $\left(\frac{1}{2} - k\right) = 0$ and $\left(k - \frac{1}{m+1}\right) = 0$

Therefore we get $k = \frac{1}{2}$ and m = 1Substituting m value in E we get

$$\mathbf{E} = \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{C}}{2} \tag{2.0.9}$$

Hence Proved

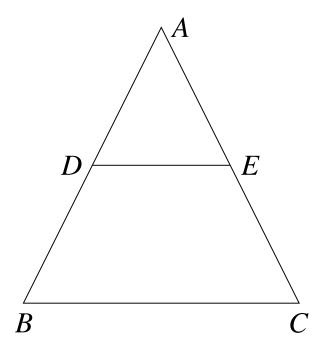


Fig. 0: Triangle