#### 1

# EE5609: Matrix Theory Assignment-17

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 $\begin{subarray}{c} Abstract{--} \end{subarray}$  This document contains a proof for linear operators.

Download the latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/pranaya14014/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment17

## 1 PROBLEM

Let  $E_1, ..., E_k$  be linear operators on the space **V** such that  $E_1 + ... + E_k = \mathbf{I}$ .

- a) Prove that if  $E_i E_j = 0$  for  $i \neq j$ , then  $E_i^2 = E_i$  for each i.
- b) In the case k=2, prove the converse of (a). That is, if  $E_1+E_2=\mathbf{I}$  and  $E_1^2=E_1$ ,  $E_2^2=E_2$ , then  $E_1E_2=0$

### 2 SOLUTION

a) From the given,

$$E_{1} + \dots + E_{k} = \mathbf{I}$$

$$(2.0.1)$$

$$E_{i} = \mathbf{I} - E_{1} - \dots - E_{i-1} - E_{i+1} - \dots - E_{k}$$

$$(2.0.2)$$

$$E_{i}^{2} = E_{i} (\mathbf{I} - E_{1} - \dots - E_{i-1} - E_{i+1} - \dots - E_{k})$$

$$(2.0.3)$$

$$E_{i}^{2} = E_{i} - E_{i}E_{1} - E_{i}E_{i-1} - E_{i}E_{i+1} - \dots - E_{i}E_{k}$$

$$(2.0.4)$$

$$\Longrightarrow E_{i}^{2} = E_{i} - \sum_{i \neq j} E_{i}E_{j}$$

$$(2.0.5)$$

substituting  $E_i E_j = 0$  for  $i \neq j$  in the above equation we get,

$$E_i^2 = E_i - 0 (2.0.6)$$

$$\implies E_i^2 = E_i \tag{2.0.7}$$

Hence proved if  $E_i E_j = 0$  for  $i \neq j$ , then  $E_i^2 = E_i$ 

b) Using,

$$E_1 + E_2 = \mathbf{I} \tag{2.0.8}$$

Multiplying both sides by  $E_1$ ,

$$E_1(E_1 + E_2) = E_1 \tag{2.0.9}$$

$$\implies E_1^2 + E_1 E_2 = E_1 \tag{2.0.10}$$

Substituting  $E_1^2 = E_1$  in (2.0.8) we get,

$$\implies E_1 + E_1 E_2 = E_1$$
 (2.0.11)

$$\implies E_1 E_2 = 0 \tag{2.0.12}$$

Similarly multiplying on both sides of (2.0.8)and substituting  $E_2^2 = E_2$  we get,

$$\implies E_1 E_2 + E_2^2 = E_2 \tag{2.0.13}$$

$$\implies E_1 E_2 + E_2 = E_2$$
 (2.0.14)

$$\implies E_1 E_2 = 0 \tag{2.0.15}$$

Hence proved from (2.0.12) and (2.0.15) that if  $E_1 + E_2 = \mathbf{I}$  and  $E_1^2 = E_1$ ,  $E_2^2 = E_2$ , then  $E_1E_2 = 0$