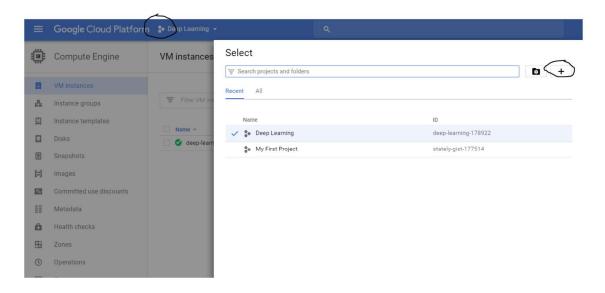
### Step 1: Create a free account in Google Cloud

For this step, you will have to put your payment information and verify your account. You will get a free \$300 credit in your account.

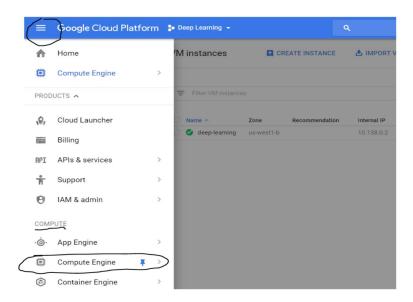
### Step 2: Create a new project

Click on the three dots shown in the image below and then click on the + sign to create a new project.

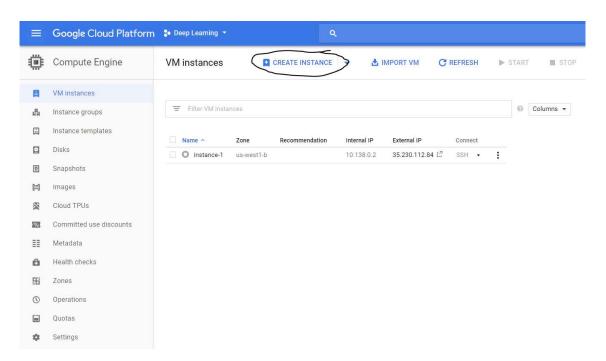


### **Step 3: Create a VM instance**

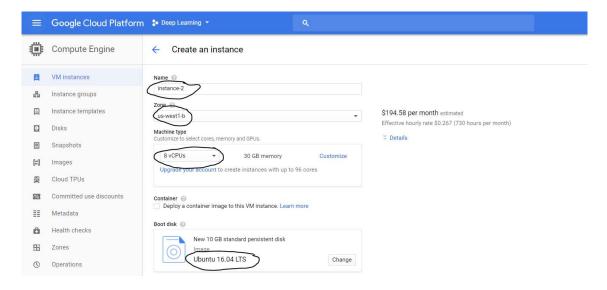
Click on the three lines on the upper left corner, then on the compute option, click on 'Compute Engine' and then click on 'VM instances'.



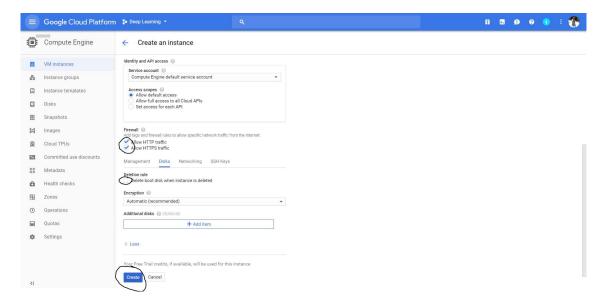
Click on 'Create new instance'.



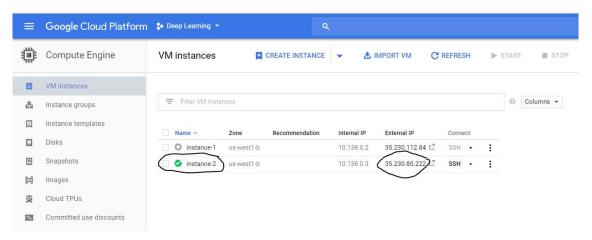
Name your instance (I named it as instance-2), select any zone (I selected as 'us-west1-b'). Choose your machine type (I chose 8v CPUs). Select your boot disk as 'Ubuntu 16.04 LTS'.



Under the firewall options allow both 'http' and 'https' traffic(very important). Then, choose the disk tab and untick 'Delete boot disk when instance is deleted' and then click on 'create'.

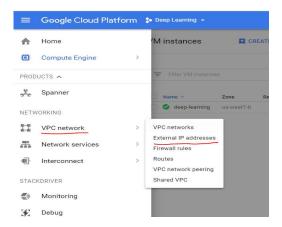


Your new VM instance should look something like this. Note down the External IP



Step 4: Make external IP address as static

By default, the external IP address is dynamic and we need to make it static. Click on the three horizontal lines on top left and then under networking, click on VPC network and then External IP addresses.

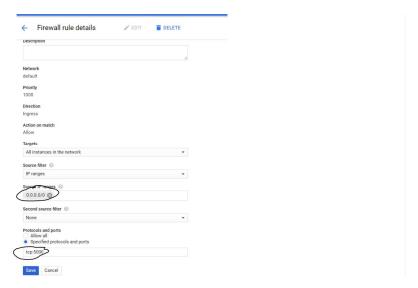


Change the type from Ephemeral to Static.



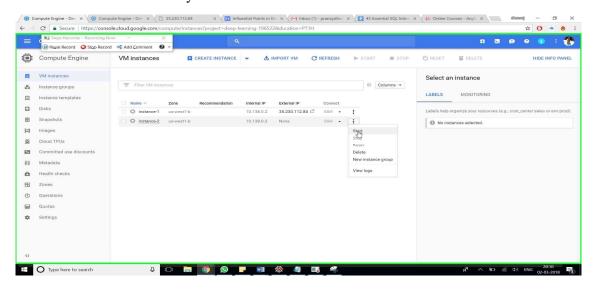
### **Step 5: Change the Firewall setting**

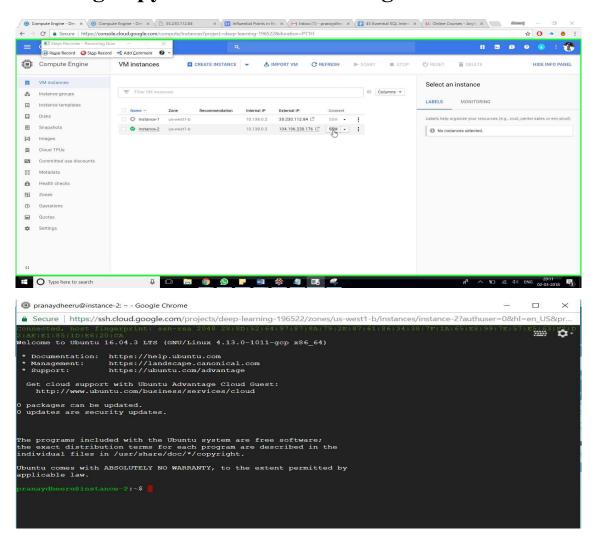
Now, click on the 'Firewall rules' setting under Networking. Click on 'Create Firewall Rules' and refer the below image. Under protocols and ports, you can choose any port. I have chosen tcp:5000. Now click on the save button.



#### Step 6: Start your VM instance

Now start your VM instance. When you see the green tick click on SSH. This will open a command window and now you are inside the VM.





### **Step 7: Install Jupyter notebook**

In your SSH terminal, give the following two commands seperately:

wget http://repo.continuum.io/archive/Anaconda3-4.0.0-Linux-x86 64.sh

bash Anaconda3-4.0.0-Linux-x86 64.sh

and follow the on-screen instructions. The defaults usually work fine, but answer yes to the last question about prepending the install location to PATH:

Do you wish the installer to prepend the Anaconda3 install location to PATH in your /home/haroldsoh/.bashrc?

[yes|no][no] >>> yes

To make use of Anaconda right away, source your bashre by giving the following command: source ~/.bashre

### Step 8: Set up the VM server

Check if you have a Jupyter configuration file:

ls ~/.jupyter/jupyter\_notebook\_config.py

If it doesn't exist, create one using the below command:

jupyter notebook --generate-config

Now give the below command to reach the directory where the configuration file is present:

cd ~/.jupyter/

Now, we're going to add a few lines to your Jupyter configuration file. For editing the file use the command 'vim jupyter\_notebook\_config.py'. Press 'I' to change the mode to insert mode. Make sure you replace the port number (I replaced it to 5000) with the one you allowed firewall access to in step 5.

```
c = get config()
```

- c.NotebookApp.ip = '\*'
- c.NotebookApp.open browser = False
- c.NotebookApp.port = 5000

After giving the above code press esc and then type ':wq' and then press enter to write the changes to the file and quit from it.

```
pranaydheeru@instance-1: ~/jupyter-Google Chrome

Secure | https://ssh.cloud.google.com/projects/deep-learning-196522/zones/us-west1-b/instances/instance-1?authuser=0&hl=en_US&pr...

Configuration file for jupyter-notebook.

Configurable configuration

c = get_config()
c.NotebookApp.ip = 100
c.NotebookApp.port = 5000

LoggingConfigurable configuration

f A parent class for Configurables that log.

Subclasses have a log trait, and the default behavior is to get the logger from the currently running Application.

SingletonConfigurable configuration

SingletonConfigurable configuration
```

### **Step 9: Launching Jupyter Notebook**

To run the jupyter notebook, just type the following command in the SSH window you are in: jupyter-notebook --no-browser --port=5000

Once you run the command, it should show something like this:

```
blutada samasildeny-learning: $\frac{3}\text{ upyter-notebook --no-browser --port-$5000} (1 \text{ 15:30:02.68}\text{ Universely Witting notebook server cookie secret to frum/user/1002/jupyter/notebook.cookie_secret (1 \text{ 15:30:02.76}\text{ Notebooklapp}) WANNING: The notebook server is listening on all IP addresses and not using sncryption. This is not recommended. (8 \text{ 15:30:02.76}\text{ Notebooklapp}) WANNING: The notebook server is listening on all IP addresses and not using suchentication. This is highly insecure and not recommended. (2 \text{ 15:30:02.789}\text{ Notebooklapp}) WANNING: The notebook server is listening on all IP addresses and not using suthentication. This is highly insecure and not recommended. (2 \text{ 15:30:02.789}\text{ Notebooklapp}) WANNING: We remain a listening on all IP addresses and not using suthentication. This is highly insecure and not recommended. (2 \text{ 15:30:02.789}\text{ Notebooklapp}) Was a listening on all IP addresses on your system); $0000/$ (1 \text{ 15:30:02.789}\text{ Notebooklapp}) Was Control-C to stop this server and shut down all kernels (twice to skip confirmation).
```

Now to launch your jupyter notebook, just type the following in your browser:

http://<External Static IP Address>:<Port Number>

where, external ip address is the ip address which we made static and port number is the one which we allowed firewall access to which is 5000.



IMPORTANT: DON'T FORGET TO STOP YOUR GPU INSTANCE AFTER YOU ARE DONE BY CLICKING ON THE THREE DOTS ON THE IMAGE ABOVE AND SELECTING STOP. OTHERWISE GCP WILL KEEP CHARGING YOU ON AN HOURLY BASIS.