General Sustainability Facts

1. Population Growth and Resource Use:

By 2050, the global population is expected to reach **9.7 billion**, increasing the demand for food, water, and energy significantly.

2. Earth Overshoot Day:

Humanity currently consumes natural resources **1.7 times faster** than the Earth can regenerate them. This means we are essentially "borrowing" from future generations.

3. Greenhouse Gas Emissions:

The top three countries—China, the United States, and India—account for over 50% of global CO₂ emissions.

Energy and Climate Change

4. Renewable Energy Potential:

The solar energy hitting the Earth every hour could meet **global energy needs for a year**, yet only about **3% of global energy** comes from solar power.

5. Fossil Fuel Dependence:

Fossil fuels still account for about **80% of global energy consumption**, contributing heavily to climate change.

6. Temperature Rise:

Since the late 19th century, the global average temperature has risen by **1.2°C** (**2.2°F**) due to increased greenhouse gas emissions.

7. Sea Level Rise:

Global sea levels have risen by about **8 inches (20 cm)** since 1880, and the rate of rise is accelerating.

Water Sustainability

8. Water Scarcity:

Over 2 billion people live in regions experiencing water stress, and by 2025, an

estimated **half of the world's population** will be in water-stressed areas.

9. Agriculture and Water Use:

Agriculture accounts for approximately **70% of global freshwater use**, making it a key sector for improving water sustainability.

10. Plastic Pollution in Oceans:

By 2050, there could be more plastic in the ocean by weight than fish if current pollution trends continue.

Biodiversity

11. Species Extinction:

Human activity is driving species to extinction at a rate **1,000 to 10,000 times faster** than the natural rate, leading to what scientists call the sixth mass extinction.

12. Rainforests and Biodiversity:

Rainforests, which cover only **6% of Earth's surface**, are home to about **50% of the world's species**. Yet, deforestation is causing the loss of **18 million acres annually**.

Soil and Agriculture

13. Soil Degradation:

Over **33% of global soil** has already been degraded due to deforestation, overgrazing, and poor agricultural practices.

14. Food Waste:

Approximately **1/3 of all food produced globally**—about **1.3 billion tons**—is wasted annually, contributing to greenhouse gas emissions and resource depletion.

Urban and Lifestyle Sustainability

15. Urban Population Growth:

By 2050, **68% of the world's population** will live in urban areas, highlighting the need

for sustainable cities.

16. Carbon Footprint of Transportation:

Transportation accounts for **23% of global CO**² **emissions**, making sustainable alternatives like public transit and electric vehicles essential.

17. Single-Use Plastics:

About **40% of plastic produced annually** is single-use, meaning it is discarded after one use. It takes centuries to decompose.

Waste and Circular Economy

18. E-Waste Generation:

The world produces over **50 million tons** of electronic waste annually, and only about **20%** is formally recycled.

19. Circular Economy Impact:

A shift to a circular economy could reduce global emissions by **39%** and raw material usage by **28%** by 2030.

20. Recycling Aluminum:

Recycling one ton of aluminum saves **14,000 kWh of electricity**, enough to power an average home for a year.

Conservation and Restoration

21. Reforestation Benefits:

Planting trees at scale could capture **25% of the global annual CO**² **emissions**, significantly contributing to climate change mitigation.

22. Protected Areas:

Currently, about **15% of terrestrial** and **7% of marine areas** are protected, but the goal under international agreements is to protect at least **30% by 2030**.

These facts underscore the urgency of adopting sustainable practices and policies across sectors to ensure the planet's long-term health and viability.