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Assignment 1 in LATEX

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Assignment 1

Problem 12.13.1.4: Evaluate Pr(A + B) if $2 Pr(A) = Pr(B) = \frac{5}{13}$ and $Pr(A|B) = \frac{2}{5}$. **Solution 12.13.1.4**: Given,

$$2\Pr(A) = \Pr(B) = \frac{5}{13}, \Pr(A|B) = \frac{2}{5}$$
 (1)

$$\implies \Pr(B) = \frac{5}{13}, \Pr(A) = \frac{5}{26}, \Pr(A|B) = \frac{2}{5}$$
 (2)

We know by conditional Probability:

$$Pr(A|B) = \frac{Pr(AB)}{Pr(B)}$$
(4)

$$Pr(AB) = Pr(A|B) \times Pr(B)$$
(5)

$$\Pr(AB) = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{5}{13} = \frac{2}{13} \tag{6}$$

(7)

(3)

Now, We know

$$Pr(A + B) = Pr(A) + Pr(B) - Pr(AB)$$
(8)

$$=\frac{5}{26}+\frac{5}{13}-\frac{2}{13}\tag{9}$$

$$=\frac{5+10-4}{26}\tag{10}$$

$$=\frac{11}{26} \tag{11}$$

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