## Topology

**Definition.** Let  $(X, \tau_1)$  and  $(Y, \tau_2)$  be two topological spaces. The collection  $\mathcal{B} = \tau_1 \times \tau_2 = \{u \times v : u \in \tau_1, v \in \tau_2\}$  is a basis for a topology on  $X \times Y$ . The topology generated by  $\mathcal{B}$  is called the **product topology** on  $X \times Y$ .

**Theorem.** Let  $(X, \tau)$  and  $(Y, \sigma)$  be two topological spaces. Let  $\mathcal{B}$  be a basis for  $\tau$  and  $\mathcal{C}$  be a basis for  $\sigma$ . Then the collection  $\mathcal{D} = \{U \times V : U \in \mathcal{B}, V \in \mathcal{C}\}$  is a basis for the product topology on  $X \times Y$ .

**Result.** The product topology on  $_at_hb_bR$   $cdot_at_hb_bR$  coincides with the usual topology on  $_at_hb_bR^2$