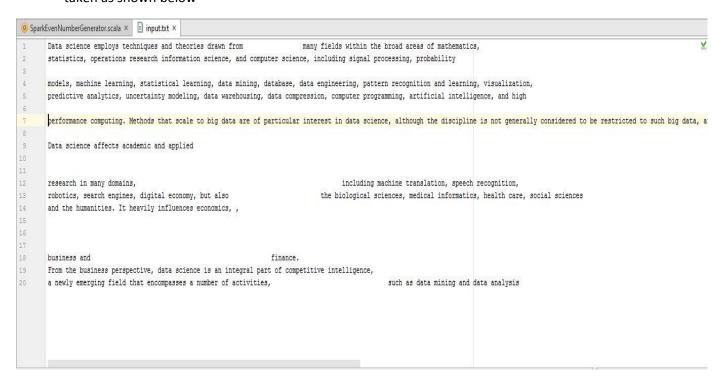
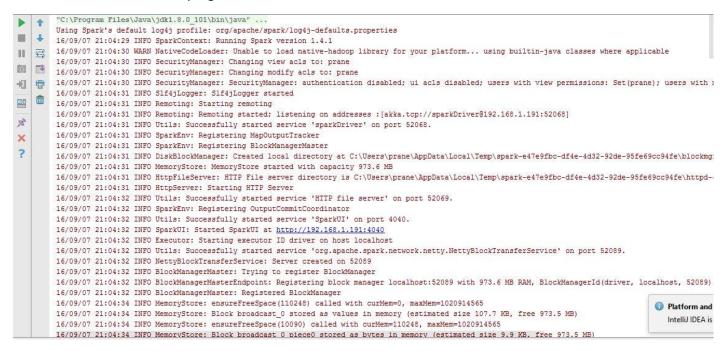
#### Lab 2 Documentation

• In this use case a text file with lots of formatted and non-formatted words and sentences is taken as shown below



- The spark program takes this input and displays the words that are of even length. So it basically filters out all the words that are of odd length.
- The execution of the program can be seen below.



- The output is displayed on the console and also stored in the text files.
- The console output can be found below.



- The part files output can be found below.
- Two part files are generated by Spark for our input.

## Part-file0



## • Part-file1



- As required by the assignment I have used at least 2 transformations and 2 actions.
- Transformations used are:
  - 1. map:

```
val stripped_data = main_filter.map(e =>
e.stripPrefix(",").stripSuffix(",").stripPrefix(".").stripSuffix(".").trim)
this strips of the comma or period appended/prepended to the output
```

## 2. flatMap:

```
val fil_input = input.flatMap((line=>{line.split(" ").filter(_.nonEmpty)}))
this takes the input file and goes line by line and splits the tokens using " "(space) as a delimiter. It also filters out the empty tokens
```

### 3. filter:

val main\_filter = (fil\_input.filter(e => e.stripPrefix(",").stripSuffix(",").trim.length%2==0)) In this step the filtering takes place such that only the words with even length are stored in our main\_filter

- Actions are:
  - 1. collect:

val console\_data = stripped\_data.collect()
in order to view the content of the RDD, in other words to output on the console we
use collect()

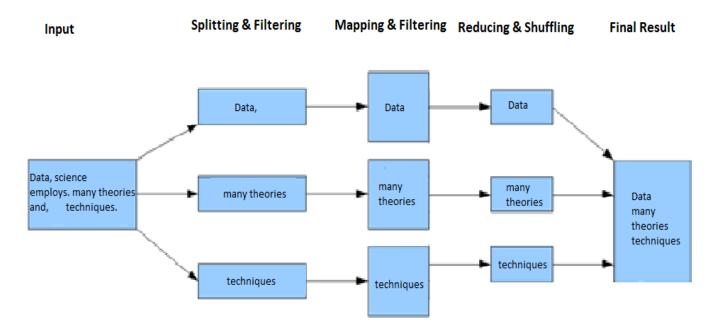
## 2. saveAsTextFile:

stripped\_data.saveAsTextFile("output")

this saves the output in the output folder in part files.

### Map-Reduce Diagram

## Spark Program to take random text input and display the words with even length



# • Brief Explanation of the above diagram:

- 1. The input is a random text file containing formatted and non-formatted text (refer the diagram on page 1). The input has the words appended with comma or period or there are multiple spaces between the words. The sentences are not consistent. So this is truly a random text data.
- Our program goes line by line and extracts the words from the line. In addition to that it filters out the empty strings and also the words that are of odd length. So now we have the even length words but they have extra attributes like there might be a comma or period or spaces appended or prepended to them.
- 3. In the mapping stage we map each word to its word minus the extra attributes mentioned above.
- 4. The reduce and the shuffling phase doesn't do much in our program but it is essential part of map reduce paradigm.
- 5. Finally, the output from the reducers is combined and we get our final output data that is the words with even length.