

# Assignment 3

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```
library("readr")  
library("dplyr")
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':  
##  
##   filter, lag
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':  
##  
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library("caret")
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
library("tidyr")  
library("e1071")  
library("reshape2")
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'reshape2'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':  
##  
##   smiths
```

```
library("pROC")
```

```
## Type 'citation("pROC")' for a citation.
```

```
##  
## Attaching package: 'pROC'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   cov, smooth, var
```

```
library("naivebayes")
```

```
## naivebayes 0.9.7 loaded
```

```
Unibank <- read.csv("C:/Users/ADMIN/Downloads/UniversalBank.csv")
summary(Unibank)
```

```
##      ID      Age      Experience      Income      ZIP.Code
## Min.   : 1   Min.   :23.00   Min.   :-3.0   Min.   : 8.00   Min.   : 9307
## 1st Qu.:1251 1st Qu.:35.00   1st Qu.:10.0   1st Qu.: 39.00   1st Qu.:91911
## Median :2500 Median :45.00   Median :20.0   Median : 64.00   Median :93437
## Mean   :2500 Mean   :45.34   Mean   :20.1   Mean   : 73.77   Mean   :93153
## 3rd Qu.:3750 3rd Qu.:55.00   3rd Qu.:30.0   3rd Qu.: 98.00   3rd Qu.:94608
## Max.   :5000 Max.   :67.00   Max.   :43.0   Max.   :224.00   Max.   :96651
##      Family      CCAvg      Education      Mortgage
## Min.   :1.000   Min.   : 0.000   Min.   :1.000   Min.   : 0.0
## 1st Qu.:1.000   1st Qu.: 0.700   1st Qu.:1.000   1st Qu.: 0.0
## Median :2.000   Median : 1.500   Median :2.000   Median : 0.0
## Mean   :2.396   Mean   : 1.938   Mean   :1.881   Mean   : 56.5
## 3rd Qu.:3.000   3rd Qu.: 2.500   3rd Qu.:3.000   3rd Qu.:101.0
## Max.   :4.000   Max.   :10.000   Max.   :3.000   Max.   :635.0
## Personal.Loan Securities.Account CD.Account      Online
## Min.   :0.000   Min.   :0.0000   Min.   :0.0000   Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.000   1st Qu.:0.0000   1st Qu.:0.0000   1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.000   Median :0.0000   Median :0.0000   Median :1.0000
## Mean   :0.096   Mean   :0.1044   Mean   :0.0604   Mean   :0.5968
## 3rd Qu.:0.000   3rd Qu.:0.0000   3rd Qu.:0.0000   3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max.   :1.000   Max.   :1.0000   Max.   :1.0000   Max.   :1.0000
##      CreditCard
## Min.   :0.000
## 1st Qu.:0.000
## Median :0.000
## Mean   :0.294
## 3rd Qu.:1.000
## Max.   :1.000
```

```
#converting the predictors to factors
head(Unibank)
```

```
## ID Age Experience Income ZIP.Code Family CCAvg Education Mortgage
## 1 1 25 1 49 91107 4 1.6 1 0
## 2 2 45 19 34 90089 3 1.5 1 0
## 3 3 39 15 11 94720 1 1.0 1 0
## 4 4 35 9 100 94112 1 2.7 2 0
## 5 5 35 8 45 91330 4 1.0 2 0
## 6 6 37 13 29 92121 4 0.4 2 155
## Personal.Loan Securities.Account CD.Account Online CreditCard
## 1 0 1 0 0 0
## 2 0 1 0 0 0
## 3 0 0 0 0 0
## 4 0 0 0 0 0
## 5 0 0 0 0 1
## 6 0 0 0 1 0
```

```
Unibank$Personal.Loan <- as.factor(Unibank$Personal.Loan)
Unibank$Online <- as.factor(Unibank$Online)
Unibank$CreditCard <- as.factor(Unibank$CreditCard)
```

```
#Partition the data into training (60%) and validation (40%) sets
set.seed(2022)
training_data_index = createDataPartition(Unibank$Personal.Loan, p=.6, list = F) #60% training data
training_data_df = Unibank[training_data_index,]
validation_data_df = Unibank[-training_data_index,] #Validation Data
```

```
#Pivot tables
melt_Unibank = melt(training_data_df, id=c("CreditCard","Personal.Loan"), variable = "Online") #function melt()
```

```
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables; they will be
## dropped
```

```
dcast_Unibank = dcast(melt_Unibank, CreditCard+Personal.Loan~Online) #function cast()
```

```
## Aggregation function missing: defaulting to length
```

```
dcast_Unibank[,c(1:2,14)]
```

```
## CreditCard Personal.Loan Online
## 1 0 0 1904
## 2 0 1 204
## 3 1 0 808
## 4 1 1 84
```

```
# CreditCard, Personal.Loan, Online DF
```

*#Pivot tables having loan rows as function of online columns and remaining having loan rows as function of credit card*

```
loan_melt_Unibank = melt(training_data_df, id=c("Personal.Loan"), variable = "Online")
```

```
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables; they will be
## dropped
```

```
cc_melt_Unibank = melt(training_data_df, id=c("CreditCard"), variable = "Online")
```

```
## Warning: attributes are not identical across measure variables; they will be
## dropped
```

```
dcast_loan_Unibank = dcast(loan_melt_Unibank, Personal.Loan~Online)
```

```
## Aggregation function missing: defaulting to length
```

```
dcast_cc_Unibank = dcast(cc_melt_Unibank, CreditCard~Online)
```

```
## Aggregation function missing: defaulting to length
```

```
dcast_loan_Unibank[,c(1,13)]
```

```
##   Personal.Loan Online
## 1             0   2712
## 2             1    288
```

```
dcast_cc_Unibank[,c(1,14)]
```

```
##   CreditCard Online
## 1           0   2108
## 2           1    892
```

*#Calculate the following quantities:  $P(A \mid B)$ , or the Likelihood that A will occur given B.*

```
table(training_data_df[,c(14,10)])
```

```
##           Personal.Loan
## CreditCard  0    1
##           0 1904  204
##           1  808   84
```

```
table(training_data_df[,c(13,10)])
```

```
##      Personal.Loan
## Online    0      1
##      0 1123  120
##      1 1589  168
```

```
table(training_data_df[c(10)])
```

```
## Personal.Loan
##      0      1
## 2712  288
```

```
#Running the naive bayes model on the data
train.naive.bayes = training_data_df[,c(10,13:14)]
naive.bayes = naiveBayes(Personal.Loan~., data=train.naive.bayes)
naive.bayes
```

```
##
## Naive Bayes Classifier for Discrete Predictors
##
## Call:
## naiveBayes.default(x = X, y = Y, laplace = laplace)
##
## A-priori probabilities:
## Y
##      0      1
## 0.904 0.096
##
## Conditional probabilities:
##      Online
## Y      0      1
## 0 0.4140855 0.5859145
## 1 0.4166667 0.5833333
##
##      CreditCard
## Y      0      1
## 0 0.7020649 0.2979351
## 1 0.7083333 0.2916667
```

```
#Looking at the ROC curve and AUC value
Naive <- naiveBayes(Personal.Loan~Online+CreditCard,data=training_data_df)
Naive
```

```
##
## Naive Bayes Classifier for Discrete Predictors
##
## Call:
## naiveBayes.default(x = X, y = Y, laplace = laplace)
##
## A-priori probabilities:
## Y
##      0      1
## 0.904 0.096
##
## Conditional probabilities:
##      Online
## Y      0      1
## 0 0.4140855 0.5859145
## 1 0.4166667 0.5833333
##
##      CreditCard
## Y      0      1
## 0 0.7020649 0.2979351
## 1 0.7083333 0.2916667
```

```
predlab <- predict(Naive,training_data_df,type = "raw")
head(predlab)
```

```
##      0      1
## [1,] 0.9026813 0.09731871
## [2,] 0.9026813 0.09731871
## [3,] 0.9036110 0.09638897
## [4,] 0.9052982 0.09470181
## [5,] 0.9036110 0.09638897
## [6,] 0.9026813 0.09731871
```

```
roc(training_data_df$Online,predlab[,2])
```

```
## Setting levels: control = 0, case = 1
```

```
## Setting direction: controls > cases
```

```
##
## Call:
## roc.default(response = training_data_df$Online, predictor = predlab[, 2])
##
## Data: predlab[, 2] in 1243 controls (training_data_df$Online 0) > 1757 cases (training_data_df$Online 1).
## Area under the curve: 0.7886
```

```
plot.roc(training_data_df$Online,predlab[,2])
```

```
## Setting levels: control = 0, case = 1  
## Setting direction: controls > cases
```

