

Date  
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## PRACTICAL - 7

AIM: write a program to implement flow control at data link layer using sliding window protocol. Simulate the flow of frames from one node to another.

→ Create a sender program with following features:

- 1) Input window size from the user.
- 2) Input a text message from the user.
- 3) Consider 1 character per frame.
- 4) Create a frame with following fields.
- 5) Send the frames.
- 6) Wait for the acknowledgement from the Receiver.
- 7) ~~Reader~~ a file called Receiver - buffer.
- 8) Check Ack field for the acknowledgement number.
- a) If the Ack number is as expected, send new set of frames accordingly.

→ ~~create~~ create a receiver file with following features.

- 10) Reader a file called sender - buffer.
- 12) Check the frame no.
- 3) If frame ~~no~~ are as expected, write the appropriate Ack no. in the Receiver buffer file.

NOTE: Produce error and verify the behaviour of the program. Manually change the frame no and ack no in the files.

## Student Observation:

CODE:

```
import time, random
```

```
def sender (window_size, message)
```

```
    base = next_seq = 0
```

```
    expected_frame_num = 0
```

```
    receiver_buffer = []
```

```
def receiver (sender_buffer):
```

```
    non local expected_frame_num
```

```
    print ("t" in ... Receiver's turn (Expecting frame:
```

```
        { expected_frame_num } ...")
```

```
    for frame in sender_buffer:
```

```
        if frame["seq"] == expected_frame_num:
```

```
            print ("t" → OK. Frame, {frame["seq"]}
```

```
                accepted. Data. {frame["data"]})
```

```
            expected_frame_num += 1
```

```
        else:
```

```
            print ("t" → ERROR. Discarding out of
```

```
                    order frame {frame["seq"]})
```

```
            break
```

```
    print ("t" Receiver: Sending Ack for next expected
```

```
            frame: {expected_frame_num})
```

```
    return [{"type": "Ack", "ack_num": expected_frame_num}]
```



```
def simulate_network_error(sender_buffer, receiver_buffer)
```

```
    choice = random.randint(1, 10)
```

```
    if choice == 1 and sender_buffer:
```

```
        i = random.randint(0, len(sender_buffer) - 1)
```

```
        orig = sender_buffer[i]['seq']
```

```
        sender_buffer[i]['seq'] += 5
```

```
        print(f"\n → Network error: Frame {orig} {
```

```
              corrupted to {sender_buffer[i]['seq']} {
```

```
              \n")
```

```
    elif choice == 2:
```

```
        receiver_buffer.clean()
```

```
        print(f"\n → network error: ACK from receiver {
```

```
              has been lost \n")
```

```
    print("- starting simulation -")
```

```
    while base < len(message):
```

```
        print(f"\n {base} = {base + 15} sender's turn {base + 15}")
```

```
        print(f"Current window: base = {base}, nextSeqNum = {
```

```
              nextSeq}")
```

```
        sender_buffer = [{'seq': i, "data": message[i]}
```

```
        for i in range(nextSeq, min(base + window_size, len(message)))]
```

```
        for f in sender_buffer:
```

```
            print(f"Sender Frame: {f['seq']} | data:
```

```
                  {f['data']}")
```

```
        nextSeq = base + len(sender_buffer)
```

```
        simulate_network_error(sender_buffer, receiver_buffer)
```

```
        time.sleep(1)
```



receiver\_buffer = receiver (sender\_buffer)  
time.sleep(1)

ack = receiver\_buffer.pop(0)

if ack["Type"] == "Ack" and ack["ack\_num"]

base:

print(f"Sender: Received Ack for frame {

ack["ack\_num"] - 1}, sliding window)

base = ack["ack\_num"]

else:

print(f"Sender: Received old or duplicate

Ack {ack["ack\_num"]}. No action.")

print(f" In {15} Transmission Completed")

if \_\_name\_\_ == "\_\_main\_\_":

try:

ws = int(input("Enter the window size (eg. 4)"))

except ValueError:

ws = 4

print(f"Invalid input Using default window size

of 4")

msg = input("Enter the message to send (eg. sliding window):")

sender(ws, msg)



OUTPUT:

Enter the window size (eg. 4): 5

Enter the message to send (eg. sliding window): birthday

--- starting simulation ---

→ Sender's Turn ←

Current window: Base = 0, NextSeq Num = 0

Sending Frame: 0 | Data = 'b'

Sending Frame: 1 | Data = 'i'

Sending Frame: 2 | Data = 'r'

Sending Frame: 3 | Data = 't'

Sending Frame: 4 | Data = 'h'

→ network error: ACK from receiver has been lost!

--- Receiver's Turn (Expecting frame 0) ---

→ Ok. Frame 0 accepted. Data: 'b'

→ Ok. Frame 1 accepted. Data: 'i'

→ Ok. Frame 2 accepted. Data: 'r'

→ Ok. Frame 3 accepted. Data: 't'

→ Ok. Frame 4 accepted. Data: 'h'

Receiver: Sending ACK for next expected frame = 5

Sender: Received ACK for frame 4. Sliding window

--- Sender's Turn ---

Current window: Base = 5, NextSeq Num = 5

Sending Frame: 5 | Data: 'd'

Sending Frame: 6 | Data: 'a'

Sending Frame: 7 | Data: 'y'

--- Receiver's Turn (Expecting Frame: 5) ---

→ OK. Frame 5 accepted; Data: 'd';

→ OK. Frame 6 accepted; Data: 'a';

→ OK. Frame 7 accepted; Data: 'y';

Receiver: Sending ACK for next expected frame: 8

Sender: Received ACK for frame 7. Sliding window

--- Transmission Complete ---

--- Receiver's Turn (Expecting frame 0) ---

→ OK. Frame 0 accepted. Data: 'p';

→ OK. Frame 1 accepted. Data: 'i';

→ OK. Frame 2 accepted. Data: 't';

→ OK. Frame 3 accepted. Data: 't';

→ OK. Frame 4 accepted. Data: 'h';

Receiver: Sending ACK for next expected frame: 5  
Sender: Received ACK for frame 4. Sliding window

Result: Hence the program to implement flow control  
at data link layer using sliding window protocol  
was executed successfully

9/10/19