ASSIGNMENT-1

COMPUTER NETWORKS (Group 7)

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Github Repo Link

Part 1: Metrics and Plots (40 pts) From the chosen X.pcap file, extract and generate the following metrics for the data as captured by your program when you perform the pcap replay using tools like tcpreplay:

(NOTE: PCAP file used 7.pcap)

1. Find the total amount of data transferred (in bytes), the total number of packets transferred, and the minimum, maximum, and average packet sizes. Also, show the distribution of packet sizes (e.g., by plotting a histogram of packet sizes).

Total Packets transferred: 246,519

• Total Data Transferred: 134,996,148 bytes

Minimum Packet Size: 42 bytes
Maximum Packet Size: 1514 bytes
Average Packet Size: 547 bytes

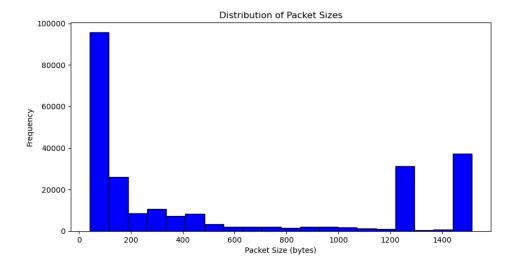


Fig 1. Packet Size Distribution

2. Find unique source-destination pairs (source IP:port and destination IP:port) in the captured data.

==== Unique Source-Destination Pairs =====: 9603

Fig2. Snapshot of Unique Souce-Destination pair

(Complete JSON file is in the GitHub repo named unique_pairs.json)

3. Display a dictionary where the key is the IP address and the value is the total flows for that IP address as the source. Similarly display a dictionary where the key is the IP address and the value is the total flows for that IP address as the destination. Find out which source-destination (source IP:port and destination IP:port) have transferred the most data

Fig 3. Snapshot of Flowcounts for source IP (Complete JSON file is in GitHub repo named flow_count_scr.json)

```
mnent_1 > () flow_counts_dest_json > ...

"0.0.192.228": 2,

"11.235.112.228": 2,

"54.236.225.107": 27,

"10.7.11.235": 7897,

"52.1.8.106": 16,

"180.149.61.76": 393,

"142.250.192.142": 143,

"10.240.8.31": 2791,

"142.250.183.78": 39,

"142.250.70.100": 638,

"10.0.136.7": 6726,

"142.250.194.78": 111,

"216.58.200.170": 49,

"0.1.255.255": 10,

"142.251.42.69": 414,

"142.251.12.100": 8,

"142.250.70.67": 36,

"142.250.194.206": 17,

"54.192.142.120": 24,

"142.251.175.188": 4,
```

Fig 4. Snapshot of Flowcounts for destination IP (Complete JSON file is in GitHub repo named flow_count_dest.json)

Top Flow: 23.52.40.154:443 -> 10.240.0.249:59231 transferred 19798738 bytes

4. List the top speed in terms of `pps` and `mbps` that your program is able to capture the content without any loss of data when i) running both tcpreplay and your program on the same machine (VM), and ii) when running on different machines: Two student group should run the program on two different machines eg. tcpreplay on physical-machine of student1 and sniffer program physical-machine of student2. Single students should run between two VMs.

I) ON SAME Machine

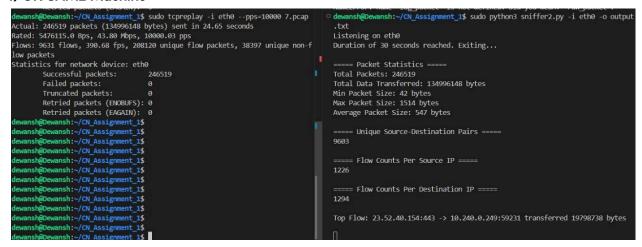


Fig 5. Snapshot of Terminal showing the maximum speed attained by the WSL eth0 port without any packet loss is 1000 packets per second (pps) or 43.80 Mbps

Our Observations:

We have tried replaying on the network at speeds 12500,15000, 17500, and 20000 pps but always received packets which were lesser than the packets transmitted in the eth0 network interface.

Also, on replaying the .pcap file on speed 5000, 7500 pps we observed that sometimes the packets received were the same, and sometimes the packets received were greater than the original number of packets.

On replaying the network packets using topreplay 10 times with a speed of 10000 pps, we found the exact number of packets that were transmitted by topreplay.

II) ON DIFFERENT machine

Using two different machines connected by the RJ45 port using CAT-6 cable, the networks packet transferred were **246519** using **enp1s0** network interface in one system to **eno1** port of my system at the speed of **5000pps**. The network packet summary is shown below. However, the packets received were larger than the actual packets transferred (one reason can be due to the intercommunication between two systems, which results in transmission of some packets)

```
• (.venv) dewansh@dewansh-OMEN-by-HP-Gaming-Laptop-16-wd0xxx:~/Documents/CN_Assignment_1$ sudo python3 sniffer2.py -i enol
Listening on enol
Duration of 55 seconds reached. Exiting...
Saved statistics to JSON files.

===== Packet Statistics =====
Total Packets: 246576
Total Data Transferred: 135128710 bytes
Min Packet Size: 60 bytes
Max Packet Size: 1514 bytes
Average Packet Size: 548 bytes

===== Unique Source-Destination Pairs =====
9603

===== Flow Counts Per Source IP =====
1226

===== Flow Counts Per Destination IP =====
1296

Top Flow: 23.52.40.154:443 -> 10.240.0.249:59231 transferred 19798738 bytes
```

Snapshot of packets transmitted from one device to another

Network packet statistics were **almost similar** with the previous results achieved on single system transfer (significant change being in **Min packet size shifted from 42 bytes to 60 bytes**)

Our Observations:

We have tried replaying on the network at speeds 7500, 10000, 12500 and 15000 pps but always received packets that were lesser than the packets transmitted.

Also, on replaying the .pcap file on speed 4000, 5000 pps we observed that sometimes the packets received were the same, and sometimes the packets received were greater than the original number of packets.

On replaying the network packets using topreplay 10 times with a speed of 5000 pps, we found the exact number of packets that were transmitted by topreplay.

Part 2: Catch Me If You Can (40 points)

Q1: TCP Packet with ACK & PSH set, sum of ports = 60303

Count: 0

Q2: SYN Set, Source Port % 11 == 0, Sequence Number > 100000

Count: 223

Source: 10.7.11.235:53669 -> Destination: 10.240.8.31:8009 Source: 10.7.11.235:53680 -> Destination: 3.111.224.186:443 Source: 10.7.11.235:53691 -> Destination: 142.250.199.170:443 Source: 10.240.0.249:55968 -> Destination: 10.0.136.7:53

....

(All source and destination IP address are in the part_2_answers.txt file in the github repo)

Q3: Source IP 18.234.xx.xxx, Prime Src Port, Dest Port % 11 == 0

Count: 11

Source: 18.234.0.179:443 -> Destination: 10.7.11.235:53251 Source: 18.234.0.179:443 -> Destination: 10.7.11.235:53251

Q4: Sequence + Ack = 2512800625, Checksum ends in 70

Count: 1

Source: 10.240.8.31:8009 -> Destination: 10.7.11.235:53669

NOTE: These answers are generated by replaying the networks at 10000 pps using TCP replay and running the script part_2.py for duration of 30 seconds

(part_2.py file is provided in the github repository with network interface set as "eth0" provided by WSL)

```
66 ### Important field
67 duration = 30 # Capture packets for 30 seconds
68
```

Fig 7. Snapshot of code from part_2.py showing the line number of duration variable for time adjustments

Part 3: Capture the packets (20 points)

Q1. Run the Wireshark tool and capture the trace of the network packets on your host device. We expect you would be connected to the Internet and perform regular network activities. a. List at-least 5 different application layer protocols that we have not discussed so far in the classroom and describe in 1-2 sentences the operation/usage of protocol and its layer of operation and indicate the associated RFC number if any.

Below are the five application layer protocols:

1. OCSP:

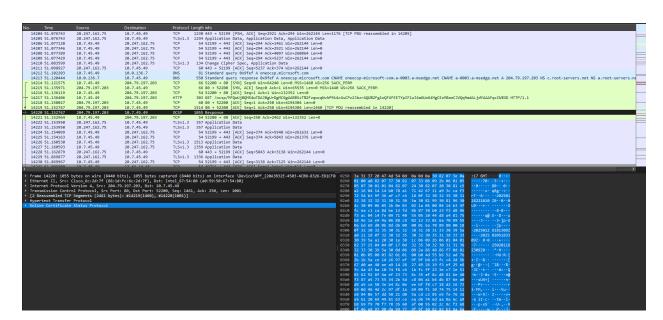
OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol)

Layer: Application Layer (Layer 7)

Operation/Usage: OCSP provides real-time verification of digital certificate status (valid,

revoked, or unknown) to ensure the validity of SSL/TLS certificates.

RFC: RFC 6960



2. BROWSER

BROWSER (Windows Browser Protocol)

Layer: Application Layer (Layer 7)

Operation/Usage: The Windows Browser Protocol allows devices in a local network to discover shared resources like files and printers, particularly in older Windows environments.

RFC: RFC 1001 and RFC 1002

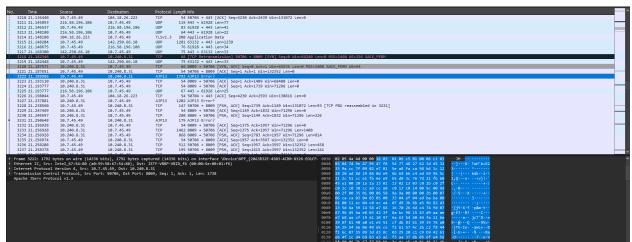
. Time	Source	Destination		Length Info
17940 87.468085	10.7.45.49	40.126.18.33		4799 Application Data
17941 87.470191	40.126.18.33	10.7.45.49	TCP	60 4 ⁴ 3 + 60707 [ACK] Seq=4008 Ack=2192 Win=262144 Len=0
17942 87.470191	40.126.18.33	10.7.45.49	TCP	60 443 + 60707 [ACK] Seq-4008 Ack-5112 Win-262144 Len-0
17943 87.471638	10.7.45.49	40.78.107.240	TCP	54 52235 → 443 [ACK] Seq=5357 Ack=32838 Win=131328 Len=0
17944 87.487613	40.126.18.33	10.7.45.49	TCP	60 443 + 60707 [ACK] Seq=4008 Ack=5477 Win=262144 Len=0
17945 87.492219	Cisco_ec:f9:01	Intel_67:54:80	ARP	60 Who has 10.7.45.49? Tell 0.0.0.0
17946 87.492227	Intel_67:54:80	Cisco_ec:f9:01	ARP	42 10.7.45.49 is at a0:59:50:67:54:80
17947 87.642320	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	66 80 → 60708 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=65535 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM WS=512
17948 87.642524	10.7.45.49	146.75.122.172	TCP	54 60708 + 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=131328 Len=0
17949 87.643231	10.7.45.49	146.75.122.172	HTTP	304 GET /c/msdownload/update/others/2021/01/33356784_31f6eaf6d5437d3e7700835aa29b58168ae2a3b6.cab HTTP/1.1
17950 87.817517	10.7.45.49	10.7.63.255	BROWSER	243 Host Announcement LAPPY, Norkstation, Server, NT Workstation
17951 87.832128	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	60 80 + 60708 [ACK] Seq-1 Ack-251 Win-147456 Len-0
17952 87.833443	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	1518 80 → 60708 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=251 Win=147456 Len=1456 [TCP PDU reassembled in 17957]
17953 87.833443	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	1510 80 - 60708 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1457 Ack=251 Win=147456 Len=1456 [TCP PDU reassembled in 17957]
17954 87.833443	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	1510 80 → 60708 [ACK] Seq=2913 Ack=251 Win=147456 Len=1456 [TCP PDU reassembled in 17957]
	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	1510 80 → 60708 [PSH, ACK] Seq-4369 Ack-251 Win-147456 Len-1456 [TCP PDU reassembled in 17957]
17956 87.833443	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49		298 [TCP Previous segment not captured] 80 + 60708 [PSH, ACK] Seq=7281 Ack=251 Win=147456 Len=244 [TCP PDU reassembled in 17957]
17957 87.833443	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	1510 [TCP Out-Of-Order] 80 + 60708 [ACK] Seq=5825 Ack=251 Win=147456 Len=1456
17958 87.833608	10.7.45.49	146.75.122.172	TCP	54 60708 + 80 [ACK] Seq=251 Ack=2913 Min=131328 Len=0
17959 87.833686	10.7.45.49	146.75.122.172	TCP	54 60708 + 80 [ACK] Seq-251 Ack-5825 Win-131328 Len-0
17960 87.833712	10.7.45.49	146.75.122.172	TCP	66 [TCP Dup ACK 17959#1] 60708 → 80 [ACK] Seq=251 Ack=5825 Win=131328 Len=0 SLE=7281 SRE=7525
17961 87.833735	10.7.45.49	146.75.122.172	TCP	54 60708 + 80 [ACK] Seq=251 Ack=7525 Win=131328 Len=0
17962 87.835407	10.7.45.49	146.75.122.172	HTTP	304 GET /d/msdownload/update/others/2021/01/33356787_6b964b07151d3046d2c549a1d3f61141af23bbd8.cab HTTP/1.1
17963 88.023890	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	60 80 → 60708 [ACK] Seq-7525 Ack=501 Win=148480 Len=0
17964 88.024881	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	1510 80 → 60708 [ACK] Seq-7525 Ack=501 Win=148480 Len=1456 [TCP PDU reassembled in 17971]
17965 88.024881	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP TCP	1518 80 - 60708 [PSH, ACK] Seq=8981 Ack=501 Win=148480 Len=1456 [TCP PDU reassembled in 17971]
17966 88.024881	146.75.122.172	10.7.45.49	TCP	1519 88 + 68788 [AK] Seq=18437 Ack=581 Min-184848 Len-1855 [TCP PDU reassembled in 17971]
11127 00 171001	132 2 111 12	14 / 45 40		
				its) on interface \Device\NPF_{20A3832E-4503-4C80-8326-ED1CF8EE: 0000 ff ff ff ff ff a0 59 50 67 54 80 08 00 45 00
		9:50:67:54:80), Dst:		
		.45.49, Dst: 10.7.63.	.255	0020 3f ff 90 8a 90 8a 90 dl 85 e8 11 02 e9 51 0a 07 ? · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
User Datagram Proto		Dst Port: 138		0030 2d 31 00 8a 00 bb 00 00 20 45 4d 45 42 46 41 46 -1 EMEBFAF
NetBIOS Datagram Se	rvice			0040 41 46 48 43 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 43 AFJCACAC ACACACAC
SMB (Server Message				0050 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 00 20 46 48 45 50 46 ACACACAC A- FHEPF
SMB MailSlot Protoc				0060 43 45 4c 45 48 46 43 45 50 46 46 41 43 41 43 CELEHFCE PFFFACAC
Microsoft Windows B	rowser Protocol			0070 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 43 41 42 4e 00 ff 53 4d 42 ACACACAC ABN SMB
				0080 25 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
				0000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0
				8838 80 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 80 83 83 90 90 90 90 90
				00b0 00 00 00 21 00 56 00 03 00 01 00 00 02 00 32 ························
				00c0 00 5c 4d 41 49 4c 53 4c 4f 54 5c 42 52 4f 57 53 \MAILSL OT\BROWS
				00d0 45 00 01 00 80 a9 03 00 4c 4l 50 50 50 00 00 00 E LAPPY
				00c0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
				[‡] 00f0 55 aa 00 U··

3. AJP13 (Apache JServ Protocol version 1.3)

Layer: Application Layer (Layer 7)

Operation/Usage: AJP13 facilitates communication between web servers (e.g., Apache HTTP Server) and application servers (e.g., Tomcat) to efficiently handle servlet and JSP requests, commonly used in reverse proxy and load balancing setups.

RFC: RFC 2048

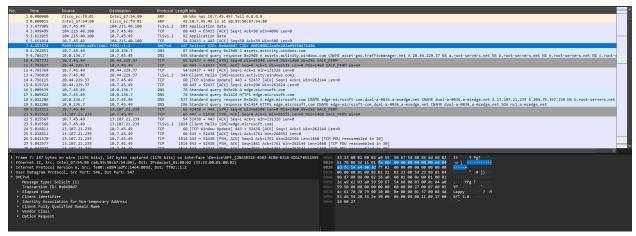


4. DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

Layer: Application Layer (Layer 7)

Operation/Usage: DHCP dynamically assigns IP addresses and network configuration details (e.g., subnet mask, gateway) to devices on a network, eliminating the need for manual configuration.

RFC: RFC 213



1

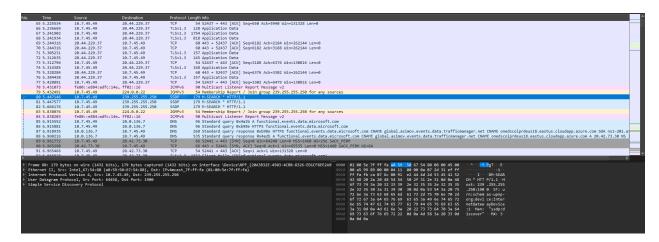
5. SSDP (Simple Service Discovery Protocol)

Layer: Application Layer (Layer 7)

Operation/Usage: SSDP is used for the discovery of network devices and services, such

as printers or smart TVs, in a local network using multicast.

RFC: RFC 6776



Q2:

Analyze the following details by visiting the following websites in your favorite browser.

- i) canarabank.in
- ii) github.com
- iii) netflix.com
- a. Identify `the request line` with the version of the application layer protocol and the IP address. Also, identify whether the connection(s) is/are persistent or not.
- b. For any one of the websites, list any three header field names and corresponding values in the request and response message. Any three HTTP error codes obtained while loading one of the pages with a brief description.
- c. Capture the Performance metrics that your browser records when a page is loaded and also report the list the cookies used and the associated flags in the request and response headers. Please report the browser name and screenshot of the performance metrics reported for any one of the page loads

Ans a:

i) canara bank

```
-(pranjal⊛Lappy)-[~]
s curl -v canarabank.in
* Could not resolve host: canarabank.in
* Closing connection
curl: (6) Could not resolve host: canarabank.in
  -(pranjal⊛Lappy)-[~]
$ curl -v canarabank.com
* Host canarabank.com:80 was resolved.
* IPv6: 2401:8800:a50:4::3
* IPv4: 107.162.160.8
    Trying 107.162.160.8:80...
* Connected to canarabank.com (107.162.160.8) port 80
> GET / HTTP/1.1
> Host: canarabank.com
> User-Agent: curl/8.8.0
> Accept: */*
* Request completely sent off
* HTTP 1.0, assume close after body
< HTTP/1.0 302 Moved Temporarily
< Location: https://canarabank.com/
< Via: HTTP/1.1 bit29005.sin1.defense.net
< Connection: close
< Content-Length: 0
* Closing connection
```

Request Line: GET / HTTP/1.1 IP Address: 107.162.160.8

Persistent: No

ii) github.com

```
(pranjal Lappy) - [~]
$ curl -v github.com
* Host github.com:80 was resolved.
* IPv6: (none)
* IPv4: 20.207.73.82
* Trying 20.207.73.82:80...
* Connected to github.com (20.207.73.82) port 80
> GET / HTTP/1.1
> Host: github.com
> User-Agent: curl/8.8.0
> Accept: */*
> 
* Request completely sent off
< HTTP/1.1 301 Moved Permanently
< Content-Length: 0
< Location: https://github.com/
< * Connection #0 to host github.com left intact</pre>
```

Request Line: GET / HTTP/1.1 IP Address: 20.207.73.82

Persistent: Yes

iii) netflix.com

```
| (pranjal@ Lappy) | (n) | (pranjal@ Lappy) | (pranja
```

Request Line: GET / HTTP/1.1

IP Address: 54.73.148.110, 54.155.246.232, 18.200.8.190

Persistent: Yes

Ans b) For github.com

Request header:



```
> GET / HTTP/1.1
> Host: github.com
> User-Agent: curl/8.8.0
> Accept: */*
```

Response Header:

▼ Response Headers	
Accept-Ranges:	bytes
Access-Control-Allow-Origin:	
Age:	436426
Cache-Control:	public, max-age=31536000, immutable
Content-Encoding:	br
Content-Length:	38163
Content-Type:	text/css 🖊
Cross-Origin-Resource-Policy:	cross-origin
Date:	Sun, 26 Jan 2025 18:07:36 GMT
Etag:	"0x8DD3A32768821EB"
Last-Modified:	Tue, 21 Jan 2025 15:44:16 GMT
Server:	Windows-Azure-Web/1.0 Microsoft-HTTPAPI/2.0
Vary:	Accept-Encoding
Via:	1.1 varnish, 1.1 varnish
X-Cache:	ніт, ніт
X-Cache-Hits:	153, 88319
X-Fastly-Request-Id:	868362f31d1f0dc79c97d2bcef55cf9e1885d151
X-Served-By:	cache-iad-kcgs7200161-IAD, cache-bom4748-BOM

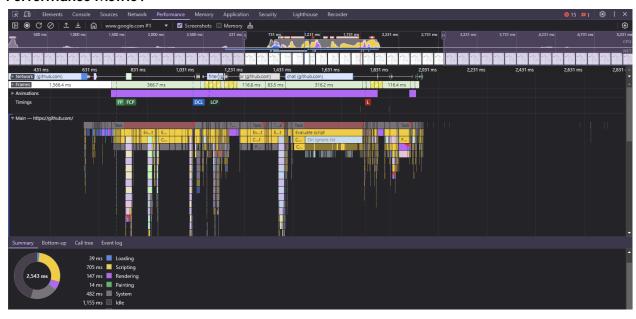
HTTP Error Codes

- 404 Not Found: This error occurs when the requested resource is not found on the server.
- 500 Internal Server Error: A general server-side error indicating that something went wrong on the server while processing the request.
- 403 Forbidden: The server understands the request but refuses to authorize it. This usually happens due to permission issues.

Ans c)

For github.com:

Performance Metric:



List of Cookies:

