CVL3211: Quiz 2 Solution

Q.1 a Volume of cube for compressive strength test of concrete = $15 \times 15 \times 15 cm^3 = 3375 cm^3$.

Air content of concrete mix = 3%

Volume of concrete minus air in test cube =

$$3375 - (3375 \times 3)/100cm^3 = 3273.75cm^3$$

b Let us assume weight of cement be x, for M15 (1:2:4)

	Cement	Sand	Coarse aggregates
Weight (Kg)	X	2 <i>x</i>	4 <i>x</i>
Density (gm/cc)	3	2.5	2.6
Volume $(m^3 \times 10^{-3})$	x/3	2x/2.5	4x/2.6

Volume of water = 0.5x Volume balance equation,

$$V_c + V_w + V_s + V_a = 3273.75 cm^3$$

 $(x/3 + 0.5x + 2x/2.5 + 4x/2.6)m^3 = 3273.75 cm^3 \times 10^3$

c From above equation we get

$$x =$$
 weight of cement $= 1.0321 Kg$ weight of sand $= 2.0643 Kg$ weight of coarse aggregates $= 4.128 Kg$

weight of coarse aggregates = 4.126 Ngweight of water = 0.516 Kg

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- Q.2 a Cube compression failing load = 675KNArea of compression cube under stress = $15 \times 15cm^2$ Assuming a single test, compressive strength = Load/Area = $675KN/225cm^2 = 30MPa$
 - b If another concrete cube fails at 450KN hence assuming it contained lesser cementing material or more voids. In any case weaker cube will contain lesser cement so lesser curing time will be needed. Opposite is true for stronger cube.
 - c Another cube tested at 495 KN. Assuming the group as population, average load is (675 + 450 + 495)/3 = 540 KN Standard deviation = $\sqrt{((540 675)^2 + (540 450)^2 + (540 495)^2)/3} = 97.21 KN$ Dividing both by areas, $\mu = 540 KN/225 cm^2 = 24 MPa$ $\sigma = 97.21 KN/225 cm^2 = 4.32 MPa$

If someone assumes group of readings as sample so this assumption should be stated otherwise no marks will be awarded.