

To confirm if a led turn on/off signal from a publisher has successfully been acted upon by a subscriber.

To confirm if an LED is on or off using MQTT, you can set up a system where the MQTT client publishes messages indicating the LED's state and subscribes to messages to update the LED's status. This involves creating a callback function that responds to incoming MQTT messages and controls the LED accordingly. The client can then publish messages like "on" or "off" to a specific topic, and the callback function will respond by turning the LED on or off based on the message received.

Here's a more detailed breakdown:

- 1. Set up MQTT Client and Broker:**

Establish an MQTT client (e.g., using ESP8266 or ESP32 with an Arduino IDE) and configure it to connect to an MQTT broker.

- 2. Define Topics:**

Create specific MQTT topics for publishing and subscribing. For example, you could use a topic like /led/status for publishing the LED's current state and /led/command for sending commands (e.g., "on" or "off").

- 3. Implement Callback Function:**

Create a callback function that gets triggered whenever the MQTT client receives a message on a subscribed topic.

- 4. Process Messages:**

Inside the callback function, check the received message and take action accordingly. If the message is "on", turn the LED on. If the message is "off", turn the LED off.

- 5. Publish State Changes:**

When the LED's state changes, publish a message on the /led/status topic to indicate the current state (e.g., "on" or "off").

- 6. Test and Verify:**

Test your system by sending commands (e.g., "on" or "off") using the MQTT client and observe that the LED responds accordingly. Verify that the /led/status topic publishes the correct state after each command.

