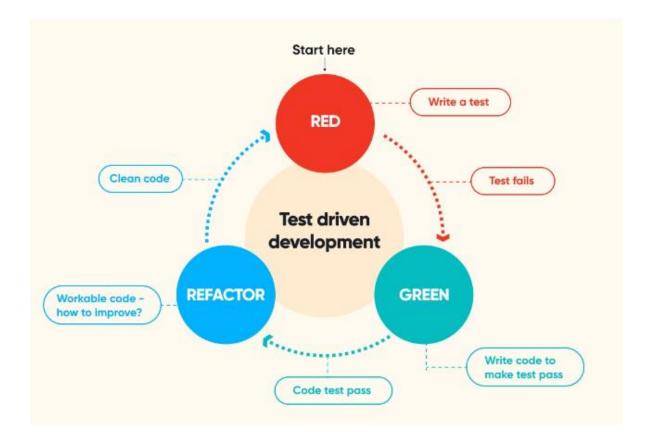
Assignment 2: Produce a comparative infographic of TDD, BDD, and FDD methodologies. Illustrate their unique approaches, benefits, and suitability for different software development contexts. Use visuals to enhance understanding.

Here is a comparative infographic of TDD, BDD, and FDD methodologies:

## **TDD(Test Driven Development)**

- Unique approach: Write tests before production code.
- Benefits:
- o Helps create lean, reusable, and automatable code.
- o Reduces costs and makes refactoring easier.
- Suitability: Small projects and conservative iteration.



## **Advantages & disadvantages of Test Driven Development**

### **Advantages**

- · Faster development
- · Clean code
- · Clear documentation
- · Fewer bugs
- · Tighter code

#### **Disadvantages**

- Development teams may lose the sense of a broader picture
- TDD can be a challenge for developers who're used to writing code first
- · Slow development time
- Developers may have a false sense of security
- Maintenance becomes difficult as the project grows



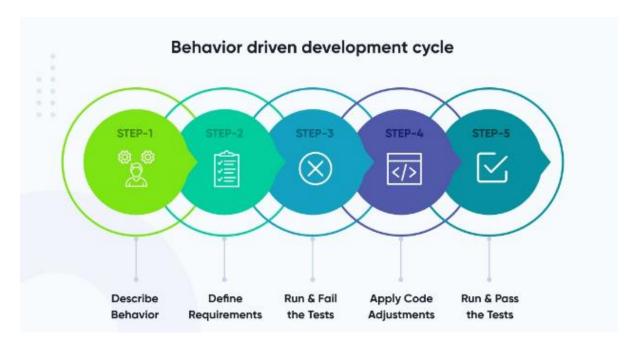
# **BDD(Behaviour-Driven Development)**

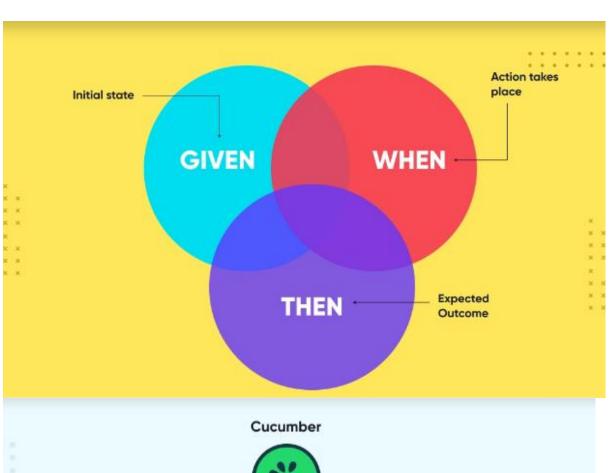
Unique approach:

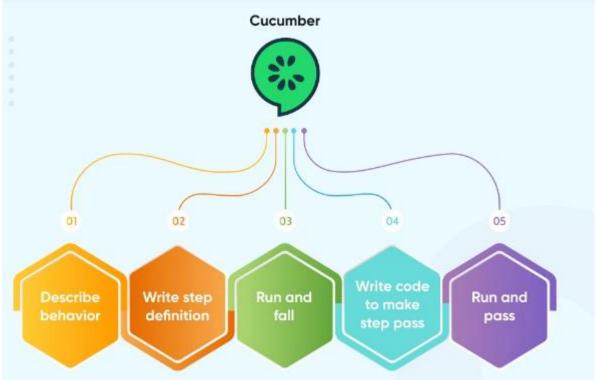
Focus on the behavioral aspects of a system, rather than the implementation aspects.

- Benefits:
- Helps developers and customers understand what the system should do.
- Reduces confusion about acceptance criteria.
- Identifies potential problems with user stories early.
- Suitability:

Any project where it is important to understand and validate the behavior of the system from the user's perspective.







## **KEY ADVANTAGES OF BDD**



Customer-driven product development

Proper prioritization of features

Greater transparency

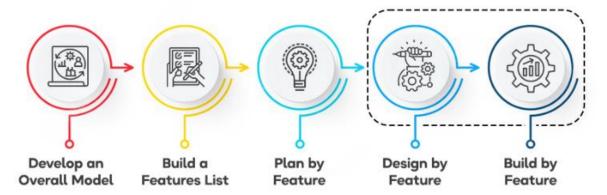
Reduced maintenance and project risk

Better alignment with overall business goals

#### **FDD(Feature Driven Development)**

- Unique approach: Focus on feature-based development, with sprints, teams, and delivery based on features.
- Benefits:
- o Promotes close collaboration between product owners and stakeholders.
- Approaches development goals from the top down.
- Suitability: Large and complex projects.

## FEATURE DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT (FDD) PROCESS



# Feature-driven development (FDD)

## **Advantages**

- Clear picture of project scope
- User-cetric approach
- Works good with long projects and large teams
- Decreased need for meetings

### Disadvantages

- Doesn't work good with small projects
- Dependence on lead developers
- No written documentation to the client