

6.3. Yuckdonald's is considering opening a series of restaurants along Quaint Valley Highway (QVH). The n possible locations are along a straight line, and the distances of these locations from the start of QVH are, in miles and in increasing order, m_1, m_2, \dots, m_n . The constraints are as follows:

- At each location, Yuckdonald's may open at most one restaurant. The expected profit from opening a restaurant at location i is p_i , where $p_i > 0$ and $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$.
- Any two restaurants should be at least k miles apart, where k is a positive integer.

Give an efficient algorithm to compute the maximum expected total profit subject to the given constraints.

Scratch

M = 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700

P = 500, 600, 300, 700, 800, 400, 900

k = 150

Problem Formulation

$T[i]$ = maximum total profit in opening restaurants (following given constraints) from the available locations m_1, m_2, \dots, m_i , where m_i is included.

Recurrence

$T[i] =$ if $m_i > k$,

Look for all the milestones m_t such that m_t is at least k miles apart from m_i , then find max of $T[t]$ and sum with $P[i]$, if no such milestones take $P[i]$

If $m_i \leq k$,
 $P[i]$

Base case

For all $m_i \leq k$, $T[i] = P[i]$

Sample Run (rhymes with Temple Run)

M = 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700

P = 500, 600, 300, 700, 800, 400, 900

k = 150

T = 500, 600, 500+300, 600+700, 500+300+800, 600+700+400, 500+300+800+900

Return Value

Max of T

PseudoCode

```
for i = 1-> n ----- (1)
    if (M[i] <= k)
        T[i] = P[i]
    Else
        maxt = 0
        for t = i-1 -> 1 ----- (2)
            if ((M[i] - M[t]) >= k)
                if (T[t] > maxt)
                    maxt = T[t]
        T[i] = maxt + P[i]
Return max(T) -----(3)
```

Runtime Complexity

The Loops 1 and 2 are nested, hence will take $O(n^2)$ time in worst case and Line 3 max operation will take $O(n)$.

Hence, total runtime complexity is $O(n^2)$.