Crash Report

Summary: The University Course Assignment System optimization code displays inconsistent behavior in assigning course loads to X3 professors. While most instances correctly allocate 1.5 course loads, occasionally, only 1 course load is assigned.

Issue Description: The main concern revolves around the stochastic behavior observed during the optimization process, leading to varying outcomes for X3 professors. My limited expertise in using OR-Tools poses a challenge in addressing this inconsistency effectively.

Impact: The unpredictable assignment of course loads directly impacts the reliability of optimization results, particularly for X3 professors. This inconsistency jeopardizes the intended fulfillment of category-based constraints, potentially resulting in suboptimal course assignments.

Steps to Reproduce:

- Utilize the code with a dataset containing X3 professors and their preferences
- Execute the optimization process.
- Observe the course assignments for X3 professors, noting the variability between 1 and 1.5 course loads.

Expected Behavior: The code should consistently assign 1.5 course loads to X3 professors, ensuring a stable and reliable optimization outcome.

Additional Information: While the code struggles to consistently meet the condition that X3 professors should teach 1.5 courses, it successfully adheres to the conditions that professors must be assigned courses only if they are in their preferences. Additionally, X1 and X2 category professors are correctly assigned courses according to their specified course load formats.

Consistent Input Data:

	Courses	X1_Aiden	X2_Shar	X3_Arvind	
ĺ	FD1	10	8	10	
	FD2	9	10	8	
	FD3	8	9	9	

Consistent Output Data:

Course	Professor
FD1	X1_Aiden
FD1	X3_Arvind
FD2	X2_Shar
FD2	X3_Arvind
FD3	$X2_Shar$
FD3	X3_Arvind

X3_Mohar	X3_Abdul				
FDE2	0	1	10	0	10
5	0				
FDE5	0	0	0	5	0
0	2	0	0	0	9
FDC10	0 7	0	0	0	3
9 HDC2	7 0	4	0	6	0
4	6	4	U	Ü	U
HDC1	4	8	0	0	1
0	0	Ü	· ·		-
FDC2	0	0	2	0	0
0	0				
HDE4	7	0	8	1	4
0	0				
FDC11	0	0	0	0	8
8 FDC7	5	0	0	4	0
1	5 3	2	9	4	0
HDE1	8	9	3	0	0
2	1		9		
HDC3	0	0	0	10	0
0	8				
FDC4	1	0	6	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	J
FDC3	2	0	0	0	5
3 FDE4	0 0	7	0	3	0
0	0	•	O	9	U
FDC1	0	6	5	0	0
0	0				
FDC6	9	0	0	0	0
0	0				
HDE2	0	0	0	2	0
7 HDC4	0	10	0	0	0
10	0 0	10	0	U	U
HDE3	3	0	0	8	9
0	10				
FDE3	0	3	0	0	0
6	0				
FDC9	6	0	1	0	0
0	4	0	0		0
FDC8	0 0	0	0	0	0
FDE1	0	5	4	9	2
	0	J	4	J	۷
0 FDC5	10	0	0	0	6
0	0				
FDE6	0	0	7	7	7
0	9				

X1_Bella X1_Caleb

Courses

 $X3_Mohar$

X1_Aiden

 $X3_Abdul$

X1_Delilah X1_Ethan

Inconsistent Input Data:

	Course	Professor		
	FDE2	X1_Jasmine		
	FDE2	$X3_Uriel$		
	FDE5	X2_Lily		
	FDE5	X2_Penelope		
	FDC10	X3_Donald		
	FDC10	X3_Mohar		
	HDC2	X1_Gabriel		
	HDC2	X3_Yosef		
	HDC1	X2_Penelope		
	HDC1	X2_Rose		
	FDC2	X2_Kaden		
	FDC2	X3_Zari		
	HDE4	X2_Kaden		
	HDE4	X3_Tessa		
	FDC11	X3_Violet		
	FDC11	X3_William		
	FDC7	X1_Caleb		
	FDC7	X3_Tessa		
	HDE1	X1_Bella		
	HDE1	X1_Bena X3_Xena		
	HDC3	X3_Violet		
	HDC3	X3_Donald		
	FDC4			
		X2_Quentin		
	FDC4	X2_Rose		
:	FDC3	X2_Lily		
	FDC3	X2_Mason		
	FDE4	X2_Oliver		
	FDE4	X3_Daniel		
	FDC1	X2_Nora		
	FDC1	X3_Uriel		
	FDC6	X1_Isaac		
	FDC6	X2_Mason		
	HDE2	X3_William		
	HDE2	X3_Zari		
	HDC4	X2_Oliver		
	HDC4	X3_Mohar		
	HDE3	X1_Ethan		
	HDE3	X3_Abdul		
	FDE3	X3_Sebastian		
	FDE3	X3_Yosef		
	FDC9	X1_Fiona		
	FDC9	X1_Hannah		
	FDC8	X3_Sebastian		
	FDC8	X3_Xena		
	FDE1	$X1$ _Delilah		
	FDE1	X2_Nora		
	FDC5	X1_Aiden		
	FDC5	X3_Daniel		
	FDE6	$X2$ _Quentin		
	FDE6	X3_Abdul		

Inconsistent Output Data:

Observation: In this case, the code exhibits inconsistent behavior by occasionally assigning only 1 course load to X3 professors instead of the expected 1.5 course loads. This inconsistency contradicts the specified category-based constraints.

Additional Notes: While the code consistently meets the condition that professors must be assigned courses only if they are in their preferences and correctly handles X1 and X2 category professors, the issue arises specifically in the assignment of course loads to X3 professors. The challenge lies in addressing this inconsistency due to my limited expertise in using OR-Tools effectively.

The provided examples illustrate the variability in outcomes, emphasizing the need for further investigation to achieve a stable and reliable optimization outcome, specifically for X3 professors. You can reproduce these examples by running ProfAllocatorSingleOutput.py with input as ModelInputO.csv and ModelInput1.csv respectively.