# ACA Project Functional Programming and Cryptography

Prannay Khosla<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Computer Science IIT Kanpur

Semester 2, 2016-17

#### **Functional Programming**

Functional Programming: What and Why Haskell

## Functional Programming

Functional Programming: What and Why

Haskell

# Functional vs Imperative Languages

- Specific instruction
- Abstraction constraints/freedom
- Implementation vs Overview
- Mathematical extensions

# **Examples**

- Haskell
- Scheme (LISP)
- Erlang

## Functional Programming

Functional Programming: What and Why

Haskell

## Functional Programming with Haskell

Strong Recursion

Strongly typed

Type systems and Monads

Strong packages

GHC and it's benefits

## Advantages over other languages

Faster

Large Developer base

Stack development

Applicative, not academic

Implementation allow concurrency and parallelism

## Functional Programming

Functional Programming: What and Why Haskell

# Secret Key Cryptography

## AES/DES

Symmetric key cryptographic systems which encrypt system in blocks. Widely used and theoretically broken, but strong enough for practical uses.

#### XOR based

Weak cryptosystems where you do a bit wise XOR of data using a defined key. This is again symmetric.

# Public Key Cryptography

- RSA based cryptosystems
- ► SHA1 : broken thoeretically
- ► SHA2, SHA3 : unbroken

#### Elliptic Curves

- Similar to what RSA is based on
- ▶ Operation over Elliptic Curves over Finite Fields ( $\mathbb{F}_{p^k}$ ).
- Very hard to break since involves breaking discrete logarithm problem

## Summary

#### What you will learn

- Basics of functional programming in the form of Haskell
- Introduction to type systems and Monads and high level programming language constructs.
- Implementing basic cryptosystems, but not more than that.
  You will learn how to optimize them using GHC and Haskell.
- Linux, basic Command Line, basic of systems, Git,
- Future
  - ▶ Haskell based Crypto libraries and optimization for same.
  - Programming Languages and Verification
  - ► Monadic approaches to programming (it is the classes of the 21st Century).