CONTACT BOOK

CLASS ASSESMENT 2 REPORT

by

PRANSHU YADAV 11913078 RAVI SINGH 11913094

Section: K19PG

RollNumbers: 44, 46



Department of Intelligent Systems, School of Computer Science Engineering, Lovely Professional University, Jalandhar

November, 2020

Student Declaration

This is to declare that this report has been written by us. No part of the report is

copied from other sources. All information included from other sources have been

duly acknowledged. we aver that if any part of the report is found to be copied, we

shall take full responsibility for it.

Signature:Pranshu yadav

Ravi singh

Name: Pranshu yadav

Ravi singh

Roll Number: 44

46

Place: LPU, Jalandhar

Date: 30th October 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGENO.	
1.Background and objectives of project assigned	4	
2 Description of Project	4	
2.1 About modules used	6 7	
4 Screenshots	11	

BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

Certified that this project report "CONTACT BOOK" is the bonafide work of "PRANSHU YADAV and RAVI SINGH" who carried out the project work under my supervision.

DR.DHANPRATAP SINGH

DR.DHANPRATAP SINGH ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR 25706 INTELLIGENCE

DEPARTMENT

OBJECTIVE:

The main objective of this project/contact book is to store contacts. Each contact enteries usually contains few standard fields i.e first name, last name, company name, email, address, phone number, fax number, telephone number.

INTRODUCTION:

WHAT IS A CONTACT BOOK:

An Contact book or an address book is a book or a database used for storing entries called contacts. Each contact entry usually consists of a few standard fields (for example: first name, last name, company name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, fax number, mobile number). Most such systems store the details in alphabetical order of people's names, although in paper-based address books entries can easily end up out of order as the owner inserts details of more individuals or as people move. Address books allow easy access to the user's friends, family, business associates and others by maintaining their email and other contact details on their computer. Address books can be software based, or accessed online or through a network. Users may also be able to export contacts from their address books to mobile phones, PDAs and other portable electronic devices.

Network address books can be managed through a singular interface in order to combine a user's entire network. These can include contacts for social networks, emails, mobile phones and PDAs.

Some people believe that future network address books will have capabilities that supersede social networks when they expand to reveal the real-time activities of address book contacts, including current social network posts, blog posts and other electronic activities. For example, Facebook has friend suggestion applications, where users can suggest that their contacts become friends with other friends; this can be thought of as a type of shared address book.

A contact book can be pen and paper based old fashioned contact book ro it can be a digital contact book that are currently used in mobile phones for storing of contacts as per accordance of the user.

TASKS THAT CAN BE PERFORMED:

- 1. Addition of contacts
- 2. Deletion of contacts
- 3. Updation of contacts
- 4. Searching of contacts
- 5. Copying of contacts
- 6. Moving of contacts

MODULES THAT ARE USED IN THIS PROJECT:

Tkinter:

Tkinter is the standard GUI library for Python. Python when combined with Tkinter provides a fast and easy way to create GUI applications. Tkinter provides a powerful object-oriented interface to the Tk GUI toolkit. Creating a GUI application using Tkinter is an easy task. Import the module then make a root window on which we display the content with the help of various widgets provide by this module.

Creating a GUI application using Tkinter is an easy task. All you need to do is perform the following steps –

- Import the Tkinter module.
- Create the GUI application main window.
- Add one or more of the above-mentioned widgets to the GUI application.
- Enter the main event loop to take action against each event triggered by the user.

Sql lite:

SQLite3 is a very easy to use database engine. It is self-contained, serverless, zero-configuration and transactional. It is very fast and lightweight, and the entire database is stored in a single disk file. It is used in a lot of applications as internal data storage. The Python Standard Library

includes a module called "sqlite3" intended for working with this database. This module is a SQL interface compliant with the DB-API 2.0 specification.

Using Python's SQLite Module

To use the SQLite3 module we need to add an import statement to our python script:

Connecting SQLite to the Database

We use the function sqlite3.connect to connect to the database. We can use the argument ":memory:" to create a temporary DB in the RAM or pass the name of a file to open or create it.

When we are done working with the DB we need to close the connection.

MessageBox Widget:

MessageBox Widget is used to display the message boxes in the python applications. This module is used to display a message using provides a number of functions.

FUNCTIONS USED:

1: create_database

2: put_data.

3: new_contact

SOURCE CODE:

from tkinter import *
import tkinter.ttk as ttk
import sqlite3
import tkinter.messagebox as tkMessageBox

#front end

first= Tk()

```
first.title("CONTACT LIST INTERFACE")
first.geometry('500x600')
first.resizable(0,0)
first.config(bg="#00ffff")
#VARIABLES USED IN THE CODE
NAME = StringVar()
EMAIL = StringVar()
ADDRESS = StringVar()
CONTACT = StringVar()
#Various functions used
#FUNCTION FOR CREATING THE DATABASE
def create_database():
  key = sqlite3.connect("Ravi.db")
  pointer = key.cursor()
  pointer.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS 'contact' (mem id INTEGER NOT NULL
  PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT, NAME TEXT, EMAIL TEXT, ADDRESS TEXT,
  CONTACT TEXT)")
  pointer.execute("SELECT * FROM 'contact' ORDER BY 'NAME' ASC")
  read = pointer.fetchall()
  for i in read:
    tree.insert(", 'end', values=(i))
  pointer.close()
  key.close()
#FUNCTION FOR ADDING NEW DATA TO THE DATABASE
def put_data():
  if NAME.get() == "" or EMAIL.get() == "" or ADDRESS.get() == "" or CONTACT.get() == "":
    result = tkMessageBox.showwarning(", 'Fill Up The Required Field', icon="warning")
  else:
    key = sqlite3.connect("Ravi.db")
    pointer = key.cursor()
```

```
pointer.execute("INSERT INTO 'contact' (NAME, EMAIL, ADDRESS, CONTACT)
  VALUES(?, ?, ?, ?)", (str(NAME.get()), str(EMAIL.get()), str(ADDRESS.get()),
  str(CONTACT.get())))
    key.commit()
    pointer.execute("SELECT * FROM 'contact' ORDER BY 'NAME' ASC")
    read = pointer.fetchall()
    pointer.close()
    key.close()
    NAME.set("")
    EMAIL.set("")
    ADDRESS.set("")
    CONTACT.set("")
#FUNCTION FOR CREATING NEW CONTACT WINDOW
def new_contact():
  global add_mem
  NAME.set("")
  EMAIL.set("")
  ADDRESS.set("")
  CONTACT.set("")
  add_mem = Toplevel()
  add_mem.title("New Contact")
  add_mem.resizable(0, 0)
  add_mem.geometry('400x340')
  #FRAMES USED FOR NEW CONTACT WINDOW
  FormTitle = Frame(add_mem)
  FormTitle.pack(side=TOP)
  ContactForm = Frame(add_mem)
  ContactForm.pack(side=TOP, pady=20)
  #LABELS USED FOR NEW CONTACT WINDOW
  heading = Label(FormTitle, text="ENTER THE DETAILS", font=('arial', 16), bg="cyan", bd=15,
  width = 280)
```

```
heading.pack(fill=X)
  new_name = Label(ContactForm, text="NAME", font=('arial', 14), bd=10)
  new_name.grid(row=0, sticky=W)
  new_email = Label(ContactForm, text="E-MAIL", font=('arial', 14), bd=10)
  new_email.grid(row=1, sticky=W)
  new_address = Label(ContactForm, text="ADDRESS", font=('arial', 14), bd=10)
  new address.grid(row=2, sticky=W)
  new_contact = Label(ContactForm, text="CONTACT", font=('arial', 14), bd=10)
  new_contact.grid(row=3, sticky=W)
  #ENTRY USED FOR NEW CONTACT FORM
  in_name = Entry(ContactForm, textvariable=NAME, font=('arial', 14))
  in_name.grid(row=0, column=1)
  in_email = Entry(ContactForm, textvariable=EMAIL, font=('arial', 14))
  in_email.grid(row=1, column=1)
  in_address = Entry(ContactForm, textvariable=ADDRESS, font=('arial', 14))
  in_address.grid(row=2, column=1)
  in_contact = Entry(ContactForm, textvariable=CONTACT, font=('arial', 14))
  in contact.grid(row=3, column=1)
  #BUTTON USED IN THE NEW CONTACT WINDOW
  finalize = Button(ContactForm, text="DONE",bd=10,bg='brown', width=50, command=put_data)
  finalize.grid(row=4, columnspan=2, pady=10)
#heading title
heading= Label(first, text="CONTACT LIST MENU", bd= '15', font=('forte',18),
        bg='pink',height=1,
        width=25).place(x=80,y=50)
#buttons
b1 = Button(first,bg='black',fg='cyan', font=('algerian',14),
      text = 'ADD NEW CONTACT',bd = '15', command = new contact,
      height=2,width=20).place(x=120,y=200)
```

```
b2 = Button(first,bg='black',fg='cyan', font=('algerian',14),

text = 'VEIW ALL CONTACT',bd = '15', command= NONE,

height=2,width=20).place(x=120,y=300)

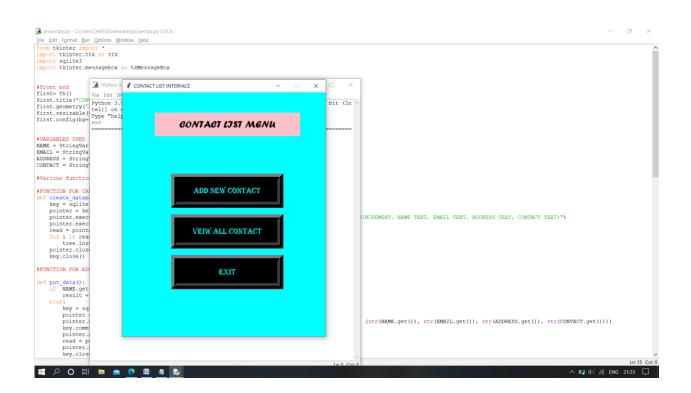
b3 = Button(first,bg='black',fg='cyan', font=('algerian',14),

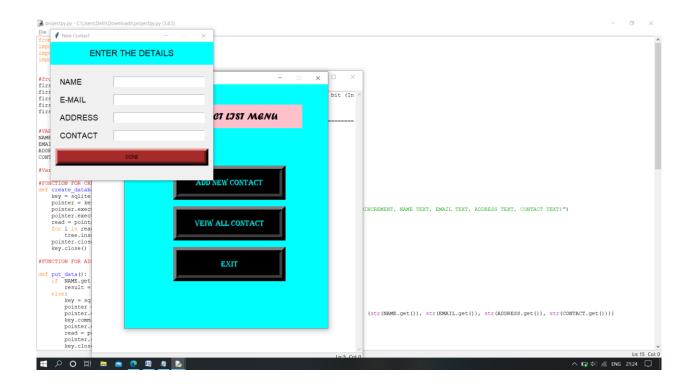
text = 'EXIT',bd = '15', command= first.destroy,

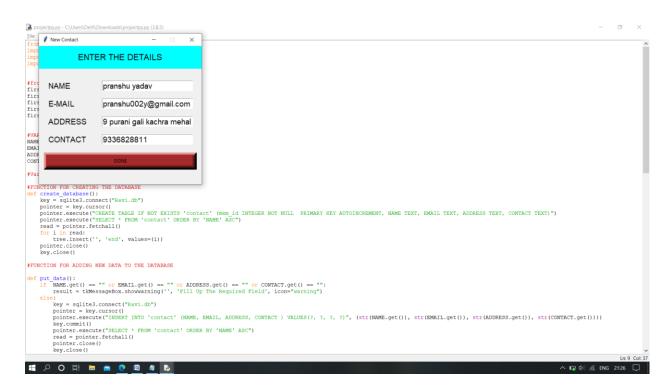
height=2,width=20).place(x=120,y=400)

first.mainloop()
```

SCREENSHOTS:







PRANSHU YADAV 11913078, (44) 9336828811

RAVI SINGH 11913094 ,(46) 6202480403