### 1.check whether a number is armstrong

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{
  int num, temp, sum = 0, digit, n = 0;
  printf("Enter any number");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  temp = num;
  for (int t = num; t > 0; t /= 10) n++;
  for (int t = num; t > 0; t /= 10) {
   digit = t % 10;
     sum += pow(digit, n);
  }
  printf(sum == num ? "Armstrong\n" : "Not Armstrong\n");
  return 0;
}
```

# Output

Enter any number153 Armstrong

#### 2. Reverse a given string

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
  char str[100], temp;
   int i, len;
   printf("Enter a string: ");
  fgets(str, sizeof(str), stdin);
  len = strlen(str);
  for(i = 0; i < len / 2; i++) {
     temp = str[i];
     str[i] = str[len - i - 1];
     str[len - i - 1] = temp;
  }
  printf("Reversed string: %s\n", str);
   return 0;
}
```

# **Output**

```
Enter a string: pranshu
Reversed string:
uhsnarp
```

#### 3.check whether a number is prime

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n, i, isPrime = 1;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  if (n \le 1) is Prime = 0;
  else {
     for (i = 2; i * i \le n; i++) \{
        if (n \% i == 0) {
           isPrime = 0;
           break;
        }
     }
  }
  if (isPrime)
  printf("%d is a prime number.\n", n);
  else
  printf("%d is not a prime number.\n", n);
  return 0;
}
```

# **Output**

```
Enter a number: 123
123 is not a prime number.
```

## 4.convert all vowels in a string to uppercase

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int main() {
   char str[100];
  int i = 0;
   printf("Enter a string: ");
  fgets(str, sizeof(str), stdin);
  while (str[i] != '\0')
     char ch = tolower(str[i]);
     if (ch == 'a' || ch == 'e' || ch == 'i' || ch == 'o' || ch == 'u') {
        str[i] = toupper(str[i]);
     }
     į++;
  }
   printf("Modified string: %s", str);
   return 0;
}
```

# **Output**

```
Enter a string: pranshu
Modified string: prAnshU
```

#### 5.count the number of words in a string

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int main() {
  char str[1000];
  int i = 0, p = 0;
  int c = 0;
  printf("Enter a string: ");
  fgets(str, sizeof(str), stdin);
  while (str[i] != '\0')
  {
     if (isspace(str[i]))
        c = 0;
     else if (c == 0)
        c = 1;
        p++;
     į++;
  }
  printf("Number of words: %d\n", p);
  return 0;
}
```

# **Output**

```
Enter a string: my name is pranshu
Number of words: 4
```

#### 6.Add two matrix

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
  int m, n, i, j;
  printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of the matrix: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &m, &n);
  int A[m][n], B[m][n], C[m][n];
  printf("Enter elements of first matrix (A):\n");
  for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        printf("A[%d][%d]: ", i, j);
        scanf("%d", &A[i][j]);
     }
  printf("Enter elements of second matrix (B):\n");
  for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        printf("B[%d][%d]: ", i, j);
        scanf("%d", &B[i][j]);
     }
  }
  for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        C[i][j] = A[i][j] + B[i][j];
     }
  }
  printf("Add two matrix (A + B):\n");
  for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        printf("%d\t", C[i][j]);
     printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
```

#### Output

```
Enter the number of rows and columns of the matrix: 2
2
Enter elements of first matrix (A):
A[0][0]: 1
A[0][1]: 2
A[1][0]: 3
A[1][1]: 4
Enter elements of second matrix (B):
B[0][0]: 1
B[0][1]: 2
B[1][0]: 3
B[1][1]: 4
Add two matrix (A + B):
2
   4
6
   8
```

#### 7. Check whether a number is even or odd

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
   int n;
   printf("\n Enter any number:--");
   scanf("%d",&n);
   if(n%2==0)
   {
     printf("\n Number is even");
   }
   else
   {
     printf("\n Number is odd");
   }
}
```

# Output Enter any number:--12

Number is even

#### 8.concatenate two string

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
  char str1[100], str2[100];
   int i = 0, j = 0;
   printf("Enter first string: ");
   fgets(str1, sizeof(str1), stdin);
   printf("Enter second string: ");
   fgets(str2, sizeof(str2), stdin);
  while (str1[i] != '\0')
  {
     j++;
   while (str2[j] != '\0') {
     str1[i] = str2[j];
     j++;
     j++;
  }
   str1[i] = '\0';
   printf("Concatenated string: %s\n", str1);
   return 0;
}
```

### Output

Enter first string: pranshu Enter second string: patel Concatenated string: pranshu patel

#### 9. Print the first N natural numbers in reverse

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int N;
    printf("Enter N: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);

for (int i = N; i >= 1; i--)
    printf("%d ", i);

return 0;
}
```

# Output

Enter N: 5 5 4 3 2 1

```
10. Convert a string to lowercase
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
int main()
{
   char str[100];
   printf("Enter a string: ");
   fgets(str, sizeof(str), stdin);
   for (int i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++) {
    str[i] = tolower(str[i]);
   }
  printf("Lowercase string: %s\n", str);
   return 0;
}
```

# Output

Enter a string: PATEL PRANSHU Lowercase string: patel pranshu

### 11. Count consonants in a string

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
int main()
{
  char str[50];
  int count = 0;
  printf("Enter a string: ");
  fgets(str, sizeof(str), stdin);
  for (int i = 0; str[i] != '\0'; i++)
     char ch = tolower(str[i]);
     if ((ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z') && !(ch == 'a'|| ch == 'e'|| ch == 'i'|| ch == 'o'|| ch == 'u'))
        count++;
  }
  printf("Number of consonants: %d\n", count);
  return 0;
}
```

# Output

Enter a string: pranshu patel Number of consonants: 8

#### 12. Convert kilometers to miles

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    float km, miles;
    printf("Enter distance in kilometers: ");
    scanf("%f", &km);

    miles = km * 0.621371;

    printf("%.2f km = %.2f miles\n", km, miles);
    return 0;
}
```

#### **Output**

```
Enter distance in kilometers: 10 10.00 km = 6.21 miles
```

#### 13. Subtract two matrix

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   int m, n, i, j;
   printf("Enter the number of rows and columns of the matrix: ");
   scanf("%d %d", &m, &n);
   int A[m][n], B[m][n], C[m][n];
   printf("Enter elements of first matrix (A):\n");
  for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        printf("A[%d][%d]: ", i, j);
        scanf("%d", &A[i][j]);
     }
   }
   printf("Enter elements of second matrix (B):\n");
  for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        printf("B[%d][%d]: ", i, j);
        scanf("%d", &B[i][j]);
     }
  }
  for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        C[i][j] = A[i][j] - B[i][j];
     }
   printf("substract matrix (A - B):\n");
  for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {
     for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        printf("%d\t", C[i][j]);
     }
     printf("\n");
  }
   return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the number of rows and columns of the matrix: 2

Enter elements of first matrix (A):
A[0][0]: 1
A[0][1]: 2
A[1][0]: 3
A[1][1]: 4
Enter elements of second matrix (B):
B[0][0]: 5
B[0][1]: 6
B[1][0]: 7
B[1][1]: 8
substract matrix (A - B):
-4 -4
-4 -4
```

#### 14. Convert Celsius to fahrenheit

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
    float celsius, fehrenheit;
    printf("\n Enter temp in celsius");
    scanf("%f",&celsius);

fehrenheit=(celsius*9.0/5.0)+32;
    printf("%.2f celsius is equal to %.2f fehrenheit.\n",celsius,fehrenheit);
}
```

#### **Output**

Enter temp in celsius45 45.00 celsius is equal to 113.00 fehrenheit.

# 15. Compute the LCM of two numbers

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
  int a, b, max;
  printf("Enter two numbers: ");
  scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
  max = (a > b) ? a : b;
  while (1) {
     if (\max \% a == 0 \&\& \max \% b == 0) {
       printf("LCM = %d\n", max);
       break;
     }
     max++;
  }
  return 0;
}
```

```
Output

Enter two numbers: 34

12

LCM = 204
```