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1 PROJECT PROFILE

## Project Description:

The “Prevention of security breaches caused by SQL Injections”

has been used to develop this web application to override the problems prevailing in the Database based applications. This application is supported to eliminate and in some cases reduce the hardship caused SQL Injections. Moreover this system is designed for the particular need of the company to carry out operations in a smooth and effective manner.

This application is reduced as much as possible to avoid the most common types of security breaches caused by SQL Injection that occurs in web applications that can result in serious data breaches, including theft of sensitive information and unauthorized access to systems.

This web application, which made for a solar panel company named Priyasha, as described above, can lead to secure, reliable and error free system using parameterized queries, input validations, limiting user privileges, regularly updating, firewalls and intrusion detection systems and educate the user.

Every organization, whether small or big, has challenges to overcome and manage the web applications and security, therefore we designed this exclusive web application with reducing the risks of SQL Injection attacks.

## Project Features:

* Features:
* Collaboration Of Various Marketing Tools
* Web-based Business Support
* Brand Integration
* Online Shopping
* Self-Registration for Clients
* Responsive Design Features
* Accreditation Support
* Natural User Interface
* Availability Features
* Admin/User/Faculty side Features:
* Signing Up for placing order
* Reporting and Data Analysis
* Assessment Management & Live Feedback
* Quality Content
* Quick User Integration
* Easy Payment Methods
* Team Information Management

## Project Profile:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Project Name: | Prevention of security breaches caused by SQL Injections |
| Front-End: | CSS, JavaScript, HTML |
| Back-End: | MySQL, PHP |
| Browsers: | Google Chrome, Mozilla, Safari |
| Platform: | Windows 10, 11 |
| Documentation Tool: | Microsoft Office Word 2019 |
| Guide: | Ms. Konica Soni |
| Submitted To: | Charotar University of Science and Technology |
| Developed By: | Prapti Jigneshbhai Patel |
|  | Atmik Maheshbhai Virani |

1. Introduction **to Tools**

# Hardware and Software Requirements:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Hardware Specification | |
| Development Time: | **4 GB RAM, intel core i3 or Higher processor** |
| Run Time: | **1 GB RAM, intel core i3 or Higher processor** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Software Specification | |
| Browser: | Google Chrome, Mozilla, Safari |
| Operating System: | Windows 10, 11 |
| Front-End: | CSS, JavaScript, HTML |
| Back-End: | MySQL, PHP |
| Other Tools: | Microsoft Visual Studio Code |

# 2.2 Technology Used:

## 2.2.1 Back-End Tools:

* **MySQL Technology:**
* **Introduction to MySQL:**
* **MySQL** is an open-source relational database management system(RDBMS).
* It is the most popular database system used in PHP.
* **MySQL** is very fast, reliable, and easy to use database system. It uses standard SQL.
* **MySQL**  works on many operating systems and with many languages including PHP, PERL, C, C++, JAVA, etc.
* **MySQL** is very friendly to PHP, the most appreciated language for web developments.
* **MySQL** supports large databases, up to 50 million rows or more in a table. The default file size limit for a table is 4GB, but you can increase this to a theoretical limit of 8 million terabytes.
* **Features of MySQL:**

1. **Scalability & Flexibility:**

With MySQL you can run deeply embedded applications and create data warehouses holding a humongous amount of data.

1. **High Performance & Availability:**

Provides fast load utilities with distinct memory caches and table index partitioning. MySQL can run high-speed master/slave replication configurations and its offers cluster servers.

1. **Data Types:**

Supports multiple data types like primitive, structured, documents, etc.

1. **It is secure:**

MySQL consists of a solid data security layer that protects sensitive data from intruders. Also, passwords are encrypted in MySQL.

1. **High Performance:**

MySQL is faster, more reliable, and cheaper because of its unique storage engine architecture. It provides very high-performance results in comparison to other databases without losing an essential functionality of the software. It has fast loading utilities because of the different cache memory.

1. **Dual Password Support:**

MySQL version 8.0 provides support for dual passwords: one is the current password, and another is a secondary password, which allows us to transition to the new password.

1. **Client/Server Architecture:**

MySQL follows working of a client/server architecture. There is a database server(MySQL) and arbitrarily many clients (application programs), which communicates with the server; that is, they can query data, save changes, etc.

* **PHP:**
* **Introduction to PHP:**
* **PHP** started out as a small open source project that evolved as more and more people found out how useful it was. Rasmus Lerdorf unleashed the first version of PHP way back in 1994.
* **PHP** is a recursive acronym for “PHP: Hypertext Pre-processor”.
* **PHP** is a server side scripting language that is embedded in HTML. It is used to manage dynamic content, databases, session tracking, even build entire e-commerce sites.
* **PHP** supports a large number of popular databases, including MySQL, PostgreSQL, Oracle, Sybase, Informix, and Microsoft SQL Server.
* **PHP** supports large number of major protocols such as POP3, IMAP, LDAP. PHP4 added support for java and distributed object architectures(COM and COBRA), making n-tier development a possibility for the first time.
* **PHP** is forgiving: PHP language tries to be as forgiving as possible.
* **PHP** Syntax is C-like.
* **Advantages of PHP:**

**PHP** has remained one of the most versatile and pragmatic web development languages in the world today.

**PHP** range of functionalities, amazing array of add-ins to extend functionalities, its open-source nature, and tremendous online community support has made PHP a perennial favourite amongst newbies as well as established development agencies worldwide.

* **Easy and Simple to Learn**
* **Extremely Flexible**
* **Easy Integration and Compatibility**
* **Efficient Performance**
* **Cost-Efficient**
* **Gives Web Developer More Control**

## 2.2.2 Front-End Tools

* **CSS:**
* **Introduction to CSS:**
* **CSS (Cascading Style Sheets)** is a language for creating style sheets that define how a web page or web application looks visually.
* The front-end of a web programme can be made rich and dynamic by combining **CSS** with HTML and JavaScript.
* **CSS** offers a collection of guidelines that can be used to alter the color, font, layout, and other stylistic components of HTML elements.
* **CSS** is made to be extremely versatile and customizable.
* **Features of CSS:**

1. **Selectors:**

To target particular HTML components and apply styles to them, **CSS** makes use of selectors.

1. **Properties:**

A variety of **CSS** attributes, including color, typeface, size, padding, margin, and others, can be used to modify how HTML components look.

1. **Values:**

Color names, hex symbols, numeric figures, and more can all be used as variables for **CSS** attributes.

1. **Layout:**

To manage the positioning and arrangement of HTML components, **CSS** offers layout features like positioning, floats, and flexbox.

1. **Responsive Design:**

In order to build flexible designs that change according to various screen widths and devices, **CSS** contains features like media queries and viewport units.

* **JavaScript:**
* **Introduction to JavaScript:**
* It is used to build dynamic and engaging user interfaces. **JavaScript** is a high-level computer language that is mainly used for front-end web development.
* Brendan Eich created **JavaScript** for the first time at Netscape in 1995.
* **JavaScript** is an interpreted language, which means that there is no need for compilation because the code is run by the browser as it is met.
* • **JavaScript** is used to add utility and engagement to web sites, including form validation, dynamic content, and engaging elements like sliders and animations.
* • Back-end programming, including server-side coding with Node.js, can also be done in **JavaScript**.
* **Features of JavaScript:**

1. **Variable and Datatypes:**

Numerous datatypes, such as integers, strings, Booleans, objects, and groups, are supported by **JavaScript**.

1. **Operators:**

Numerous operators are available in **JavaScript**, such as math, comparison, and logical operators.

1. **Control Structures:**

To manage the processing of programs, **JavaScript** has control structures like loops, switch statements, and if/else statements.

1. **Functions:**

**JavaScript** gives programmers the ability to create repeatable methods that can be used throughout the code.

1. **DOM Manipulation:**

**JavaScript** gives developers access to a web page's Document Object Model (DOM), enabling them to change the page's layout and content in reaction to user input.

1. **Events:**

The various event handlers offered by **JavaScript** enable developers to react to user activities like clicks, scrolls, and form entries.

* **HTML**
* **Introduction to HTML:**
* Web sites and web apps are made using the markup language **HTML (Hypertext Markup Language)**.
* **HTML** offers a method to organise and organise material, including text, images, and multimedia, on the web.
* In order to create a dynamic and engaging user experience, **HTML** must be used in conjunction with other web tools like CSS and JavaScript.
* The layout and substance of online sites are defined by **HTML** using tags and attributes.
* **HTML** tags are used to designate up website components, while attributes give the parts more details.
* **Features of HTML:**

1. **Elements:**

**HTML** offers a broad variety of components that can be used to organise and arrange content on a web page, including headers, paragraphs, lists, pictures, and tables.

1. **Attributes:**

**HTML** components are capable of having attributes that reveal more details about them, such as the origin of a picture or the destination of a link.

1. **Forms:**

Users can input data and engage with the website by using interactive forms made with **HTML**.

1. **Semantic markups:**

With the introduction of semantic components like article, section, and nav, the material of a web website can now have more significance and structure.

1. **Accessibility:**

A variety of accessibility features in **HTML**, like alt text for pictures and ARIA properties for interactive components, increase the usability of online content for people with impairments.

# System Study

# Existing System and its Drawbacks:

* Web apps can be used for a variety of marketing initiatives, enabling companies to connect and interact with clients online.
* Web apps can be used for a wide range of marketing initiatives, giving businesses the opportunity to connect with and interact with consumers online while also boosting sales and profits. Businesses can increase their online visibility and successfully pinpoint their target population by utilising the power of web apps.
* **Disadvantages of System:**
* Attacks using SQL injections can lead to security risks, such as data breaches where private data may be taken, changed, or removed by unauthorised people.
* Data leaks may result in monetary losses, harm to one's image, and legal repercussions.
* Users' confidence in online applications may be harmed by successful attacks, possibly costing businesses customers and income.
* Data loss and corruption may result from breaches that jeopardise the database security of an online service.
* If an online programme has many lines of code and has been in use for a long time, fixing the security flaws may take a long time and be expensive.

# Proposed System:

Electronic based marketing is known as E-commerce. A customer can easily shop or look out the products from their home. E-commerce has a comprehensive range of marketing strategies and technologies; from online searching orders to placing orders to online payment, making transactions cashless. E-commerce made the tracking of the orders easy and just up to the hand of the customer.

## Scope of Proposed System:

Electronic based marketing is known as E-commerce. This web application is designed and developed without SQL Injection vulnerabilities.

* A more safe online programme would be less susceptible to theft and data leaks.
* Sensitive data would be kept and recovered without the threat of unauthorised access or change, making the database more durable and dependable.
* User inputs wouldn't ever be immediately concatenated into the SQL query text because parameterized queries would be used.
* Before user inputs are used in database queries, input validation would be applied to make sure they are in the anticipated style and range, stopping users from inserting malicious code or characters into the database.
* To fix any known flaws, routine software and database management system upgrades are made.
* Easy to operate and have a good user and operator.
* It satisfy the user requirement.
* Easy to understand for the user and operator.
* Be expandable
* Delivered on schedule within the budget.

## Aim and Objectives of Proposed System:

## Project Modules:

* Admin
* User
* Faculty

## Modules Vice Objectives:

* **Admin:**
* Admin can add new faculty in system and maintain their information.
* Admin can manage his profile and able to change the password.
* Admin can manage payroll system and generate monthly salary slip.
* Admin can also generate offer/coupons for new user.
* Admin can review and manage all user reports.
* Admin can add category and sub-category for the products.
* **User:**
* User can register/login in web application themselves.
* User can view product according to the categories they prefer.
* User can manage his profile and can also change the password.
* User can contact the available faculty online on web application.
* User can add products to cart.
* User can purchase the selected product from the web application.
* **Faculty:**
* Faculty can login in web application by themselves.
* Faculty can update the profile and can change the password.
* Faculty can add related products after admin’s approval.
* Faculty can view the salary slip anytime.

## Feasibility Study:

* The modern era constantly introduces new information and communication tools. Even in terms of promotion, they are developing. E-commerce's significance in the current industry is still expanding. It is put into place to help the marketing process and boost its effectiveness and quality. E-commerce is used to supplement conventional marketing strategies or is progressively taking their place. Market purchase possibilities are evolving and becoming more contemporary.

1. **Economic Feasibility:**

In developing countries, however, a complete web implementation of e-commerce is eventually possible and will have more advantages for both the customer and the seller. It was created with cost-effective design and development, and income sources should be varied for security.

1. **Operational Feasibility:**

Operational viability is a metric used to assess how effectively a planned system addresses the issue, seizes opportunities found during scope definition, and complies with requirements found during the requirements analysis stage of system development.

1. **Technical Feasibility:**

The specifics of how you plan to provide the goods or services to consumers are evaluated by a technical feasibility study. It concerns the supplies, labour, essential transit, the location of your company, and the technology required to make all of this happen. The logistics or operational plan for how your company will create, store, transport, and monitor its goods or services is known as the "production plan."