

# Recursion

## 1. Program to find GCD for given 2 nos.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int gcd(int, int);
void main()
{
    int a, b, result;
    printf("enter any two numbers");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
    result=gcd(a, b);
    printf("gcd=%d", result);
}
int gcd(int a, int b)
{
    int r;
    r=a%b;
    if(r==0)
    {
        return b;
    }
    else
    {
        return gcd(b, r);
    }
}
```

Output:

```
enter any two numbers
15
18
gcd=3
```

## 2. Program to multiply 2 nos without using \* operator

```
#include<stdio.h>
int mul(int x, int y)
{
    if(y==0)
    {
        return 0;
    }
    else if(y>0)
    {
        return (x+mul(x, y-1));
    }
    else if(y<0)
```

```

        {
            return -mul(x, -y);
        }
    }
int main()
{
    int a, b, result;
    printf("enter two numbers\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
    result=mul(a, b);
    printf("%d", result);
}

```

Output:

enter two numbers

3

7

21

### 3. Program to divide 2 nos without using / operator

```

#include<stdio.h>
int division(int, int);
void main()
{

    int a, b, result;
    printf("enter two numbers\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
    result=division(a, b);
    printf("%d", result);

}
int division(int a, int b)
{
    if(a-b<0)
        return 0;
    else if(a-b==0)
        return 1;
    else
        return division(a-b, b)+1;
}

```

Output:

enter two numbers

250

15

16

#### 4. Program to find power of a number (xy)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int power(int, int);
void main()
{
    int b, p, result;
    printf("enter base\n");
    scanf("%d", &b);
    printf("enter power\n");
    scanf("%d", &p);
    if(p>=0)
    {
        result=power(b, p);
        printf("%d^%d=%d", b, p, result);
    }

    if(p<0)
    {
        result=power(b, -p);
        printf("%d^%d=1/%d", b, p, result);
    }
}

int power(int b, int p)
{
    if(p!=0)
    {
        return (b*power(b, p-1));
    }
    else
    {
        return 1;
    }
}
```

Output:

enter base

2

enter power

6

2^6=64

#### 5. Program to Check Whether a Number is Palindrome or Not

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
```

```

{
    int n,num ;
    printf("enter any number\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    num=reverse(n);
    if(n==num)
    {
        printf("palindrome");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("not palidrome");
    }
}
int reverse(int n)
{
    static sum=0;
    if(n!=0)
    {
        sum=sum*10+(n%10);
        reverse(n/10);
    }
    else
    {
        return sum;
    }
}

```

Output:

enter any number

121

Palindrome

## 6. Program for Tower of Hanoi problem

```

#include<stdio.h>
void toh(int n,char s,char d,char au)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("move disk %d from %c to %c\n",n,s,d);
        return;
    }
    toh(n-1,s,au,d);
    printf("move disk %d from %c to %c\n",n,s,d);
    toh(n-1,au,d,s);
}

```

```

}
void main()
{
    int n;
    printf("enter number of dics\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    toh(n,'A','C','B');
}

```

Output:

```

enter number of dics
3
move disk 1 from A to C
move disk 2 from A to B
move disk 1 from C to B
move disk 3 from A to C
move disk 1 from B to A
move disk 2 from B to C
move disk 1 from A to C

```

## Stacks

### 1. Program to perform push, pop and peek operations on a stack using arrays

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<conio.h>
#define CAPACITY 5
int stack[CAPACITY],top=-1;
void push(int);
int isFull(void);
int pop(void);
int ifEmpty(void);
void peek(void);
void traverse(void);
void main()
{
    int op,ele,val;
    while(1)
    {
        printf("****MENU****\n");

```

```

printf("1.push\n");
printf("2.pop\n");
printf("3. peek\n");
printf("4. traverse\n");
printf("5. quit\n");
printf("enter your choice\n");
scanf("%d",&op);
switch(op)
{
    case 1:
        printf("enter element\n");
        scanf("%d",&ele);
        push(ele);
        break;
    case 2:
        val=pop();
        if(val==0)
        {
            printf("stack is empty\n");
        }
        else
        {
            printf("popped element %d\n",val);
        }
        break;
    case 3:
        peek();
        break;
    case 4:
        traverse();
        break;
    case 5:
        exit(0);
    default:
        printf("invalid choice\n");

}

}

void push(int ele)
{
    if(isFull())
    {

```

```

        printf("stack is overflow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top]=ele;
        printf("%d is pushed\n",ele);
    }
}
int isFull()
{
    if(top==CAPACITY-1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    else
    {
        return 0;
    }
}
int pop()
{
    if(isEmpty())
    {
        return 0;
    }
    else
    {
        return stack[top--];
    }
}
int isEmpty()
{
    if(top==-1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    else
    {
        return 0;
    }
}
void peek()

```

```

{
    if(isEmpty())
    {
        printf("stack is empty\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("peek element is %d\n",stack[top]);
    }
}
void traverse()
{
    if(isEmpty())
    {
        printf("stack is empty\n");
    }
    else
    {
        int i;
        printf("elements in stack\n");
        for(i=0;i<=top;i++)
        {
            printf("%d\n",stack[i]);
        }
    }
}

```

Output:

\*\*\*MENU\*\*\*

1. push

2. pop

3. peek

4. traverse

5. quit

enter your choice

1

enter element

10

10 is pushed

\*\*\*MENU\*\*\*

1. push

2. pop

3. peek

4. traverse

5. quit



```

enter your choice
4
elements in stack
10
****MENU****
1. push
2. pop
3. peek
4. traverse
5. quit
enter your choice
5

```

## 2. programme to evaluate prefix expression

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<math.h>
#define CAPACITY 100
int top=-1;
int stack[CAPACITY];
int get_type(char);
void push(int);
int pop();
void main()
{
    char prefix[100];
    int len, val, op1, op2, result, i;
    printf("enter prefix expression\n");
    gets(prefix);
    len=strlen(prefix);
    for(i=len-1; i>=0; i--)
    {
        switch(get_type(prefix[i]))
        {
            case 0:
                val=prefix[i]-'0'; //character to integer
                conversion
                push(val);
                break;
            case 1:
                op1=pop();
                op2=pop();
                switch(prefix[i])
                {

```

```

        case '+':
            result=op1+op2;
            break;
        case '-':
            result=op1-op2;
            break;
        case '*':
            result=op1*op2;
            break;
        case '/':
            result=op1/op2;
            break;
        case '%':
            result=op1%op2;
            break;
        case '^':
            result=pow(op1, op2);
            break;
    }
    push(result);

}

}

printf("RESULT:%d", stack[0]);

}

int get_type(char c)
{
    if(c=='+' || c=='-' || c=='*' || c=='/' || c=='%' || c=='^')
    {
        return 1;
    }
    else
    {
        return 0;
    }
}

void push(int val)
{
    if(top==CAPACITY-1)
    {
        printf("stack overflow\n");
    }
}

```

```

        else
        {
            top++;
            stack[top]=val;
        }
    }
}
int pop()
{
    int val;
    if(top==-1)
    {
        printf("stack underflow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        val=stack[top];
        top--;
    }
    return val;
}

```

Output:

enter prefix expression

+-234

RESULT:3

### 3. programme to evaluate postfix expression.

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<math.h>
#define CAPACITY 100
int top=-1;
float stack[CAPACITY];
int get_type(char);
void push(float);
float pop();
void main()
{
    char postfix[100];
    float val, op1, op2, result;
    int i;
    printf("enter postfix expression\n");
    gets(postfix);
    for(i=0;postfix[i]!='\0';i++)
    {

```

```

switch(get_type(postfix[i]))
{
    case 0:
        val=(float)postfix[i]-'0';
        push(val);
        break;
    case 1:
        op2=pop();
        op1=pop();
        switch(postfix[i])
        {
            case '+':
                result=op1+op2;
                break;
            case '-':
                result=op1-op2;
                break;
            case '*':
                result=op1*op2;
                break;
            case '/':
                result=op1/op2;
                break;
            case '%':
                result=(int)op1%(int)op1;
                break;
            case '^':
                result=pow(op1, op2);
                break;
        }
        push(result);
    }
}

printf("result=%.2f", stack[0]);
}

int get_type(char c)
{
    if(c=='+' || c=='-' || c=='*' || c=='/' || c=='%' || c=='^')
    {
        return 1;
    }
    else
    {

```

```

        return 0;
    }
}
void push(float val)
{
    if(top==CAPACITY-1)
    {
        printf("stack overow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top]=val;
    }
}
float pop()
{
    float val;
    if(top== -1)
    {
        printf("underflow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        val=stack[top];
        top--;
    }
    return val;
}

```

Output:

enter postfix expression

23+42^-

result=-11.00

#### 4. program to convert infix to postfix

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define CAPACITY 100
char stack[CAPACITY];
int top=-1;
void infix_to_postfix(char source[],char target[]);

```

```

int getpri(char);
void push(char stack[], char);
char pop(char stack[]);
void main()
{
    char infix[100], postfix[100];
    printf("enter infix expression\n");
    gets(infix);
    strcpy(postfix, "");
    infix_to_postfix(infix, postfix);
    puts(postfix);
}

void infix_to_postfix(char source[], char target[])
{
    int i=0, j=0;
    char temp;
    strcpy(target, "");
    while(source[i]!='\0')
    {
        if(source[i]=='(')
        {
            push(stack, source[i]);
            i++;
        }
        else if(source[i]==')')
        {
            while((top!=-1)&&(stack[top])!='(')
            {
                target[j]=pop(stack);
                j++;
            }
            if(top==-1)
            {
                printf("incorrect exp\n");
                exit(1);
            }
            temp=pop(stack);
            i++;
        }
        else if(isdigit(source[i]) || isalpha(source[i]))
        {
            target[j]=source[i];
            j++;
            i++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }

    elseif(source[i]=='+' || source[i]=='-' || source[i]=='*' || source[i]=
    ='%' || source[i]=='/' || source[i]=='^')
    {

        while((top!=-1)&&(stack[top]!='(')&&getpri(stack[top])>getpri(so
    urce[i]))
        {
            target[j]=pop(stack);
            j++;
        }
        push(stack, source[i]);
        i++;
    }
    else
    {
        printf("incorrect exp\n");
        exit(1);
    }

}

while((top!=-1))
{
    target[j]=pop(stack);
    j++;
}
target[j]='\0';

}

int getpri(char c)
{
    if(c=='^')
    {
        return 2;
    }
    else if(c=='/' || c=='*' || c=='%')
    {
        return 1;
    }
    else
    {

```

```

        return 0;
    }
}
void push(char stack[], char val)
{
    if (top == CAPACITY - 1)
    {
        printf("overflow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top] = val;
    }
}
char pop(char stack[])
{
    return stack[top--];
}

```

Output:

```

enter infix expression
(a+b)/(c+d)-(d*e)
ab+cd+/de*-

```

## 5. program to convert infix to prefix

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define CAPACITY 100
char stack[CAPACITY];
int top=-1;
void reverse(char str[]);
void infixtopostfix(char source[], char target[]);
void push(char stack[], char);
char pop(char stack[]);
int getpri(char);
char infix[100], prefix[100], postfix[100];
void main()
{
    printf("enter infix expression\n");
    gets(infix);
}

```



```

        reverse(infix);
        strcpy(postfix, "");
        infixtopostfix(prefix, postfix);
        printf("corresponding postfix expression\n");
        puts(postfix);
        reverse(postfix);
        printf("prefix expression\n");
        puts(prefix);
    }
}

void reverse(char str[])
{
    int len, i=0, j=0;
    len=strlen(str);
    for(i=len-1; i>=0; i--)
    {
        if(str[i]=='(')
        {
            prefix[j++]=')';
        }
        else if(str[i]==')')
        {
            prefix[j++]='(';
        }
        else
        {
            prefix[j]=str[i];
        }
        j++;
    }
    prefix[j]='\0';
}

void infixtopostfix(char source[], char target[])
{
    int i=0, j=0;
    char temp;
    strcpy(target, "");
    while(source[i]!='\0')
    {
        if(source[i]=='(')
        {
            push(stack, source[i]);
            i++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    else if(source[i]=='')
    {
        while((top!=-1)&&(stack[top]!='('))
        {
            target[j]=pop(stack);
            j++;
        }
        if(top==-1)
        {
            printf("incorrect expression\n");
            exit(1);
        }
        temp=pop(stack);
        i++;

    }
    else if(isdigit(source[i])||isalpha(source[i]))
    {
        target[j]=source[i];
        j++;
        i++;

    }

    elseif(source[i]=='+'||source[i]=='-'||source[i]=='*'||source[i]='
    ='/'||source[i]=='%'||source[i]=='^')
    {

        while((top!=-1)&&(stack[top]!='(')&&(getpri(stack[top])>=getpri(s
        ource[i])))
        {
            target[j]=pop(stack);
            j++;
        }
        push(stack, source[i]);
        i++;
    }
    else
    {
        printf("incorrect expression\n");
        exit(1);
    }

```

```

    }
    while((top!=-1))
    {
        target[j]=pop(stack);
        j++;
    }
    target[j]='\0';
}
void push(char stack[],char val)
{
    if(top==CAPACITY-1)
    {
        printf("stackoverflow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top]=val;
    }
}
char pop(char stack[])
{
    char val=' ';
    if(top==-1)
    {
        printf("stack underlow\n");
    }
    else
    {
        val=stack[top];
        top--;
    }
    return val;
}
int getpri(char c)
{
    if(c=='^')
    {
        return 2;
    }
    else if(c=='*' || c=='/' || c=='%')
    {

```

```

        return 1;
    }
    else
    {
        return 0;
    }
}

```

Output:

```

enter infix expression
x+(y*z/w)
corresponding postfix expression
wz/y*x+
prefix expression
+x*y/zw

```

## 6. ) Program to reverse the contents of stack

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#define CAPACITY 100
int top=-1;
int stack[CAPACITY];
void push(int);
int pop();
void main()
{
    int arr[100],n,i,val;
    printf("enter number of elements in array\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("enter array elements\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        push(arr[i]);
    }
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        val=pop();
        arr[i]=val;
    }
    printf("the reversed list\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {

```

```

        printf("%d\t", arr[i]);
    }

}

void push(int val)
{
    top++;
    stack[top]=val;
}

int pop()
{
    int val;
    val=stack[top];
    top--;
    return val;
}

```

Output:

enter number of elements in array

5

enter array elements

11

12

13

14

15

the reversed list

15      14      13      12      11

## 7. ) Program to check nesting of parathesis

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#define MAX 50
char stack[MAX];
int top=-1;
void push(char);
char pop();
void main()
{
    char exp[MAX], temp;
    int i, flag=1;
    printf("enter expression\n");
    gets(exp);
    for(i=0; i<strlen(exp); i++)

```

```

{
    if(exp[i]=='(' || exp[i]=='{' || exp[i]=='[')
    {
        push(exp[i]);
    }
    if(exp[i]==')' || exp[i]=='}' || exp[i]==']')
    {
        if(top==-1)
        {
            flag=0;
        }
        else
        {
            temp=pop();
            if(exp[i]==')' && (temp=='[' || temp=='{'))
                flag=0;
            if(exp[i]=='}' && (temp=='(' || temp=='['))
                flag=0;
            if(exp[i]==']' && (temp=='(' || temp=='{'))
                flag=0;
        }
    }
}

if(top>=0)
    flag=0;
if(flag==1)
{
    printf("valid expression\n");
}
else
{
    printf("invalid expression\n");
}
}

void push(char c)
{
    if(top==MAX-1)
    {
        printf("stack overfloaw\n");
    }
    else
    {
        top++;
        stack[top]=c;
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
char pop()
{
    char val;
    if(top==-1)
    {
        printf("stack underflow\n");

    }
    else
    {
        val=stack[top];
        top--;
        return val;
    }
}

```

Output:

enter expression

(a+{b\*c})

valid expression