VECTORS

1 10^{th} Maths - EXERCISE-7.3

1. That a median of a triangle divides it into two triangles of equal areas. verify this result for $\triangle ABC$ whose vertices are $\mathbf{A}(4,-6)$, $\mathbf{B}(3,-2)$ and $\mathbf{C}(5,2)$.

2 SOLUTION

Given points are

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

The formula of the equation

$$\frac{1}{2} \| (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}) \times (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}) \| \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

Substituting the values of (3) and (4) in (2),

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -4 & -6 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{6}{2} \tag{5}$$

$$=3\tag{6}$$

Also, the ar(ACD) can be expressed as

$$\frac{1}{2} \| (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}) \times (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}) \| \tag{7}$$

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

Substituting the values of (8) and (9) in (7),

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -8 & -6 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{6}{2}$$
(10)
$$= 3$$
(11)

$$=3\tag{11}$$

The median of the triangle is both side areas are equal $\triangle ABD = \triangle ACD$

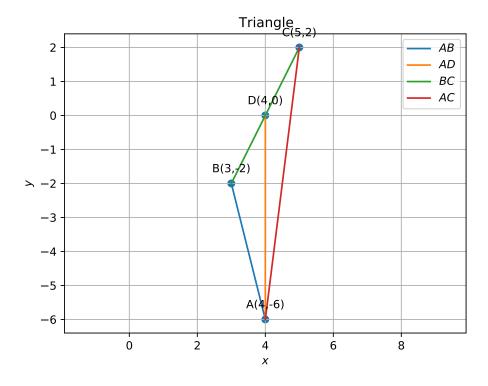


Figure 1: Triangle