MATRICES USING PYTHON

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September

Problem statement:

ABC,ABD are 2 triangles on same base AB,if line segment CD is bisected by AB at O,show that (1)if ar (ABC) = ar (ABD) find relation between r1,r2 (2)point 'O' is the intersection of AB and CD

(3)'o' is the midpoint of CD

$$\begin{vmatrix} -\mathbf{r}/2 & -6 \\ -\sqrt{3}\mathbf{r}/2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} - \begin{vmatrix} -6 & -\mathbf{s}/2 \\ 0 & \sqrt{3}\mathbf{s}/2 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \tag{3}$$

$$\mathbf{r1} = \mathbf{r2} \tag{4}$$

Step2: Finding O through intersection of lines AB and CD

line equation is given by

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathbf{T}}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{p}) = 0 \tag{5}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = 0 \tag{6}$$

$$(2\sqrt{3} \quad 0) \left(\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \sqrt{3} \end{pmatrix} \right) = 0 \tag{7}$$

By solving (7) and (8), we get point 'O'

$$\mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

step3: prove that 'O' is the centre of C and D

$$\mathbf{O} = 0.5 * (C + D) \tag{9}$$

$$\mathbf{O} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{10}$$

 \therefore **O** is the midpoint of line **CD**

Construction

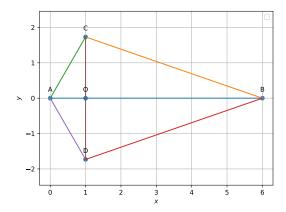


Figure of construction

The input parameters for this construction are

Symbol	Value	Description
θ_{-1}	60	angle between AB and AC
$\theta_{-}2$	-60	angle between AB and AD
r_1	2	length of AC
r_2	-	length of AD
Α	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	Point A

Solution

Theorom: In 2 triangles with same base and linesegment cd is bisected at O

 $\emph{STEP1:}$ Given areas are equal then, to find relation between ${\bf r1}$ and ${\bf r2}$

$$\frac{1}{2}\|\mathbf{AC} \times \mathbf{AB}\| = \frac{1}{2}\|\mathbf{AB} \times \mathbf{AD}\| \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} rcos\theta1 \\ rsin\theta1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} scos\theta2 \\ ssin\theta2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2)