

Circle Assignment

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Problem Statement - let $2x^2 + y^2 - 3xy = 0$ equation of a pair of tangents drawn from the origin O to a circle of radius 3 with centre in the first quadrant. If A is one of the points of contact, find the length of OA .

Figure

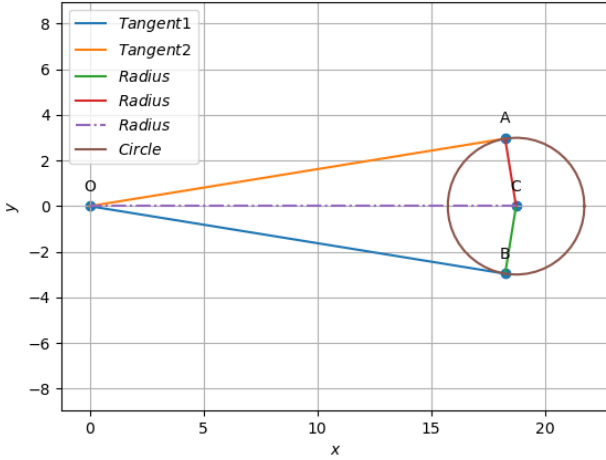


Figure 1: length of $OA = 18.728$

Solution

The equation of the pair of tangents is $2x^2 + y^2 - 3xy = 0$ and $r=3$.

The equation in quadratic form is

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{v} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0$$

from above $\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{u}, f$ are

$$\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3/2 \\ -3/2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, f = 0$$

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{v} \mathbf{x} = 0$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{D} \mathbf{P}$$

on solving we get $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \mathbf{P}$

$$\lambda_1 = 3.081, \lambda_2 = -0.081, \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.811 & 0.584 \\ -0.584 & 0.811 \end{pmatrix}$$

the pair of straight line can be expressed as

$$(\sqrt{|\lambda_1|} \pm \sqrt{|\lambda_2|}) \mathbf{P}^T (\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{C}) = 0$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{v}^{-1} \mathbf{u}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{0}$$

the normal vectors of the lines are

$$\mathbf{n}_1 = \mathbf{P} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{\lambda_1} \\ \sqrt{\lambda_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{n}_2 = \mathbf{P} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{\lambda_1} \\ -\sqrt{\lambda_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

on solving normal vectors are

$$\mathbf{n}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1.59 \\ -0.79 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{n}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1.25 \\ -1.25 \end{pmatrix}$$

the angle between the two vectors \mathbf{n}_1 and \mathbf{n}_2 is given by

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\mathbf{n}_1^T \mathbf{n}_2}{\|\mathbf{n}_1\| \|\mathbf{n}_2\|}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{\mathbf{n}_1^T \mathbf{n}_2}{\|\mathbf{n}_1\| \|\mathbf{n}_2\|} \right)$$

$$\theta = 18.434$$

to find the length of the OA

$$OA = r * \operatorname{cosec} \frac{\theta}{2}$$

on solving the length of OA

$$OA = 18.728$$