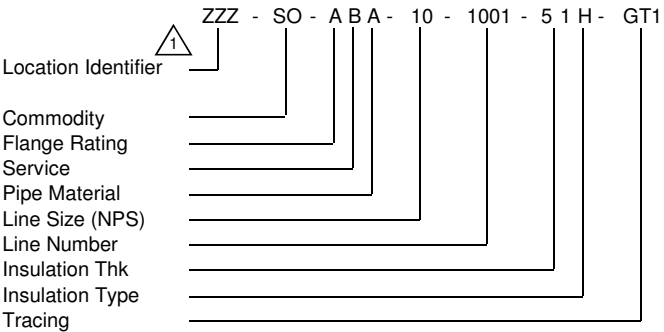


THERMAL RECOVERY SPECS: LINE DESIGNATION AND NUMBERING (REV.3):



LOCATION IDENTIFIERS: (1)

- (C) CL1 - CL Commercial Plant Phases 1C to 1E, CL Sulphur Recovery Facility  
FC3 - FC Commercial Plant Phases F & G  
(D) FC1 - FC Sulphur Recovery Facility, Phases 1A-1E (typically MOCs/Specialty Projects - 2008 and later)  
(3) FCP - FC Pilot Plant Facility (typically projects 2008 and later)  
NL1 - NL Commercial Plant  
(D) XYY - CL Production Pads, where  
X = Pad Area Location (A, B, C)  
YY = Production Pad Number (YY = 00 for pipelines & laterals)  
YYY - FC Production Pads, where  
X = Pad Area Location ( E (East), N (North), W (West) )  
YY = Production Pad Number (YY = 00 for pipelines & laterals)  
XYZ - FC and CL Brackish/Fresh Water Pads & Disposal Water Pads, where  
X = Pad Area Location (A, B, C (Christina Lake) or E, N, W (Foster Creek))  
Y = W (brackish/fresh water pads), D (disposal pads)  
Z = Pad Number for brackish/fresh water pads and disposal pads

COMMODITIES:

AC Compressed Air (3)	LA Lean Amine	VS Varsol
AG Acid Gas	LG Lean Glycol	VT Vent
AL Alum	LO Lube Oil	WP Potable Water
AS Soda Ash	LS Lime Slurry	WR Regen Waste
BD Blowdown	MS Magox Slurry	WW Waste Water (Sanitary)
BF Boiler Feedwater	NI Nitrogen	
BR Brine	OD Open Drain	
BU Butane	PE Produced Emulsion	
CA Caustic	PG Produced Gas	
CD Closed Drain	PO Polymer	
CH Chemicals	PR Propane	
CI Carbon Dioxide (1)	PW Produced Water	
CO Hydrocarbon Condensate (1)	RA Rich Amine	
CW Cooling Water (closed system)	RB Raw Brackish Water	
DE Diesel	RF Raw Fresh Water	
DL Diluent	RG Rich Glycol	
DW Domestic Water (C)	RS Recycle Slop/Off-spec	
FG Fuel Gas	SB Soft Brackish Water	
FL Flare	SC Steam Condensate	
FM Foam	SF Soft Fresh Water	
FW Fire Water	SO Sales Oil	
GL Glycol Heating / Cooling Medium	SS Lime Sludge	
HA Hydrochloric Acid	SU Sulphur	
HO Hot Oil	UA Utility Air	
HS High Pressure Steam (1)	US Utility Steam	
IA Instrument Air	UW Utility Water	

FLANGE RATING:

A ANSI 150#	D ANSI 900#
B ANSI 300#	E ANSI 1500#
C ANSI 600#	F ANSI 2500#

SERVICE:

A Non-corrosives (1)	R Light Sour Hydrocarbons (1)
B Corrosives	S Sour (1)
C Chemicals	V Steam, Boiler Feed Water (1)
D Acid, Caustics (1)	W Produced Water/Brackish Water
E Brine	X Low Temperature Sour
F Cryogenics	Z Low Temperature Corrosives
L Low Temperature Non-corrosives	

PIPE MATERIAL:

A Carbon Steel A106B	H Internally Coated	X Carbon Steel A333 Gr. 3 (1)
B Carbon Steel A333 Gr. 6	J Copper	Z CSA Z245.1 (Z662)
C Stainless Steel 316	K High Density Polyethylene (HDPE)	
D Stainless Steel 304	L Polypropylene Lined Pipe	
E Carbon Steel A106B (1)	M Polytetraflouroethylene (PTFE) Lined Pipe (1)	
F Fibreglass Reinforced Pipe (FRP) (1)	P Polyvinylchloride (PVC) (1)	
G Carbon Steel A106B Galvanized (1)	U Duplex Stainless Steel 2205 (1)	

LINE SIZE

Indicates the Nominal Pipe Size (NPS) of the primary section of the line.

LINE NUMBER

Shall be assigned as a four character number issued sequentially starting with 0001 for each commodity.

INSULATION:

Thickness in millimeters, e.g., 25, 38, 51, 64, 76, 89 & 102

TYPE AND MATERIAL CODE:

(1) H Hot / Freeze Protection
P Personnel Protection
C Cold Insulation
CP Condensation Protection

TRACING TYPE:

GT1 Glycol Traced Freeze Protection (Hold 10 °C)
GT2 Glycol Traced Viscosity Control (Hold 45 °C)
GT3 Glycol Traced Viscosity Control (Hold Temp to be Specified)
(D) ET1 Electric Traced Freeze Protection (Hold 10 °C)
ET2 Electric Traced Viscosity Control (Hold 45 °C)
ET3 Electric Traced Viscosity Control (Hold Temp to be Specified)
JHO Jacketed Hot Oil

GENERAL NOTES:

- Expansion temperature is the maximum pipe temperature resulting from abnormal operating conditions such as upsets, steam-out, steam tracing or regeneration. If no temp. is shown, the design temp will be taken as the expansion temp.
- Show max. conditions of coincident pressure and temperature in these columns for stress calculations. If no pressure or temperature are shown, the max. coincident pressure and temperature will be taken as the design pressure and design temperature.
- (2) Analysis column to be completed by the Stress Engineer based on Cenovus Specification TR-44-SPC-00-012-01 using the following:  
C = CRITICAL LINE This indicates a critical line that will require stress engineering performed by computer analysis.  
M = MANUAL INSPECTION This indicates a line that will require stress engineering performed by manual or hand calculation.  
V = VISUAL This indicates the possibility of a stress review by visual inspection.
- (1) MDMT is the minimum design metal temperature under pressure. Lines which are traced and insulated or depressured when not flowing warm fluid do not require design for minimum ambient temperature (-40 °C).  
(1) Deviation from MDMT specified in piping class requires FCCL approval through specification waiver process.
- (1) Refer to Cenovus' Painting and Galvanizing Spec TR-43-SPC-00-019-01.
- ASME B31.3, B31.1, CSA Z662-03, CSA Z662-03 variance, etc.
- Enter the NDE Category as per TR-44-SPC-00-001-01 Appendix 2 i.e. I,II,III,IV,V,VI,VII, VII, VIII, IX.  
The NDE (Non-Destructive Examination) category indicates the requirements for NDE other than radiography i.e. magnetic particle inspection, liquid penetrant inspection and hardness testing.
- Hydrotest pressure is set according to ASME B31.3, clause 345.4.2(b) when design temperature exceeds 204 °C. Hydrotest B31.3 piping to 1.5 times the new and cold (37.8 deg. C) ANSI B16.5 flange rating unless pipe is the limiting factor. Enter N/A if a line is not tested with air or water.
- (1) Refer to TR Specification TR-44-SPC-00-028-01 "Piping Installation and Testing" for hydrotesting medium requirements when ambient conditions are below 5 °C.