

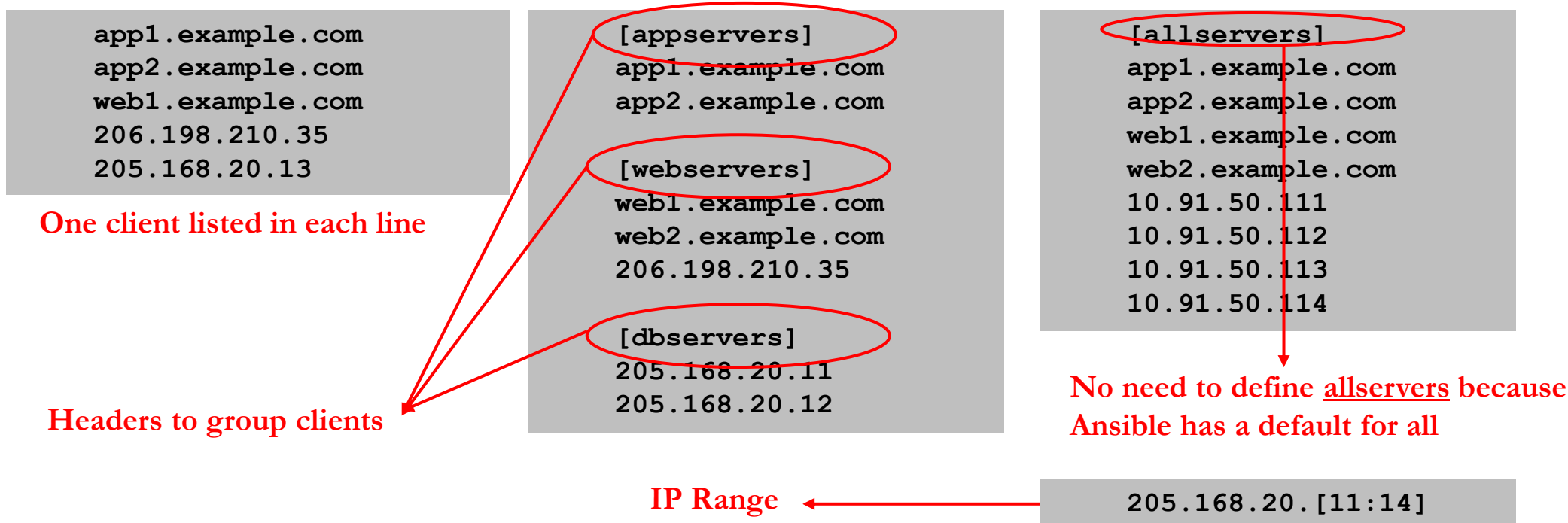
# **Complete Ansible Automation Training**

**Ansible for Remote  
Clients Management**

# Remote Clients hosts File Syntax

`/etc/ansible/hosts`

- All remote clients are considered inventory in Ansible
- Ansible keeps its inventory information in host file located: `/etc/ansible/hosts`
- The **hosts** file is created during Ansible installation



- You can specify different location of the file  
# `ansible-playbook -i /home/iafzal/ansible/hosts`

# Remote Clients hosts File Syntax

`/etc/ansible/hosts`

```
[servers]
server1 ansible_ssh_host=10.91.50.110
server2 ansible_ssh_host=10.91.50.111
server3 ansible_ssh_host=10.91.50.112
server4 ansible_ssh_host=10.91.50.113
server5 ansible_ssh_host=10.91.50.114
server6 ansible_ssh_host=10.91.50.115
```

```
[appserver]
server1
server2
```

```
[webserver]
server3
server4
```

```
[dbservers]
server5
server6
```

Aliases



# Remote Clients hosts File Syntax

`/etc/ansible/hosts`

- Inventory host file can either be static or dynamic (*using additional plug-ins*)
- Listing host file

```
# ansible-inventory --list
OR
# ansible all --list-hosts
```



# Establish Connection to Remote Clients

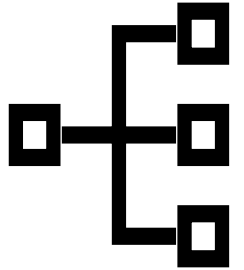
- Take a snapshot of our Linux client1 and then power it up
- Note down its IP address
- Populate the hosts file with IP or FQDN for our clients:

```
[labclients] = For grouping
10.253.1.18
10.253.1.20
```
- Generate SSH Keys on the control node and copy over to clients for password less SSH connections

```
# ssh-keygen
# Leave everything default and enter
# ssh-copy-id 10.253.1.18
# ssh-copy-id 10.253.1.20
```
- Now SSH into the clients to test

```
# ssh 10.253.1.18
```
- Run **Ansible** add-hoc to ping remote nodes (*make sure hosts file has remote clients IPs*)

```
# ansible all -m ping
# ansible -a "uptime" all (To run a command on the remote clients)
```



# Check Remote Clients Connectivity

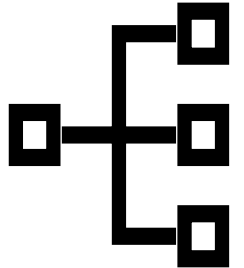
```
# su - root
# cd /etc/ansible/playbooks
# vim clientstatus.yml

---
- name: "Check remote clients connectivity status"
  hosts: all

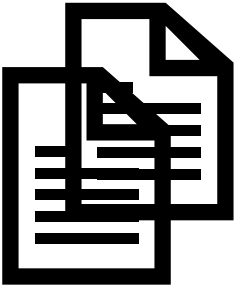
  tasks:
    - name: Test connectivity
      ping:
```

Run the playbook

```
# anisble-playbook clientstatus.yml
```



# Copy Files to Remote Clients



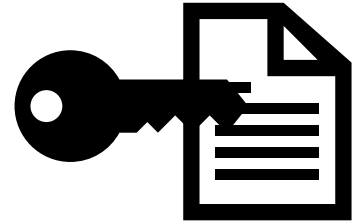
```
# echo somestuff > /home/iafzal/some.cfg  
# vim copy.yml
```

```
---  
- name: Copy file from local to remote clients  
  hosts: all  
  
  tasks:  
  - name: Copying file  
    become: true  
    copy:  
      src: /home/iafzal/some.cfg  
      dest: /tmp  
      owner: iafzal  
      group: iafzal  
      mode: 0644
```

Annotations:

- Description of the playbook
- Run it on all hosts
- Run the following task(s)
- Description of the task
- Transfer as a current user
- Run **copy** module
- Source of the file
- Destination of the file
- Change ownership and file permissions

# Change File Permissions



```
# Login to LinuxClient1
# touch /home/iafzal/linux2

# Login to ControlNode
# vim filepermission.yml
```

```
---
- name: Change file permissions
  hosts: all

  tasks:
  - name: Files Permissions
    file:
      path: /home/iafzal/linux2
      mode: a+w
```

File location

Permissions

Run the playbook

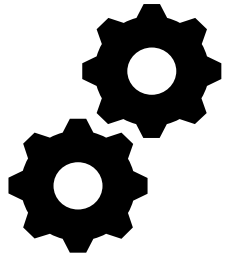
```
# ansible-playbook filepermission.yml
```

- Ansible modules and options  
<https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.5/modules/>



# Setup Apache and Open Firewall Port

- The playbook will
  1. Install httpd package
  2. Start httpd service
  3. Open http service port in firewall
  4. Restart firewalld service



```
# Login to LinuxCleint1
# rpm -qa | grep http
# systemctl status firewalld

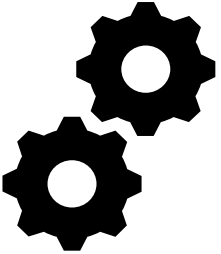
# Login to ControlNode

• Install additional Ansible collection for firewalld
# ansible-galaxy collection install ansible.posix

# cd /home/ansible/playbooks
# vim httpsetup.yml
```

- Ansible modules and options  
<https://docs.ansible.com/ansible/2.5/modules/>

# Setup Apache and Open Firewall Port



```
---
- name: Setup httpd and open firewall port
  hosts: all
  tasks:
    - name: Install apache packages
      yum:
        name: httpd
        state: present
    - name: Start httpd
      service:
        name: httpd
        state: started
    - name: Open port 80 for http access
      firewallld:
        service: http
        permanent: true
        state: enabled
    - name: Restart firewallld service to load firewall changes
      service:
        name: firewallld
        state: reloaded
```

**State** = What to do with the package?

- present or installed = Install
- absent or removed = Un-install
- latest = Upgrade

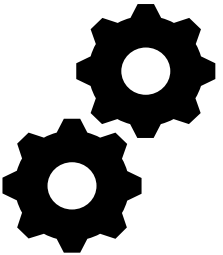
**State** = What to do with the service?

- started | stopped | reloaded | restarted

save httpsetup.yml

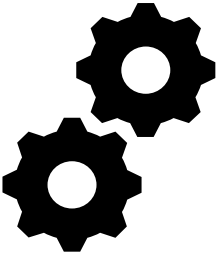
# Setup Apache and Open Firewall Port

- Login back to **LinuxCleint1**
- Check httpd package status  
# **rpm -qa | grep http**
- Check httpd package service status  
# **systemctl status httpd**
- Check firewalld service status  
# **systemctl status firewalld**
- Check if http service is enabled in firewalld  
# **firewall-cmd --list-all**
- Open FireFox and go to 10.253.1.115



# Run Shell Scripts on Remote Clients

- The playbook will run shell script on the remote client (LinuxClient1)
- Create `/home/iafzal/cfile.sh` script on **LinuxClient1**
- The `cfile.sh` script should create a new file **example1**



```
# vim shellscript.yml
```

```
---
```

```
- name: Playbook for shell script
```

```
  hosts: all or 10.253.1.115
```

```
  tasks:
```

```
    - name: Run shell script
```

```
      shell: "/home/iafzal/cfile.sh"
```

→ Description of the playbook

→ Run on client1

→ Run the following task

→ Name/description of the task

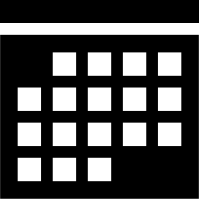
→ Run shell module which will execute shell script on LinuxClient1

Run the playbook

```
# ansible-playbook shellscript.yml
```

# Schedule a job (crontab)

- The playbook `cronjob.yml` will
  - Schedule a job as a `root`
  - Every thursday at 10am
  - Define job (`/home/iafzal/cfile.sh`) to be executed by `root`



```
# vim cronjob.yml

---
- name: Create a cron job
  hosts: all

  tasks:
    - name: Schedule cron:
      cron:
        name: This job is scheduled by Ansible
        minute: "0"
        hour: "10"
        day: "*"
        month: "*"
        weekday: "4"
        user: root
        job: "/home/iafzal/cfile.sh"
```

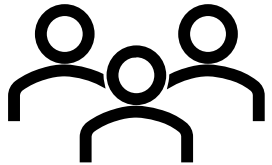
→ Day of the month

→ Day of the week

Run the playbook

```
# ansible-playbook cronjob.yml
```

# User Account Management



- The playbook will
  - Create a user **george** on remote clients
  - The user **george** will have a home directory as **/home/George**
  - The shell environment for user **george** will be **/bin/bash**

```
# vim adduser.yml
```

```
---
```

```
- name: Playbook for creating users
```

→ Description of the playbook

```
hosts: all
```

→ Run on all clients

```
tasks:
```

→ Run the following task

```
- name: Create users
```

→ Name of the task

```
  user:
```

→ Run **user** module for account management

```
    name: george
```

→ Username

```
    home: /home/george
```

→ User home directory

```
    shell: /bin/bash
```

→ User shell

Run the playbook

```
# anisble-playbook adduser.yml
```

# Add or Update User Password

- The playbook will
  - Add/update a password for user **george**



**Please note:** Ansible does not allow us to pass a cleartext password through the user **module**

```
# vim changepass.yml
---
- name: Add or update user password
  hosts: all

  tasks:
    - name: Change "george" password
      user:
        name: george
        update_password: always
        password: "{{ newpassword|password_hash('sha512') }}"
```

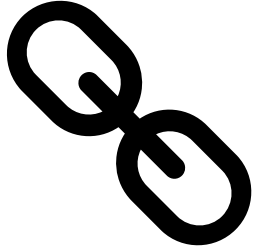
- To run this playbook, run the command as below. This will input the **newpassword** variable that will be used by our playbook

Run the playbook

```
# ansible-playbook changepass.yml --extra-vars newpassword=abc123
```

# Download Package from a URL

- The playbook tomcat.yml will
  - Create a directory for tomcat with required permissions
  - Download tomcat from a url and place it in that directory with modified permissions



```
vim tomcat.yml
---
- name: Download Tomcat from tomcat.apache.org
  hosts: localhost
  tasks:
    - name: Create a Directory /opt/tomcat
      file:
        path: /opt/tomcat
        state: directory
        mode: 0755
        owner: root
        group: root
    - name: Download Tomcat using get_url
      get_url:
        url: https://dlcdn.apache.org/tomcat/tomcat-8/v8.5.78/bin/apache-tomcat-8.5.78.tar.gz
        dest: /opt/tomcat
        mode: 0755
        group: iafzal
        owner: iafzal
```

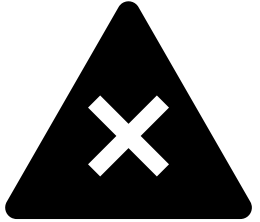
Run the playbook

```
# ansible-playbook tomcat.yml
```



# Kill a Running Process

- The playbook `killprocess.yml` will
  - Find a running process by process name
  - Ignore any errors
  - Hold the result in registry variable
  - Use `shell` module and run `kill` command to kill the registered variable



```
# vim killprocess.yml

---
- name: Find a process and kill it
  hosts: 10.253.1.115

  tasks:
    - name: Get running processes from remote host
      ignore_errors: yes
      shell: "ps -few | grep top | awk '{print $2}'"
      register: running_process

    - name: Kill running processes
      ignore_errors: yes
      shell: "kill {{ item }}"
      with_items: "{{ running_process.stdout_lines }}"
```

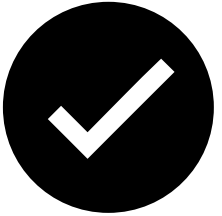
Run the playbook

```
# ansible-playbook killprocess.yml
```

# Pick and Choose Steps

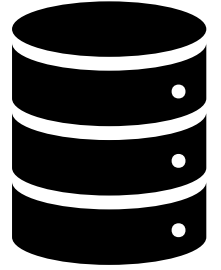
- Start a playbook at a specific task

```
# ansible-playbook yamlfile.yml --start-at-task 'Task name'  
# ansible-playbook http.yml --start-at-task 'Intall telnet'
```



```
---  
- name: httpd and telnet  
  hosts: all  
  
  tasks:  
    - name: Install httpd  
      yum:  
        name: httpd  
        state: present  
  
    - name: Start httpd  
      service:  
        name: httpd  
        state: started  
  
    - name: Install telnet  
      yum:  
        name: telnet  
        state: present
```

# Create and Mount New Storage



- To create a new storage, we will power-off the VM add new disk (2GiB) from our virtualization software
- Also “**parted**” and “**mount**” module will be used in Ansible playbook
- Some Ansible distribution does not come with parted and mount module
  - Install **parted** and **mount** module
  - `ansible-galaxy collection install community.general`
  - `ansible-galaxy collection install ansible.posix`

**ERROR! couldn't resolve module/action 'mount'. This often indicates a misspelling, missing collection, or incorrect module path.**

# Create and Mount New Storage

```
# vim newstorage.yml
---
- name: Create and mount new storage
  hosts: all

  tasks:
    1 - name: create new partition
      parted:
        name: files
        label: gpt
        device: /dev/sdb
        number: 1
        state: present
        part_start: 1MiB
        part_end: 1GiB
    2 - name: Create xfs filesystem
      filesystem:
        dev: /dev/sdb1
        fstype: xfs
    3 - name: Create mount directory
      file:
        path: /data
        state: directory
    4 - name: mount the filesystem
      mount:
        src: /dev/sdb1
        fstype: xfs
        state: mounted
```

Run the playbook  
# `ansible-playbook newstorage.yml`

