PROGRAM 1: FILE MANIPULATION

AIM:

To write a shell script to stimulate the following command rm, cp, cat, mv, cmp, wc, split, diff.

ALGORITHM:

- Step 1: Start the process
- Step 2: Open the putty tool
- Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201
- Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh
- Step 5: Create two new files using cat command
- Step 6: Copy the contents from one file to another file using cp command
- Step 7: Move the content from one file to another file using mv command
- Step 8: Remove the file using rm command
- Step 9: Compare two files using rmp command
- Step 10: Use diff command to view the difference in two files
- Step 11: Count the number of words in two files using wc command.
- Step 12: Use split command to split the content of the file.
- Step 13: stop the process.

RESULT:

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.

PROGRAM:

```
echo "FILE MANIPULATION"
echo "************
while:
do
echo "Manipulation List"
echo "**********
echo "1.Create."
echo "2.Display."
echo "3.Copy."
echo "4. Move."
echo "5.Remove."
echo "6.Compare."
echo "7.Difference."
echo "8. Word count."
echo "9.Split."
echo "Enter your choice:"
read ch
case $ch in
1)
echo "Creating file"
echo "Enter the file name:"
read filepgm1
cat $filepgm1
2)
echo "Display file"
ls
3)
echo "Copying file"
echo "Enter the file name:"
read filepgm1
read filepgm2
```

```
cp $filepgm1 $filepgm2
echo "File copied"
4)
echo "Moving file"
echo "Enter the file name:"
read filepgm1
read filepgm2
mv $file1 $file2
echo "File Moved"
5)
echo "Removing files"
echo "Enter the file name:"
read filepgm1
rm $filepgm1
echo "File Removed"
6)
echo "Comparing files"
echo "Enter the file name:"
read filepgm1
read filepgm2
cmp $filepgm1 $filepgm2
echo "File compared"
7)
echo "Comparing the different files"
echo "Enter the file name:"
read filepgm1
read filepgm2
diff $filepgm1 $filepgm2
echo "File differed"
```

```
8)
echo "Counting Words"
echo "Enter the file name:"
read filepgm1
read filepgm2
wc $filepgm1 $filepgm2
echo "Words counted"
9)
echo "Splitting files"
echo "Enter the file name:"
read filepgm1
split $filepgm1
echo "File Splitted"
••
esac
echo "Do you want to continue[Y/N]:"
read s
if [[ \$s == "N" | \$s == "n" ]]
then
echo "Exited"
exit
fi
done
```

OUTPUT.

Manipulation List

- 1.Read a file
- 2.Display
- 3.Copy
- 4.Move
- 5.Remove
- 6.Compare
- 7.Difference
- 8. Word count
- 9.Split

Enter your choice: 1

Read a file

Enter the file name:

filepgm1.sh

kongu arts and science college

kongu nadu arts and science collge

Do you want to continue[Y/N]: Y

Manipulation List

- 1.Read a file
- 2.Display
- 3.Copy
- 4.Move
- 5.Remove
- 6.Compare
- 7.Difference
- 8. Word count
- 9.Split

Enter your choice: 2

Display file

filepgm2.sh newpgm5.sh pgm4.sh program10.sh internal10.sh newpgm6.sh pgm5.sh program66.sh new_directory newprogram6.sh

Do you want to continue[Y/N]: Y

Manipulation List

- 1.Read a file
- 2.Display
- 3.Copy
- 4.Move
- 5.Remove
- 6.Compare
- 7.Difference
- 8. Word count
- 9.Split

Enter your choice: 3

Copying file

Enter the file name:

filepgm1.sh

filepgm2.sh

File copied

Do you want to continue[Y/N]: Y

Manipulation List

- 1.Read a file
- 2.Display
- 3.Copy
- 4.Move
- 5.Remove
- 6.Compare
- 7.Difference

- 8. Word count
- 9.Split

Enter your choice: 6

Comparing files

enter the file name:

filepgm1.sh

filepgm2.sh

filepgm1.sh filepgm2.sh differ: byte 32, line 2

File comapred

Do you want to continue[Y/N]: Y

Manipulation List

- 1.Read a file
- 2.Display
- 3.Copy
- 4.Move
- 5.Remove
- 6.Compare
- 7.Difference
- 8. Word count
- 9.Split

Enter your choice: 7

Comparing difference files

Enter the file name:

filepgm1.sh

filepgm2.sh

2c2

< kongu nadu arts and science collge

>

File Differed

Do you want to continue[Y/N]: Y

Manipulation List

- 1.Read a file
- 2.Display
- 3.Copy
- 4.Move
- 5.Remove
- 6.Compare
- 7.Difference
- 8. Word count
- 9.Split

Enter your choice: 8

Counting words

Enter the file name:

filepgm1.sh

filepgm2.sh

- 2 11 66 filepgm1.sh
- 2 5 32 filepgm2.sh
- 4 16 98 total

Words counted

Do you want to continue[Y/N]: Y

Manipulation List

- 1.Read a file
- 2.Display
- 3.Copy
- 4.Move
- 5.Remove
- 6.Compare
- 7.Difference
- 8.Word count
- 9.Split

Enter your choice: 9

Splitting files

Enter the file name:

filepgm1.sh

File splitted

Do you want to continue[Y/N]: Y

Manipulation List

- 1.Read a file
- 2.Display
- 3.Copy
- 4.Move
- 5.Remove
- 6.Compare
- 7.Difference
- 8. Word count
- 9.Split

Enter your choice: 5

Removing files

Enter the file name:

filepgm1.sh

File removed

Do you want to continue[Y/N]:N

PROGRAM 2: SYSTEM CONFIGURATION DETAILS

AIM:

To write a shell script to show the following system configuration A: currently logged user and logname. B=Current shell, home directory, OS type, Current path setting, Current working directory. C= Currently logged number of users and available shells. D= CPU and memory information.

ALGORITHM:

Step1: Start the process

Step 2: Open the putty tool

Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201

Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh

Step 5: Use the logname command to find the currently logged user.

Step 6: Use \$0,\$HOME to find the current shell and home directory.

Step 7: Use the command uname –a, uname –r,pwd, who –q to find the operating systems, Kernal

name, Current working directoryand number of users.

Step 8: Use the following command cat\etc\shell for all available shells,lscpu for CPU information,

free –m for memory information.

Step 9: Stop the process.

RESULT:

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.

PROGRAM

```
echo "SYSTEM CONFIGURATION DETAILS"
echo "*********************
echo "1.Displaying Current user."
echo "*************
logname
echo "2.Current shells."
echo "*********
echo $0
echo "3. Home directory."
echo "*********
echo $HOME
echo "4. Operating System."
echo "***********
uname -a
echo "5.kernal name."
echo "*********
uname -r
echo "6. Current Working directories."
echo "***************
pwd
echo "7. Number of users."
echo "************
who -q
echo "8. Available Shells."
echo "**********
cat /etc/shells
echo "9.CPU information."
echo "**********
lscpu
echo "10.Memory information."
echo "*************
free -m
```

OUTPUT:

SYSTEM CONFIGURATION DETAILS

1. Displaying current user

ct239

2. CURRENT SHELLS

prg2.sh

3. HOME DIRECTORY

/home/ct239

4.OPERATING SYSTEMS

Linux localhost.localdomain 3.10.0-1062.el7.x86_64 #1 SMP Wed Aug 7 18:08:02 UTC 2019 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux

5. KERNAL NAME

3.10.0-1062.el7.x86_64

6. CURRENT WORKING DIRECTORY

/home/ct239

7. NUMBER OF USERS

ct239

users=1

8. AVAILABLE USERS

prg2.sh: line 26: cat/etc/shells: No such file or directory

9. CPU INFORMATION

Architecture: x86 64

CPU op-mode(s): 32-bit, 64-bit

Byte Order: Little Endian

CPU(s): 4

On-line CPU(s) list: 0-3

Thread(s) per core: 2
Core(s) per socket: 2

Socket(s): 1

NUMA node(s): 1

Vendor ID: GenuineIntel

CPU family: 6 Model: 60

Model name: Intel(R) Core(TM) i3-4150 CPU @ 3.50GHz

Stepping: 3

CPU MHz: 910.888

CPU max MHz: 3500.0000 CPU min MHz: 800.0000

BogoMIPS: 6983.99

Virtualization: VT-x L1d cache: 32K L1i cache: 32K L2 cache: 256K L3 cache: 3072K

NUMA node0 CPU(s): 0-3

Flags: fpu vme de pse tsc msr pae mce cx8 apic sep mtrr pge mca cmov pat pse36 clflush dts acpi mmx fxsr sse sse2 ss ht tm pbe syscall nx pdpe1gb rdtscp lm constant_tsc arch_perfmon pebs bts rep_good nopl xtopology nonstop_tsc aperfmperf eagerfpu pni pclmulqdq dtes64 monitor ds_cpl vmx est tm2 ssse3 sdbg fma cx16 xtpr pdcm pcid sse4_1 sse4_2 movbe popcnt tsc_deadline_timer aes xsave avx f16c rdrand lahf_lm abm epb ssbd ibrs ibpb stibp tpr_shadow vnmi flexpriority ept vpid fsgsbase tsc_adjust bmi1 avx2 smep bmi2 erms invpcid xsaveopt dtherm arat pln pts md_clear spec_ctrl intel_stibp flush_11d

10. MEMORY IONFORMATION

	total	used	free	shared	buff/cache	available
Mem:	3702	402	2996	41	303	3045
Swap:	3967	0	3967			

PROGRAM 3: REDIRECTION AND PIPES COMMAND AIM:

To write a shell script for pipes, redirection and the tee commands.

ALGORITHM

- Step1: Start the process
- Step 2: Open the putty tool
- Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201
- Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh
- Step 5: Pipe command ls is used to list out the files in direction.
- Step 6: The redirection command >> is used to append the contents in already created file.
- Step 7: The tee command read standard input and write it to both output of one or more files.
- Step 8: stop the process.

PROGRAM:

```
echo "REDIRECTION, PIPES, TEE COMMAND"
echo "**********************
while:
do
echo "1.PIPES."
echo "2.REDIRECTION."
echo "3.TEE COMMAND."
echo "Enter your choice"
read ch
case $ch in
1)
echo "pipes"
ls |sort
2)
echo "REDIRECTION"
echo "This is a text file">>file1
```

```
echo "This file is successfully redirected"
echo "Redirected file"
cat file1
;;
3)
echo "TEE COMMAND"
wc file1 |tee file2
echo "Content of the file after implementing tee"
cat file2
*)
echo "Invaild Output"
esac
echo "Do you want to continue[y/n]:"
read s
if [[ s = "N" || s = "n" ]]
then
echo "Exited"
exit
fi
done
```

RESULT:

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.

OUTPUT:

REDIRECTION, PIPES, TEE COMMAND

- 1.pipes
- 2.Redirection
- 3.TEE command

Enter your choice: 1

pipes

eng.sh

file

file1

file1.sh

file2

filepgm2.sh

internal10.sh

new_directory

newfile1.sh

newpgm1.sh

newpgm4.sh

newpgm5

newpgm5.sh

newpgm6.sh

newprogram6.sh

perl5

pgm10.sh

pgm1.sh

PGM2.SH

pgm3.sh

pgm4.sh

pgm5.sh

pgm66.sh

pgm6.sh

pgm7.sh

pgm8.sh

pgm9.sh

prg2.sh program10.sh program2.sh program66.sh program6.sh Do you want to continue [y/n]: y

REDIRECTION, PIPES, TEE COMMAND

1.pipes

2. Redirection

3.TEE command

Enter your choice :2

Redirection

This is the text file
This is the banana
This is our college
Welcome to college
This is information to all
This is the text file
Do you want to continue [y/n]: y

REDIRECTION, PIPES, TEE COMMAND

1.pipes

2. Redirection

3.TEE command

Enter your choice :3

TEE command

9 31 153 file1

Content of the file after implementing tee is text file text file
This is the text file

This is the banana
This is our college
Welcome to college
This is information to all

This is the text file Do you want to continue [y/n]:

PROGRAM 4: DISPLAYING OPTIONS AIM:

To write a shell program for displaying current date, username, file listing and directories by getting user choice.

ALGORITHM:

- Step1: Start the process
- Step 2: Open the putty tool
- Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201
- Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh
- Step 5: Print the currently logged username by using uname -1 command.
- Step 6: Print the current date by using date command
- Step 7: List out all the files and directories using ls command.
- Step 8: List out all files and directories with details using ls-ls command.
- Step 9: Run the shell script by using sh filename, sh
- Step 10: Stop the process.

PROGRAM

```
echo "DISPLAYING OPTIONS"
echo "*************
while:
do
echo "OPTIONS"
echo "*******"
echo "1.Date."
echo "2.Username."
echo "3.Listing files and directories."
echo "4.Listing files and directories with details."
echo "Enter your choice:"
read ch
case $ch in
1)
echo "Date"
date
2)
echo "Username"
uname -a
•••
echo "Listing files and directories"
ls -1
;;
4)
echo "Listing files and directories with details"
ls -1
esac
echo "Do you want to Continue [y/n]:"
read a
if [[ $a == "N" || $a == "n" ]]
then
echo "Exited"
exit
```

fi done

RESULT:

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.

OUTPUT:

DISPLAYING OPTIONS

Options

- 1.Date
- 2.Username
- 3. Listing files and directories
- 4.Listing files and directories with details

Enter your choice:1

1.Date

Date:01/01/13

Do you want to continue [y/n]; Y

DISPLAYING OPTIONS

Options

- 1.Date
- 2.Username
- 3.Listing files and directories
- 4.Listing files and directories with details

Enter your choice: 2

2.Username

Linux localhost.localdomain 3.10.0-1062.el7.x86_64 #1 SMP Wed Aug 7 18:08:02 UTC 2019 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux Do you want to continue [y/n]; Y

DISPLAYING OPTIONS

Options

- 1.Date
- 2.Username
- 3. Listing files and directories
- 4.Listing files and directories with details

Enter your choice: 3

3. Listing files and directories

file1 filepgm2.sh newfile1.sh newpgm5 newprogram6.sh pgm1.sh pgm4.sh pgm6.sh pgm9.sh program2.sh temp.sh Do you want to continue [y/n]; Y

DISPLAYING OPTIONS

Options

- 1.Date
- 2.Username
- 3. Listing files and directories
- 4.Listing files and directories with details

Enter your choice: 4

4.Listing files and directories with details total 164K

- -rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 0 Jan 1 07:28 2
- -rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 77 Jan 1 2013 eng.sh
- -rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 0 Jan 1 07:28 file
- -rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 153 Jan 1 07:27 file1
- -rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 99 Jan 1 07:42 file1.sh
- -rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 18 Jan 1 07:31 file2
- -rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 32 Jan 1 2013 filepgm2.sh
- -rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 241 Jan 1 07:22 internal10.sh
- drwxrwxr-x. 2 ct239 ct239 34 Jan 1 2013 new_directory

```
-rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 1.4K Jan 1 06:07 newpgm1.sh -rw-rw-r--. 1 ct239 ct239 0 Jan 1 06:43 newpgm4.sh
```

PROGRAM 5: FILTER COMMANDS

AIM:

To write a shell script to implement the filter command.

ALGORITHM:

Step1: Start the process

Step 2: Open the putty tool

Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201

Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh

Step 5: grep command is used to search for pattern in file or standard input.

Step 6: tr command replace or remove the specific character.

Step 7: cut command is used to extract sections from each line of input file.

Step 8: we command is used to count the word in file.

Step 9: : Run the shell script by using sh filename, sh

Step 10: Stop the process.

PROGRAM

```
echo " "
echo "grep command"
grep This file1
elif [ $ch -eq 2 ]
then
echo""
echo "tr command"
tr "[a-z]" "[A-Z]" < file 1
elif [ $ch -eq 3 ]
then
echo " "
echo "cut command"
cut -c 1-5 file2
elif [$ch -eq 4]
then
echo " "
echo "Word count "
wc file2
else
echo "Invalid output"
echo "Do you want to continue[y/n]:"
read s
if [[ s = "N" | s = "n" ]]
then
echo "Exited"
exit
fi
done
```

RESULT:

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.

OUTPUT

- 1.Search a pattern (grep)
- 2. Replacing the text (tr)

- 3.Extract a column (wt)
- 4. Counting a word (wc)

Enter your choice: 1

grep command

This is the text file
This is the banana
This is our college
This is information to all
This is the text file
Do you want to continue [Y/N]; Y

filter command

- 1.Search a pattern (grep)
- 2.Replacing the text (tr)
- 3.Extract a column (wt)
- 4. Counting a word (wc)

Enter your choice :2

tr command

IS TEXT FILE
TEXT FILE
THIS IS THE TEXT FILE
THIS IS THE BANANA
THIS IS OUR COLLEGE
WELCOME TO COLLEGE
THIS IS INFORMATION TO ALL

THIS IS THE TEXT FILE Do you want to continue [Y/N]; y

filter command

- 1.Search a pattern (grep)
- 2. Replacing the text (tr)

- 3.Extract a column (wt)
- 4. Counting a word (wc)

Enter your choice: 3

cut command

is te

text

This

This

This

Welco

This

This

Do you want to continue [Y/N]; y

filter command

- 1. Search a pattern (grep)
- 2. Replacing the text (tr)
- 3.Extract a column (wt)
- 4. Counting a word (wc)

Enter your choice: 4

Word count

9 31 153 file1

Do you want to continue [Y/N];

PROGRAM 6:

AIM:

To write a shell script to count and reports the occurrence of each word in the file using command line arguments.

ALGORITHM:

Step1 : Start the process

Step 2: Open the putty tool

Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201

- Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh
- Step 5: The grep command is used to search for a string in groups of files.
- Step 6: awk command is used to scan a file line by line and count the occurrence of each word in the file.
- Step 9: Run the shell script by using sh filename,sh Step 10: Stop the process.

PROGRAM:

```
if [ $# -ne 1 ];
then
echo "USAGE:";
exit -1
fi
filename=$1
egrep -o "\b[[:alpha:]]+\b" $filename | \
awk '{ count[$0]++ }
END {printf("%-14s%s\n","Word","Count");
for(ind in count)
{ printf("%-14s%d\n", ind,count[ind]); }
}'
```

RESULT:

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.

OUTPUT:

[tamil@localhost ~]\$ sh newpgm66.sh temp1.sh

Word Count

Arts 1

College 2

Science 1

PROGRAM 7: FACTORIAL OF A NUMBER

AIM:

To Write a shell script to find the factorial of a given number.

ALGORITHM:

- Step1 : Start the process
- Step 2: Open the putty tool
- Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201
- Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh
- Step 5: Get a number from user and calculate the factorial using below formula fact=\$((fact * num)) and num=\$((num 1)).
- Step 6: Run the shell script by using sh filename, sh
- Step 7: Stop the process.

PROGRAM:

```
clear
echo "enter the number"
read num
fact=1
while [ $num -gt 1 ]
do
fact=$((fact*num))
num=$((num - 1))
done
echo $fact
```

RESULT:

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.

OUTPUT:

Enter the number: 5 120

PROGRAM 8: FINDING THE GREATEST NUMBER

AIM:

To Write a shell script to find the greatest among the given set of numbers using command line arguments.

ALGORITHM

Step1: Start the process

Step 2: Open the putty tool

Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201

Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh

Step 5: Read the 3 integer values from the user and find the which one is the biggest number.

Step 6: If all integers are zero, then print "no arguments given".

Step 7:Use gt command to find the greatest number and print which one is the greatest.

Step 8:Run the shell script by using sh filename,sh

Step 7: Stop the process.

PROGRAM:

```
echo "GREATEST NUMBER"
echo "***************
if [ $# -eq 0 ]
then
echo "No arguments given"
echo "Execute script with arguments"
big=0
else
big=$1
fi
for var in "$@"
do
if [ $var -gt $big ]
then
big=$var
fi
done
echo "Greatest number is :$big"
```

RESULT:

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.

OUTPUT:

[tamil@localhost ~]\$ sh newpgm88.sh 20 68 95

PROGRAM 9: PALINDROME CHECKING

AIM:

To write a shell script for palindrome checking.

ALGORITHM

- Step1: Start the process
- Step 2: Open the putty tool
- Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201
- Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh
- Step 5: Get the string from user for palindrome checking.
- Step 6: Compare original and reverse string. If the original string is equal to the reverse string, then print the result "string is a palindrome".
- Step 7: If the original string is not equal to the reverse string, then print the result "string is not a palindrome".
- Step 8:Run the shell script by using sh filename,sh
- Step 7: Stop the process.

PROGRAM

```
clear
echo "Enter a string:"
read input
reverse=""
len=${#input}
for(( i=$len-1; i>=0; i-- ))
do
reverse="$reverse${input:$i:1}"
done
if [ $input == $reverse ]
```

then
echo "\$input is palindrome"
else
echo "\$input is not palindrome"
fi

OUTPUT

Enter a string: madam madam is palindrome

Enter a string: computer computer is not palindrome

RESULT:

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.

PROGRAM 10 : MULTIPLICATION TABLE AIM:

To write the shell script to print the multiplication table using for loop.

ALGORITHM

Step1: Start the process

Step 2: Open the putty tool

Step 3: Type the IP address 192.168.8.201

Step 4: Enter the user name and password then create a program using vi filename.sh

Step 5: Get the table number and row limit for print the multiplication table.

Step 6: Using for loop to calculate the multiplication table.

Step 7: Run the shell script by using sh filename, sh

Step 8: Stop the process.

PROGRAM:

clear
echo Enter a number:
read n
for i in {1..12}
do
val=`expr \$i * \$n`
echo "\$i*\$n = \$val"
done

OUTPUT

Enter a number:

8

1*8 = 8

2*8 = 16

3*8 = 24

4*8 = 32

5*8 = 40

6*8 = 48

7*8 = 56

8*8 = 64

9*8 = 72

10*8 = 80

11*8 = 88

12*8 = 96

RESULT

Thus the Shell script has been executed and verified successfully.