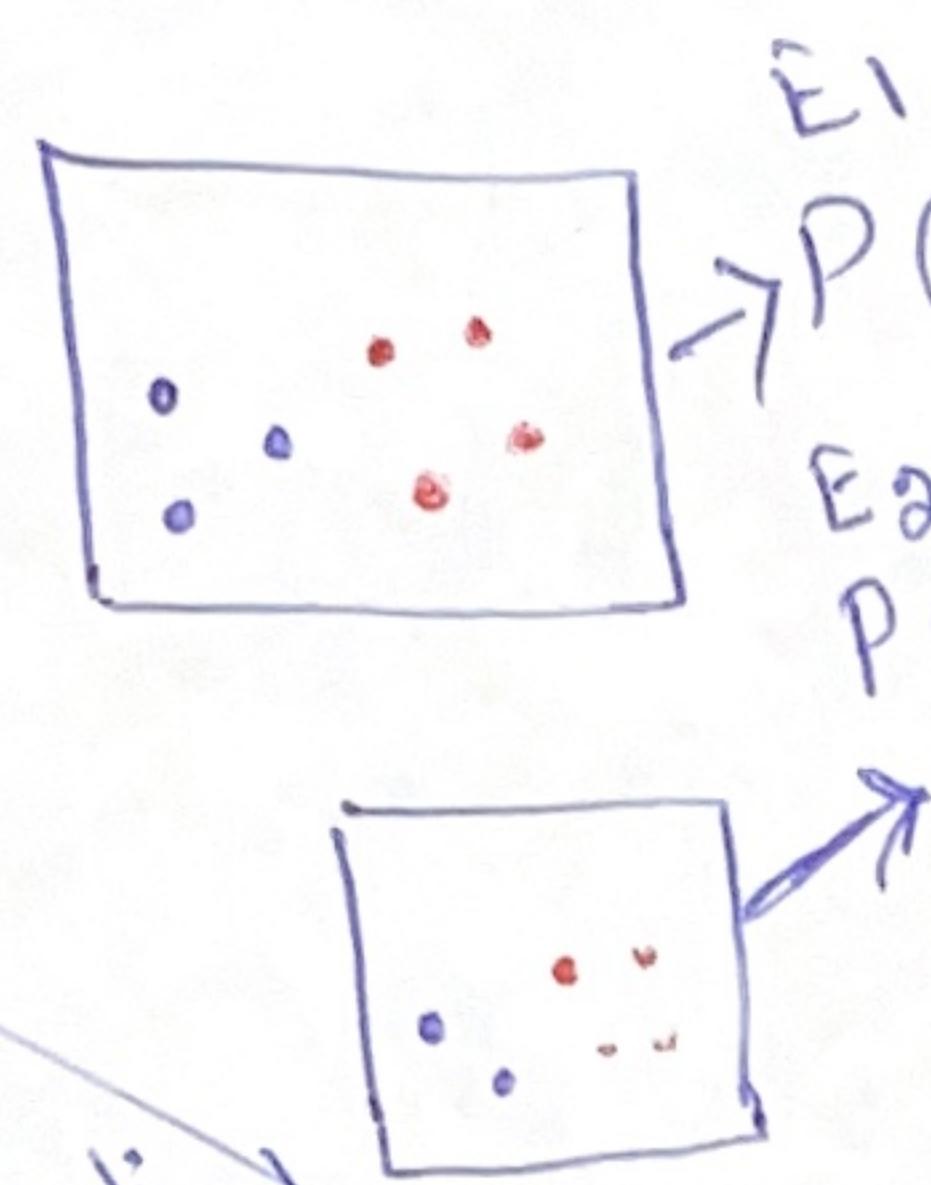


## Baye's Theorem

1. Conditional Probability  $\rightarrow P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$
  2. Independent Events
  3. Dependent Events
- A Given B

example (Dependent Events)

$E_1$


 $P(A) = 3/7$  (Prob of getting 1 blue object)  
 $E_2$   
 $P(B|A) = 1/6$  (Prob of getting another blue object)

Baye's Theorem (Derivation)

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$

$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(B \cap A)}{P(A)}$$

$$= \frac{3/7 \times 1/3}{3/7} = \frac{1/7}{3/7} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(B \cap A)}{P(A)}$$

$$P(A|B) \cdot P(B) = P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(B|A) \cdot P(A) = P(B \cap A)$$

Since:  $P(A \cap B) = P(B \cap A)$

$$P(A|B) \cdot P(B) = P(B|A) \cdot P(A)$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(B|A) \cdot P(A)}{P(B)}$$

Posterior

Likelihood

Prior Probability

Baye's Theorem

Marginal Probability

## Naive Bayes Classifier

Given dataset  $X = (x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n)$   
 $y = \{y\}$

Baye's Theorem:  $P(A|B) = \frac{P(B|A) * P(A)}{P(B)}$

$$P(y|x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = \frac{P(x_1|y) * P(x_2|y) * \dots * P(x_n|y) * P(y)}{P(x_1) * P(x_2) * \dots * P(x_n)}$$

$$\propto P(y) * \prod_{i=1}^n P(x_i|y)$$

$$= \frac{P(y) * \prod_{i=1}^n P(x_i|y)}{P(x_1) * P(x_2) * \dots * P(x_n)}$$

constant

$$P(y|x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \propto P(y) * \prod_{i=1}^n P(x_i|y)$$

$$y = \operatorname{argmax} [P(y) * \prod_{i=1}^n P(x_i|y)]$$

$\hookrightarrow$  takes the highest value for classification.

## Example

Outlook

	Yes	No	$P(Y)$	$P(N)$
Sunny	2	3	2/9	3/5
Overcast	4	0	4/9	0/5
Rainy	3	2	3/9	2/5
Total:	9	5		

Temperature

	Yes	No	$P(Y)$	$P(N)$
Hot	2	2	2/9	2/5
Mild	4	2	4/9	2/5
Cold	3	1	3/9	1/5
Total:	9	5		

Play

	Y	$P(C)$
Yes	9	9/14
No	5	5/14

14

To find Today (Sunny, Hot)  $\Rightarrow$  Play / No Play?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Play (Yes | Today)} &= P(\text{Sunny} | \text{Yes}) \cdot P(\text{Hot} | \text{Yes}) \cdot P(\text{Yes}) \\ &= 2/9 * 2/9 * 9/14 = 0.031 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Play (No | Today)} &= P(\text{Sunny} | \text{No}) \cdot P(\text{Hot} | \text{No}) \cdot P(\text{No}) \\ &= 3/5 * 2/5 * 5/14 = 0.0857 \end{aligned}$$

Normalize

Numericals  
 $\frac{\text{Numericals}}{\sum (\text{all Numericals})}$

$$P(Y) = \frac{0.031}{0.031 + 0.0857} = 0.27$$

$$(N) = 1 - 0.27 = 0.73$$

Ans Max: No Play