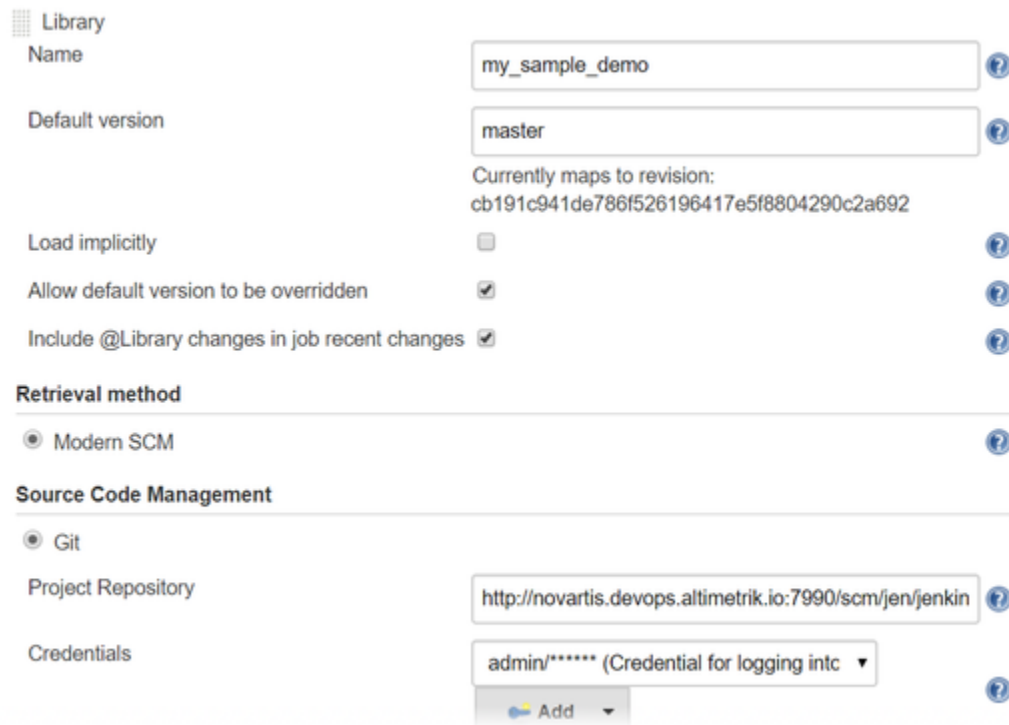


Docker Image Creation Using Global Library

Global library configuration in Jenkins

To do so, go into **Manage Jenkins -> Configure System** and find the **Global Pipeline Libraries** section. The shared library will be loaded on the fly from a git repository, in every job. It is never cached.



The screenshot shows the Jenkins 'Global Pipeline Libraries' configuration page. It features a sidebar with a 'Library' icon. The main form has several sections: 'Name' (text input 'my_sample_demo'), 'Default version' (text input 'master' with a note 'Currently maps to revision: cb191c941de786f526196417e5f8804290c2a692'), 'Load implicitly' (checkbox), 'Allow default version to be overridden' (checkbox), and 'Include @Library changes in job recent changes' (checkbox). Below these are two expandable sections: 'Retrieval method' (radio button for 'Modern SCM') and 'Source Code Management' (radio button for 'Git'). The 'Source Code Management' section includes 'Project Repository' (text input with a URL) and 'Credentials' (dropdown menu showing 'admin/***** (Credential for logging into...)' and an 'Add' button).

The Project repository is the url of your git repo where Global library code is present, [Shared Library](#)

Shared Library:

Shared Library

```
#!/usr/bin/groovy
def call(Map config) {

    node {
        stage('Initialize') {
            def dockerHome = tool 'myDocker'
            env.PATH = "${dockerHome}/bin:${env.PATH}"
        }

        stage('Checkout') {
            echo "Checking out the sources..."
            checkout scm
        }

        stage('Build') {
            echo "Build Stage"
        }

        stage('Test') {
            echo "Test Stage"
        }

        stage('Package and Build Image') {
            sh 'python setup.py bdist'

            // Build Image

            if (config.DockerFilePath) {
                sh "cp ${config.PackagePath} ${config.DockerFilePath}"
                def customImage =
                    docker.build("novartis.devops.altimetrik.io:8081/docker-local/" +
                        "${config.ImageName}:${config.ImageVersion}",
                        "${config.DockerFilePath}")
            } else {
                sh "cp ${config.PackagePath} $WORKSPACE"
                def customImage =
                    docker.build("novartis.devops.altimetrik.io:8081/docker-local/" +
                        "${config.ImageName}:${config.ImageVersion}")
            }

        }

    }
}
```

1. In order to create a Docker image, the **Docker Pipeline** plugin provides a `build()` method for creating a new image, from a Dockerfile in the repository, during a Pipeline run. Example, `docker.build("novartis.devops.altimetrik.io:8081/docker-local/" + "${config.ImageName}:${config.ImageVersion}")`

2. config.ImageName and config.ImageVersion will be passed from JenkinsFile as defined below.

Note :- It will search in the root directory for the Dockerfile, if DockerFilePath is not defined.

To refer shared library in your JenkinsFile please use the following code snippet, Example: Sample repo for Integrating with shared library is available at [Demo Repo](#).

```
@Library('my-shared-library') _

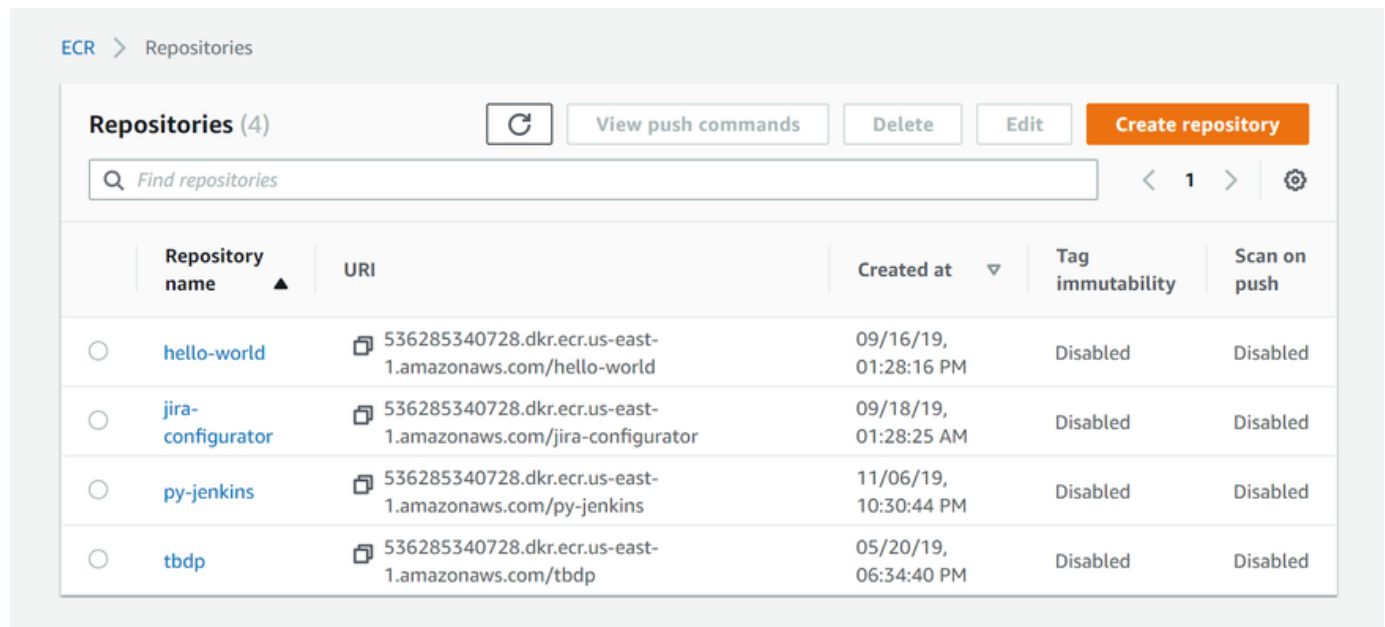
allInOne(
    ImageName: 'py-jenkins',
    ImageVersion: '0.1.0',
    DockerFilePath: './dockerfiles',
    PackagePath: '$WORKSPACE/dist/*'
)
```

To integrate this jenkins file we can use a pipeline project.

Push Image To ECR

Create the ECR Repository

- Log in to your AWS Console
- Open the **Elastic Container Registry(ECR)** service.
- Click the **Create repository** button in the **Repositories** tab.



The screenshot shows the AWS Elastic Container Registry (ECR) console. At the top, there's a breadcrumb 'ECR > Repositories'. Below it, the 'Repositories (4)' section includes a refresh button, 'View push commands', 'Delete', 'Edit', and a prominent orange 'Create repository' button. A search bar labeled 'Find repositories' is present. Below the search bar is a table with the following columns: Repository name, URI, Created at, Tag immutability, and Scan on push. The table lists four repositories: 'hello-world', 'jira-configurator', 'py-jenkins', and 'tbdp'. Each repository entry includes a radio button for selection, a copy icon for the URI, and the creation date and time.

| | Repository name ▲ | URI | Created at ▼ | Tag immutability | Scan on push |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------------|------------------|--------------|
| <input type="radio"/> | hello-world | 536285340728.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/hello-world | 09/16/19, 01:28:16 PM | Disabled | Disabled |
| <input type="radio"/> | jira-configurator | 536285340728.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/jira-configurator | 09/18/19, 01:28:25 AM | Disabled | Disabled |
| <input type="radio"/> | py-jenkins | 536285340728.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/py-jenkins | 11/06/19, 10:30:44 PM | Disabled | Disabled |
| <input type="radio"/> | tbdp | 536285340728.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/tbdp | 05/20/19, 06:34:40 PM | Disabled | Disabled |

- Give a name to your repository. We can use the Image name as the name of the repository. Then, click the “Next” button.

Add AWS Credentials to Jenkins

- From the home screen, hit the **Credentials** link in the left-side bar.
- Determine where you want to put your credentials. If unsure, go into the **Global credentials**.

- Click the **Add Credentials** link in the left-side navigation.
- For **Kind**, select **AWS Credentials**.
- Enter the *Access ID* and *Secret Access Key* for the AWS user that has access to the ECR repository.
- In the **Advanced** button, specify an ID that will make sense to you (so you don't have to remember a randomly generated UUID).

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Kind | AWS Credentials |
| Scope | Global (Jenkins, nodes, items, all child items, etc) |
| Access Key ID | some_access_id |
| Secret Access Key | |
| Description | |
| ID | demo-ecr-credentials |

OK

Install required plugins (if not already installed)

- Pipeline
- Docker Pipeline Plugin
- Amazon ECR Plugin

Groovy script

```
docker.withRegistry("https://your.ecr.domain.amazonaws.com",
"ecr:us-east-1:credential-id"){
  docker.image("your-image-name").push()
}
```

In order to obtain an ECR login credential, you must use the ecr provider prefix.