**Fill() Method**

* The fill() method fills specified elements in an array with a value.
* The fill() method overwrites the original array.
* Start and end position can be specified. If not, all elements will be filled.

**Syntax**

array.fill(value, start, end)

**Parameters**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Parameter** | **Description** |
| **value** | Required. The value to fill in. |
| **start** | Optional. The start index (position). Default is 0. |
| **end** | Optional. The stop index (position). Default is array length. |

**Return Value**

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|  |
| **Type** | **Description** |
| **Array** | The filled array. |

<script>

const fruits = ["Banana", "Orange", "Apple", "Mango"];

document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML = fruits.fill("Kiwi");

</script>

Fill all array elements with "Kiwi":

**Output:** Kiwi,Kiwi,Kiwi,Kiwi