Module-9: Container Orchestration using Kubernetes Part - II

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edureka!



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DEMO-3: StatefulSets

1. Create 2 persistent volumes for your pods to bind to

Syntax: vi pv.yaml

```
kind: PersistentVolume
apiVersion: v1
metadata:
   name: nginx-pv
labels:
    type: local
    app: nginx
spec:
   storageClassName: manual
   capacity:
     storage: 1Gi
   accessModes:
   - ReadWriteOnce
   hostPath:
     path: "/home/edureka/data"
```

Create another persistent with same settings except with a different metadata name and hostpath

Create the volumes using create command:

Syntax: kubectl create -f pv.yml

```
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl create -f pv.yml
persistentvolume/nginx-pv created
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl create -f pv1.yml
persistentvolume/nginx-pv1 created
```

2. Create a yaml file that contains both the nginx StatefulSet and the service required to access it

Syntax: vi state.yml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: nginx
  labels:
    app: nginx
spec:
  ports:
  - port: 80
   name: web
  clusterIP: None
  selector:
    app: nginx
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: StatefulSet
metadata:
  name: web
spec:
  serviceName: "nginx"
  replicas: 2
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: nginx
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: nginx
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: nginx
        image: k8s.gcr.io/nginx-slim:0.8
        ports:
        - containerPort: 80
          name: web
        volumeMounts:
        - name: www
          mountPath: /usr/share/nginx/html
  volumeClaimTemplates:
  - metadata:
      name: www
      accessModes: [ "ReadWriteOnce" ]
      resources:
        requests:
          storage: 1Gi
```

Now, execute the yaml file to create the service and the statefulset

Syntax: kubectl create -f state.yml

```
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl create -f state.yml
service/nginx created
statefulset.apps/web created
```

3. We can check if the statefulset, service and the pods associated are creates successfully

Syntax: kubectl get statefulset kubectl get svc kubectl get pods

```
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl get statefulsets
NAME
       READY
web
       2/2
                9m46s
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl get svc
NAME
             TYPE
                          CLUSTER-IP
                                        EXTERNAL-IP
                                                      PORT(S)
                                                                 AGE
                                                                 17d
kubernetes
             ClusterIP
                          10.96.0.1
                                        <none>
                                                      443/TCP
             ClusterIP
                          None
                                                      80/TCP
                                                                 9m53s
nginx
                                        <none>
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl get pods
NAME
        READY
                 STATUS
                           RESTARTS
                                       AGE
web-0
        1/1
                 Running
                           Θ
                                       9m58s
web-1
        1/1
                 Running
                           0
                                       9m53s
```

You can notice that pods are created sequentially and are given unique ID's which are retained even after multiple restarts

4. Now to test if the statefulset is working as expected we will check the details of one of the pods, delete and wait for it to get rescheduled

Syntax: kubectl describe pods web-1

```
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl describe pods web-1
```

Name: web-1 Namespace: default

Priority: 0

Node: kslave1/172.31.24.142

Start Time: Fri, 09 Jul 2021 14:39:41 +0000

Labels: app=nginx

controller-revision-hash=web-5f6745bd6f
statefulset.kubernetes.io/pod-name=web-1

Annotations: <none>
Status: Running

Now, delete the pod and wait for it to redeploy

Syntax: kubectl delete pods web-1

```
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl get pods
                STATUS
NAME
        READY
                           RESTARTS
                                      AGE
web-0
        1/1
                 Running
                                      17m
                           0
web-1
        1/1
                                      17m
                 Running
                           0
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl delete pods web-1
pod "web-1" deleted
^C
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl get pods
NAME
        READY
                STATUS
                                     RESTARTS
                                                 AGE
web-0
        1/1
                 Running
                                                 18m
        0/1
                                                 0 s
web-1
                ContainerCreating
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl get pods
NAME
        READY
                 STATUS
                           RESTARTS
                                      AGE
web-0
        1/1
                 Running
                           0
                                      18m
        1/1
                                      13s
web-1
                 Running 0
```

We can check the details to see that the pod as retained its identity

```
edureka@kmaster:~/demo$ kubectl describe pods web-1
```

Name: web-1 Namespace: default

Priority: 0

Node: kslave1/172.31.24.142

Start Time: Fri, 09 Jul 2021 14:57:58 +0000

Labels: app=nginx

controller-revision-hash=web-5f6745bd6f
statefulset.kubernetes.io/pod-name=web-1

Annotations: <none>
Status: Running