Recap

Saturday, August 6, 2022

10:07 PM

- 1. Tuples
- 2. Sets
- 3. Maps
- 4. Auxiliary Constructor
- 5. Single Ton Objects
- 6. Companion Objects

Topics for Today

Sunday, July 3, 2022

7:52 PM

- 1. Case Class
- 2. Pattern Matching
- 3. Inheritance
- 4. Traits
- 5. Layered Traits
- 6. Higher Order Functions
- 7. Spark Components
- 8. Spark Architecture
- 9. Deployment Mode

Defination

Used for comparison of objects Instances of case classes are compared by structure and not by reference:

Example

case class learnCaseClass(isbn:String)

val frank = learnCaseClass("987-123")

How it is different from a class

class learnCaseClass1(isbn:String)

val frank = new learnCaseClass1("987-123")



Used for matching values of Variables

Definition

```
Keyword
match
case
Example 1
def matchTest(x:Any) : Any = x match {
  case 1 => "one"
  case "two" => 2
  case y: Int => "scala.Int"
  case => "many"
println(matchTest("two"))
println(matchTest("test"))
println(matchTest(1))
Example 2
case class Person(name: String, age: Int)
  val alice = Person("Alice", 25)
  val bob = Person("Bob", 32)
```

```
val charlie = Person("Charlie", 32)
for (person <- List(alice, bob, charlie)) {
   person match {
     case Person("Alice", 25) => println("Hi Alice!")
     case Person("Bob", 32) => println("Hi Bob!")
     case Person(name, age) => println("Age: " + age
+ "year, name: " + name + "?")
   }
}
```

Inheritance

```
05 July 2020
```

15:48

What is Inheritance?

```
Class A
  Var 1
     Var 2
   Function 1
   Function 2
Class c
Var
Var
Func
func
Class B extends Class C
  var 3
  Function 3
Keyword?
```

```
Example
class learnInheritance (speed:Int) {
 val mph: Int = speed
 def race() { println("Racing")}
println("This is vehicle")
Keyword Extends
class Car(speed:Int) extends
learnInheritance(speed)
Requirement: to change some of the features not
all
Keyword: Override - To modify existing property
of method
class Car(speed:Int) extends
learnInheritance(speed) {
```

```
override val mph: Int = speed
override def race() = println("Racing Car")

def carMethod () { println("I am in class Car")
}

val a = new Car(20)
println("Speed of Car: " + a.mph)
a.race()
```

Definition
To Reuse Code

```
Example of Trait
trait learnTrait {
//abstract functions
//Name /Signature is given
//Implementation not given
 def hasNext:Boolean
 def next():Int
class IntIterator (to: Int) extends learnTrait {
 private var current = 0
 def hasNext:Boolean = current < to
def next(): Int = {
  if (hasNext) {
   val t = current
   current += 1
```

Definition

Multiple traits can be extended by a class or object

```
with - Keyword
```

super - keyword

Example of layered Traits

```
//trait 1
trait logger {
  //a simple method log
  def log (msg: String) {println(msg)}
}

//trait 2
trait TimestampLogger extends logger {
  override def log (msg: String) {
  println("We are in Timestamp Logger")
    println(new java.util.Date() )
```

```
super.log(new java.util.Date() + " " + msg)
//trait 3
trait ShortLogger extends logger {
 val maxLength = 15
 override def log(msg: String) {
println("We are in Short Logger")
  super.log( if (msg.length <= maxLength) msg
  else msg.substring(0,maxLength -3) + "...")
 }
//Notice the keyword extends , with
class logging extends TimestampLogger with ShortLogger
val a = new logging
a.log("My example")
```

Higher Order Functions

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Functions that take other functions as parameters or return a function as a result

Example

Problem Statement: Input 2 int

Output sum of cube of 2 integers

(1,2)

1+8 = 9

Functions That accepts Function

Higher Order Function

def cube(x:Int): Int = x * x * x

def sumCubesHO(a:Int, b: Int) = sum(cube,a,b)

```
def square(x:Int) : Int = x *x
def semSquaresHO(a:Int,b:Int) = sum(square,a,b)
```

```
def fact(x: Int) : Int = if (x==0) 1 else x*fact(x-1) def sumFactorialHO(a:Int, b: Int) = sum(fact,a,b) def sumofnum(x :Int , y :Int, f:Int => Int) : Int = {if (x > y) 0 else f(x) + sumofnum(x + 1,y,f)}
```

Anonymous Function

Examples of Higher Oder Functions Filter (1 to 9).filter(% 2 == 0)

def EvenOdd (x:Int) =
$$\{x \% 2 == 0\}$$

(1 to 9).filter(EvenOdd)

ReduceLeft (1 to 9).reduceLeft(_ * _)

```
def multiply(x:Int, y:Int) = \{x * y\}
(1 to 9).reduceLeft(multiply)
Functions That returns Functions
//Higher Order Function That returns Function
 def urlBuilder(ssl: Boolean, domainName:String):
(String, String) => String = {
  val schema = if (ssl) "https://" else "http://"
  (endpoint:String, query:String) => s"$schema
$domainName/$endpoint?$query" }
 val domainName = "www.example.com"
 val endpoint = "users"
 val query = "id=1"
 def getURL = urlBuilder(ssl=true,domainName)
 val url = getURL(endpoint,query)
 println(url)
```

Dataframes		ML Pipelines		
Spark SQL	Spark Streaming	ML Lib	GraphX	Spark R
Spark Core (RDD)				

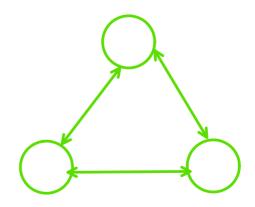
Spark Core - RDD - Using RDDs we can analyse all types of data

Spark SQL - Dataframes - Structured/ Semi Structured Data

Spark Streaming - Dstreams - Analyse Real Time Streaming Data

Spark ML Lib - Pipelines - spark.ml (Dataframes) and spark.mllib(RDD)

Graphx - Graphical Data



Spark R - Leverage R language, can use Spark R

Spark Core - RDD as core abstraction Structured, SemiStructured

Quasistructured, Unstructured

Spark SQL - Structutred , Semi Structured

Spark Streaming - Real Time Application

MLLib - Machine Learning Problem Statement Graphx - Analyse Graphical data

Spark R - R analytical Processing

Spark Core - RDD - Resilient Distributed Datasets
Structured, Semi Structured, Quasi, Unstructured

Spark SQL - Replacement for Hive Structured , Semi Structed

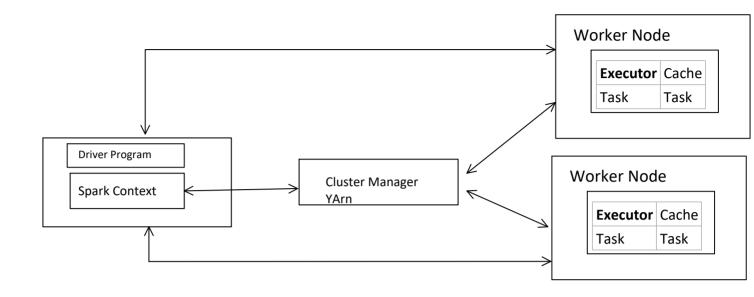
Machine Learning Problem Statements

Graphx = Analyse Graphical Data

Person - Visit an App - Id1
Website - Id2
In Store - Physical - Id3
Campaign - Id4

Spark R - Leverage the Power of R Language

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I have a locked Door I want to open it I need a Key

Key Maker

Spark is Closed Door Spark Context is the key Driver Program Creates the Spark Context

Deployment Mode

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Client Mode - Spark-shell Cluster Mode -

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